







THE SOCIETY

OF THE

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

REPORT

OF THE



HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

JUNE 8, 1881.

NEW YORK:

MACGOWAN & SLIPPER, PRINTERS, 30 BEEKMAN STREET.

1881.



Society of the Army of the Potomać.

OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT.

BREVET MAJOR-GENERAL CHARLES DEVENS, JR.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps.—Col. GEORGE W. HOOKER, U.S. V.

Second Corps.—Gen. W. G. MITCHELL, U. S. V.

Third Corps.—Chaplain, Rev. JOSEPH H. TWICHELL, U. S. V.

Fourth Corps.—Lieut -Col. CHARLES C. SUYDAM, U. S. V.

Fifth Corps.—Brevet Brig.-Gen. JOHN J. MILHAU, U. S. A.

Sixth Corps.—Colonel JAMES H. PLATT, U. S. V.

Ninth Corps.—Brevet Brig.-Gen. F. W. SWIFT, U. S. V.

Eleventh Corps.—Brevet Maj.-Gen. A. B UNDERWOOD, U. S. V.

Twelfth Corps.—Col. WARREN W. PACKER, U.S V.

Nineteenth Corps.—Maj.-Gen. GODFREY WEITZEL, U. S A.

General Staff.—Brevet Brig.-Gen. D. D. WILEY, U.S. V.

Cavalry Corps.—Brevet Maj.-Gen. JOHN B. McIntosh, U. S. A.

Artillery Corps.—Brevet Brig. Gen. CHARLES H. TOMPKINS, U.S.A. Signal Corps.—Captain H. W. HOWGATE, U. S. A.

TREASURER.

Brevet Maj.-Gen. M. T. McMahon, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Brevet Col. HORATIO C. KING, 115 Broadway, New York.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

Brevet Maj.-Gen. GEORGE H. SHARPE, Kingston, New York.



THE SOCIETY

OF THE

Army of the Potomac.

TWELFTH ANNUAL RE-UNION.

THE Twelfth Annual Re-Union of the Society of the Army of the Potomac was held at Hartford, Connecticut, on the 8th of June, 1881.

The State, through its Legislature, extended a cordial welcome, and tendered the use of the State Capitol for the meetings of the Society and the several Army Corps. The following committee on the part of the Legislature was appointed:

From the Senate: Hons. J. W. Alsop and John J. Hills.

From the Assembly: Hons. M. S. Chapman, J. H. Sprague, W. W. Birge, and S. H. Seward.

The general arrangements were made by committees from the Army and Navy Club of Connecticut, the Hartford Club, and prominent citizens, as follows:

Committee on Finance: Army and Navy Club of Connecticut—William H. Bulkeley, Frank W. Cheney, William E. Barrows, William B. Franklin, George P. Bissell, C. A. Jewell, H. C. Dwight; Citizens—John R. Hills, George S. Gilman, Charles M. Joslyn, E. S. Cleveland, A. E. Burr, James G. Batterson, S. A. Hubbard.

Committee on Reception: Gen. W. B. Franklin, Gen. J. R. Hawley, Gen. Theo. G. Ellis, Gen. L. A. Dickinson, Col. Frank W. Cheney, Maj. H. L. Pasco, Capt J. C. Kinney, Dr. N. Mayer, Hon. R. D. Hubbard, Hon. H. C. Robinson. Hon. Marshall Jewell, Hon. John R. Buck, Sam'l L. Clemens, Ebenezer Roberts, A. C. Dunham, Edgar T. Welles, and Francis B. Cooley.

Committee on Transportation: William B. Franklin, Walter Pearse, John B. Clapp, A. B. Gillett, John F. Jones, J. T. McManus, H. C. Robinson, Charles M. Pond, Lent B. Merriam, Charles S-Davidson, William H. Greene, J. C. Rawn, Levi Woodhouse.

Committee on Decoration and Parade: Col. W. E. Cone, Capt. John K. Williams, Capt. Wm. Berry, Capt. John S. Ives, E. J. Smith, E. S. Yergarn, Col. L. A. Barbour, Chas R. Hart, J. G. Rathbun, Wm. H. Post, E. C. Frisbie, S. R. McNary, W. H. Burr.

Committee on Invitations: Gen. Wm. B. Franklin, Gen. L. A. Dickinson, Capt. J. C. Kinney.

Committee on Music: Capt. A. H. Embler, Col. Chas. A. Jewell, H. R. Morley.

Committee on Printing and Badges: Ira E. Forbes, H. P. Goddard, Jessie H. Lord.

Committee on Carriages: D. W. C. Skelton, J. C. Kinney.

The Headquarters of the Society were at the Allyn House.

After the review of the First Connecticut Regiment (Col. L. A. Barbour, commanding,) by General Sherman, the several organizations formed upon the Capitol grounds, south of the building, and marched to Washington street, where the line was formed, amid the roaring of cannon firing a national salute of thirty-eight guns. In the lead was a platoon of police, and next Colt's Band, red uniformed, headed the First Regiment C. N. G., which appeared with nine companies, and had, officers and men, about four hundred and seventy-five in line. Weed's Band of twenty-two pieces led the Governor's Foot Guard, one hundred and six strong.

Next came Doring's Band, of Troy, New York, furnishing music for the famous Tibbits Corps, seventy men. An excellent fife and drum corps, thirty strong, was that of Post 2, G. A. R., of Philadelphia, which accompanied the Post. In the lead was the "firing party" of twenty-three men in white, gold laced coats, blue pantaloons, and bearskins, and carrying rifles. The Color Guard bore thirteen tattered banners which had been through the war with Pennsylvania regiments. The Post showed a total of one hundred and seventy-eight men in line.

Allen's Drum Corps led Nathaniel Lyon Post, G. A. R., of Hartford, sixty-four men, escorting E. K. Wilcox Post, G. A. R., of Springfield, seventy-five men. This Post, too, had a "firing party" who paraded with their rifles, in the muzzles of which were small

bouquets. Major Henry C. Dwight came next with his independent battalion of over one hundred veterans, who were not members of any organization in line, but who desired to join in the occasion. Many wore their corps or Flag Day badges. The Meade Drum Corps headed them.

The Second Division, commanded by Major J. Hart Butler, had in the van the Army and Navy Club, who paraded about one hundred, and who acted as special escort of the Society of the Army of the Potomac. The latter had about four hundred men in line, some of the corps parading separately, and others mingling with other corps. General Wright, President of the Society, was at the head of the body, arm in arm with General Franklin. Those two gentlemen, together with General Chamberlain, General Pinto, General Burnside, Colonel Murphy, and Lieutenant-Colonel Angel, were veterans not only of the war of the rebellion, but of the Mexican war. The Society was frequently cheered as it passed along.

The Third Division was headed by Cheney's Band of twenty pieces, leading the Governor's Horse Guard, who turned out fifty-eight officers and men. The rear of the procession was brought up by carriages, in which were prominent invited guests, several members of the Army of the Potomac, and others.

The sidewalks along the line of march were crowded with spectators, and cheering was frequent and enthusiastic. The route was down Park to Main and thence to Robert's Opera House, where the members of the Army of the Potomac filed into the building, their escort showing the usual military courtesies.

The Opera House was decorated with flags and streamers in festoons draped about the stage, boxes, and gallery, looped at intervals with shields bearing the symbols of the several corps. The stage represented a camp scene with tents and stacks of arms. A number of small trees gracefully grouped added to the general effect. At each corner of the stage a Gatling gun pointed over the heads of the audience.

As each distinguished guest reached the platform and took his seat he was greeted with applause. When General SHERMAN ascended the stage the cheers were loud and long, and the band struck up "Marching through Georgia," the Society joining in the chorus.

The battle flags borne by Post 2 were loudly cheered when the standard bearers took position on the stage.

On the platform were Governor BIGELOW, of Connecticut, Governor LITTLEFIELD, of Rhode Island, Governor Plaisted, of Maine, General Sherman, Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, General Charles Devens Gen. Burnside, Gen. Slocum, Gen. Jno. C.

ROBINSON, Gen. ALEX. S. WEBB, Gen. HAWLEY, Gen. FRANKLIN, Governor Jewell, Lieut. Gov. Bulkeley; the President of the Society, General Horatio G. Wright; Mr. Daniel Dougherty, Col. Sam'l B. Sumner, Mayor Bulkeley, of Hartford, Hon. H. C. ROBINSON, Hon. JOHN R. BUCK, and other distinguished citizens.

Colt's Band and Weed's Band played alternately during the

exercises, in admirable style.

Major General Horatio G. Wright, President of the Society, called the meeting to order, and requested the Rev. M. B. RIDDLE, D.D., to open the proceedings with prayer.

PRAYER.

O Lord God Almighty, our Father and our God, faithful in all Thy ways, Lord God of Hosts, to whom alone the decree belongs, to Thee we give thanks this day as we gather here to remember all Thy mercies to us in the past; Thy loving kindness to our land; Thy providential faithfulness to us as individuals; Thy exceeding kindness to this people whom Thou hast chosen for Thyself to work out for Thee great problems of Thy everlasting truth.

We ask Thee that this gathering may not be without a present profit to us, in making us, as we recall the past, better fitted to maintain the present, and to leave to our children a brighter, better legacy in the record of what has been done by Thy

hand through the people that Thou hast raised up for Thyself.

O Lord God, pardon all our iniquities as a people; strengthen us for every good work; make us mighty to bring about the time when all shall acknowledge but one King, and that King our Lord Jesus Christ.

And to Him with Thee, O Father, and the Holy Ghost, be all the praise, world

without end. Amen.

After music by the band, the President said:

Gentlemen: I will only detain you long enough to say how glad I am to see you again, and so many of you, assembled at our twelfth annual reunion.

I now introduce to you His Honor Mayor Bulkeley, of Hartford, who desires to extend a welcome to you on behalf of this city. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF WELCOME BY HIS HONOR MAYOR BULKELEY, OF HARTFORD.

VETERANS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC: I desire to thank you, on behalf of the City of Hartford, for the honor you have conferred upon us in selecting this city as the place for holding the twelfth annual reunion of your Society. The lapse of time has not effaced from our memories the scenes of twenty years and more ago, when you as citizen soldiers with patriotic devotion marched to the front to maintain the life of the nation. We have not forgotten the four long and eventful years that followed, with their trials, sufferings and defeats, nor the hours of victory. I need not recount to you to-day the services which you rendered to the nation and to the world. Your gallant deeds are written in history, and no words of mine can add to the glory which you have won for yourselves. It but remains for me to extend to you, on behalf of the city authorities and my fellow citizens, a hearty and cordial welcome, and that is yours, for you deserve it well [Applause.]

General Wright responded as follows:

RESPONSE BY GENERAL WRIGHT.

It is quite fit for me to respond on this occasion to this welcome, for I am a native of the State of Connecticut [applause], and I was one of its most loving citizens. I am sure I only give the sentiment of all of you when I extend our thanks for this welcome to the citizens of Hartford who are assembled here to-day, not forgetting the ladies—God bless them! [Applause.]

After music, the President said:

GENTLEMEN: The exercise next in order is the Poem. I have the pleasure of introducing to you Colonel Samuel B. Sumner, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, the Poet of the Day.

Colonel Sumner was greeted with hearty applause, and read with excellent effect the following Poem:

POEM.

By COL. SAMUEL B. SUMNER.

FROM the conflicts of the nine kings, in the chronicles of Eld, Mighty men of war, the vanguard in the onward march have held, To arbitrament of battle, through all human woe or weal, Was, and is, and must be ever, the supremest, last appeal.

Read the histories of nations, from remotest age afar; You shall firstly note achievements of the mighty men of war. Supplemental to the deed, begins the province of the pen, And the roses of vernaculars enwreathe their bravest men.

Grim presager of each epoch, war beseemeth to have stood, And the genius of each new-born state hath been baptized in blood; And Jehovah, once in time, to urge the pregnant warfare on, Bade the very sun stand still above the heights of Ajalon!

Song awakes a grander chiming, where the martial lust indwells, And pulsating Earth responds to the vibration of its bells; And Romance, from all her groves, infoliates the warrior's crown, And the epaulette wins favor, unvouchsafed to wig or gown.

And the sweetest smiles of woman on the hero's figure rest, And nebility is nobler, for its orders on his breast; And the limner lends the canvas hues he hopes shall never dim, And the sculptor seeks to share renown, immortalizing him.

And above the warrior dead, the pansies bloom, as we have seen,
And the grasses take close order, and present a brighter sheen;
Silent sentries, with their countless little lances, guarding well
Best and bravest hearts thereunder, men who thought, and fought, and fell!

Tell me why—may I not tell you?—why these strange and subtle charms? Most ennobling of professions, all in all, is that of arms; And in him who with the plumed troop wou'd hold or lead the van, Must convene the manly elements that sometimes mix in man.

And it hardly recks what cause espoused—or winning, losing side— For he surely must have deemed it just, wherefor he would have died. His essential manhood makes the fact, it most concerns to know, And it claims his recognition, were he comrade or a foe. To inclasp his hand who sped the shot, accosting you that day, You would go for miles, on foot, alone, I here assume to say. Both are separate, unconscious, and betwixt you, the Unknown, And the Revelation bides beside the everlasting Throne!

Oh, the age of Knighthood is not past, as tale that hath been told. And the world is older now, than in the days we miscall old; And we live in older times, than olden times of which we read, And arenas keep expanding for the coming thought and deed.

And, as rolls throughout the awful space, the universe of stars, Shall be heard reverberations of the older, better wars; And the older captains shall engage in conflicts more sublime, Who are waiting evolution from the mystic womb of Time.

In our day and generation—as for us—may not we say, We have mixed in grander warfare than the nations passed away? And with purposes more lofty, triumphs mightier have won, Than emblazed the mail of Cæsar, or the sword of Wellington!

Comrades then !—for such I hail ye, though the warclouds burst o'er me, Where majestic Mississippi gives surrender to the sea—On occasion so distinguished, I would fain embrace the time, One more tribute to your honor, to be seech in grateful rhyme.

But, as Mississippi gathers the great rivers of the North, And, as with maternal pride, upon her bosom bears them forth, And at last deploys on Ocean, which is Ocean, all the same— So the song is vain presumption, that would magnify your fame.

More than all the tributaries which that mighty torrent holds, Are the names of all your battles, on your banners' tattered folds; Past compute, as undulations over Mississippi's bed, Are the numbers of your heroes—of your living, and your dead!

It should seem most unbefitting of all songs were ever sung, To attempt as mere statistics—or as beads that might be strung On sweet rosary of vestal—reckoned over, one by one— All the forces ye encountered—all the trophies ye have won!

By and by, when time is older—in unwritten epics yet,
May be woven certain legends, which the world would not forget.
Old Mythology may then install, in temples yet unreared,
Statues like the prehistoric, to posterities endeared.

Children's children of our own, and from republics o'er the sea, Shall tread ground, bedestined classic, from Atlantic to the sea—By the James, and the Potomac, and o'er Lookout Heights afar, And where Appomattox hailed the close of internecine war.

So, it is not self-laudation that convenes ye here to-day— Let futurity adjudge ye, and acknowledge, or gainsay; But 'tis rather, to retouch the sacred pictures of the past, And fraternal ties to strengthen, which shall last while life shall last.

Reminiscence is that very part of life which grows most dear, As the locks invite the frosts of age, and year succumbs to year; And the man would shame his kind, who would begrudge the fleeting hours We would beg from time to resurrect these memories of ours.

Can we all forget the march, the voyage, the scorched, the frozen field, And the bivouac, when jewelled heaven new scenes and thoughts revealed, As we lay outstretched, up-gazing at the grandly frescoed dome, And foreboded the impending morn, and once more dreamed of home?

Can we all forget the prison life, the hospitals, the graves, Where the hurried, unpretentious rites consigned our fallen braves? Or the fierce alarm, the sudden wrath, the clangor, and the jar, As the very air was seething with the thunderbolts of war?

Must we e'en forget the very glees that mingled with the gloom, And the parenthetic gladness unto which distress gave room, As we watched the camp-fire, improvised on some new-captured ground, And the anecdote and jest and pipe and "quinine" passed around?

May we all forget the bills on sutler's ledger haply yet, Which we feared he would remember, and we hoped he would forget? May we not recall the mornings, when the foe were threatening harm, And the trouble chiefly bruited was, "The coffee isn't warm?"

Must we all forget the foraging the boys were prone to do,
As, with problematic rations, they were marching "Dixie" through;
And the dulcet screech of chanticleer, and soothsome squeal of swine,
As occurred the grateful halt, or brief diversion from the line?

Must we all forget those "lazy" days, in unaccustomed clime, When the only foe encountered, to be then subdued, was time; When the guard, the drill, and dress parade comprised the most to do, And alike unwelcome tocsin, seemed Reveille and Tattoo?

Must we all forget the dialogues betwirt the "Yank" and "Johnnie," As for just the nonce, on picket line, each hailed in each a crony, And exchanged their repartee and scanty portions with each other, And illustrated "A man's a man for a' that," and a brother?

Must we all forget the seeming dream, so strangely realized, Of the characters and scenes we thought in fable were disguised; Of exploits we early read about, and never thought to share, Till tremendous need invoked, and fact supplanted fiction there? Must we all forget the lessons, which the schools can never teach, And the seers can never prophesy, and preachers cannot preach; And the priestesses from all their stately tripods cannot yield, Which we gathered from the oracles which haunt the tented field?

Oh, the very friends who here attend, express in words unsaid:
"Ye must clasp the hand while living; ye must keep alive your dead;
Nay, anticipate, and dwell upon, the greetings ye have earned,
Till survivor of your host in cherished tomb shall be inurned."

So let each one, in no formal words, as we are called to say—With his fellows, change remembrance of his most illustrious day. And again, for all the dangers, griefs, and joys he came to share, Bind the ties of such a brotherhood as is not found elsewhere.

And now, Soldiers! is it not your right—most noble after all— Unto those who strayed, but are returned, to sound the best recall; Underneath one flag, to all the doubting, hoping world to prove That the banner that waves over us, is now, and shall be "Love!"

"O my children!" saith Columbia, "come here and find your rest;
A maternal fondness bids ye all repose upon this breast;
Underneath the old ancestral roof, around one family board,
Be thanksgiving and sweet cheer dispensed, and sweet libations poured!"

So, from war, and sad distractions, let us hope for long release.—
Oh, how beauteous on the mountains are His feet who bringeth Peace!
Peace which passeth understanding, in our hearts and minds be then,
And the blessing of the Lord of Hosts enshield us all!—Amen!

The Poem was frequently interrupted by applause, and at its close the Poet was greeted with a hearty ovation.

THE SOUTH END GLEE CLUB, composed of E. J. Lloyd, Leader; E. C. Sloane, First Tenor; J. Hawkins, Barytone; A. H. Waite, Second Tenor; Chas. E. Secor, Second Tenor; F. E. Bill, Basso; A. S. Roe, Jr., Accompanist—which had generously volunteered its services, sang "Let the Hills and Vales Resound," and in response to an encore sang "Brave Battery Boys."

THE PRESIDENT:

GENTLEMEN: The next exercise in order is the Oration. I beg to present to you the Orator of the Day, DANIEL DOUGHERTY, Esq. of Philadelphia.

ORATION.

By Daniel Dougherty, Esq.

I AM exalted, yet abashed—exalted that in this day's proceedings I am associated with this historic Society; abashed at my unworthiness to stand in such a presence. In former years you selected your speaker from those who fought with you in the war, or from citizens eminent in civil life. So undeserving am I of this distinction that I was prone at once to decline, but all thoughts of self were forgotten in obedience to an invitation that had for me the authority of a command.

I cannot call you comrades, and recount the battles, sieges, and dangers you have passed, nor with mingled joy and sadness depict bygone incidents of the camp and watch-fire, when the merry laugh went round—alas! perhaps on the morrow the merriest was laid low. I cannot group the daring deeds of dying soldiers, that recall and then eclipse the storied heroes of Greece and Rome, nor tell how some regiment or brigade wrested victory when the day seemed lost; nor eulogize the unknown or illustrious dead, who hallow the earth wherever their ashes may repose. No! these and kindred themes belong alone to those who shared with you the privations and the perils, the defeats and disasters, the triumphs and the glory of the ever-to-be-revered Army of the Potomac. At best I could but tell in feeble words the feverish anxiety, the terrible suspense the awful dread, the agony, the tears, the prayers, inspiring hope, unbounded joy, exultant shouts, that alternately followed the varying fortunes of the cause for which you fought, and which was finally and for ever won by your never-failing fortitude and valor.

I speak the sentiments of the living and foretell the judgment of posterity, in declaring that your services to the Republic will be the theme of song and story—will be transmitted to remote ages, and never forgotten, as long as the waters of the Potomac wind their way to the sea—as long as the mountains of the Blue Ridge lift their peaks to heaven.

I salute you—Veterans of the War! Soldiers who conquered rebellion! Deliverers of your Country! Preservers of the Union! Promoters of a still higher destiny for the Republic! Instruments of Divine Providence to lift up the people of every clime, that in the end free institutions may go hand in hand with civilization in the circuit of the earth.

Yet I must speak of the past. It is impossible in your presence to forget it. Its history is written in patriot blood. The past has made our present, and is moulding our future. Beyond this, now that peace and fraternity are with us once again, it is fitting and right, useful and salutary—ay! it is just to the dead—to the living and the dead—that with no thought to wound, far from the wish to revive unhappy memories, at proper times and places, we should recur to the sorrowful past, and ponder on its tremendous events, that we may show we are not insensible to the inestimable blessings we enjoy, and are grateful to God that our country escaped an appalling peril.

Let us not seek for the causes that through forty years brought on those direful days; yet now that we can calmly reason on what once set our hearts on fire, let us admit there were faults, irritations, and honest opinions on both sides. No ignoble thought, no base or sordid motive influenced either. The unhappy dissensions grew from differences in location, training, and association.

The North had been for nigh a hundred years rid of slavery. The South inherited the evil. It was to them as earth air, and water; in it were invested four thousand millions of dollars! In the South the people were taught to love first the State, and then the Union. In the North we revered the Union above all price! The South construed the Constitution to reserve the right of secession; with us secession was disunion. The North regarded slavery as repugnant to the Republic, and sought to restrain it within certain confines. The South believed slavery was protected by the Constitution, and demanded, if not spread, it should be at least perpetuated. These differences, widening with discussion, embittered by aggressive acts on both sides, until at last the South planned a pretext, and then struck the first blow.

Eleven States, with a vast territory embracing one thousand millions of square miles, with a population four times greater than the United States at the close of the Revolution, tore themselves from the government of their fathers, and erected a rival Republic—"The Confederate States of America"—elected a President and Congress, called citizens to arms, seized forts, arsenals, and na-

tional property, resisted the collection of customs, and compelled the surrender of national troops. From the Patapsco to the Gulf was one angry sea of warlike preparation. No difference of opinion was tolerated. The Unionist was silenced, shunned, or worse-Officers reared in the national service, returning home on leave, whirled into the vortex, and in frenzy drew swords against their country. Soldiers long disciplined for the crisis, rushed to the field, staking their all on Secession and Disunion. Fortune favored their first efforts. Flushed with success at Manassas, confident of recognition by the Powers of Europe, they were sanguine of seizing Washington, and dictating terms of recognition to the suppliant

How was it with the North?

North, even in the Capitol.

16

The outburst of patriotic enthusiasm that followed the fall of Sumter had subsided, and dismayed by the disaster of July 21, 1861, we realized that war, fratricidal war, terrible and prolonged, was raging. Grave fears filled loval hearts. The North had not, before '61, seriously thought that war would be waged, countryman against countryman. Party spirit ran high and divided our people. Sympathy with the South existed in every community, and showed itself in resolutions in political conventions and legislative bodies. Even those devoted to the Union differed. Some were willing to make every concession to preserve peace. "Peace," cried they, "at any price!" Others were for dividing the national territory, with the right of slavery to exist in one half, that freedom might be preserved in the other. Not a few were for a convention of States, with projects chimerical. Thousands were opposed to coercion, and all were reluctant, even while war was raging, to avow the abolition of slavery; to crush the head of the serpent bent on the destruction of our political Paradise. Among the most warlike were mean, grovelling, and mercenary wretches, eager to grow rich upon ill-gotten gains filched from the government and its defenders. The crowned heads that had seemed our friends gloated over our misfortunes, and their leading statesmen and ruling classes chuckled to see our Union rent in twain-warring masses falling into fragments.

Let us pause, Americans, to contemplate the horror, thick and fast, that would have beset our poor country in all its parts—the people everywhere—humanity, if the Confederacy had become an established fact; if the invasion of the North had been successful; if our armies had been defeated, had surrendered, or been destroyed; and all these direful results hung trembling on the fate of

Gettysburg. The leaders of the rebellion prophesied that States of the North would have seceded and joined fortunes with them; if such had been so, it would have inevitably worked the destruction of such States. Our mines might have been fired, our fields laid waste, our cities sacked, billions exacted as the price of rescuing our North land; recognition might have been extorted, but permanent peace would have fled for ever. To have lived with the South in peace, at the price of recognition, would have required an eruption of nature, or a miracle from heaven. Where were the boundaries between the hate envenomed rivals? From ocean to ocean there would have been opposing ranks of glistening bayonets, a wall of fire and blood. Then, indeed, might be prophesied:

"Tumultuous wars
Shall kin with kin, and kind with kind, confound.
Disorder, horror, fear, and mutiny
Shall here inhabit, and this land be call'd
The field of Golgotha and dead men's skulls."

How would have fared the millions where kings and emperors reign? The people of Europe, who by the force of our example had thrived in the wake of representative government, would have fallen back into their former plight, and free institutions be known no more. Be it remembered that *real* representative government dates from the American Revolution.

It was in the darkest hour, when man's rights were almost in their death-throes, that the masses rose in their might and vowed, under God, that liberty should not perish from the earth. One absorbing thought filled every mind, and throbbed at every heart. All differences were forgotten. The nineteenth century saw a heroic age. The selfish purposes of a materialistic people changed as by magic into a race breathing holiest aspirations. Wealth offered treasures, and poverty its mite. Immense sums were subscribed to the national funds. Religion called her worshippers each day to prayers, and unfurled the flag upon her temples. From every house-top streamed the Union colors. The battle-field and hospital saw fair women binding wounds, solacing weary hours and praying with the dying. Our armies must be further re-enforced. Washington must be protected and Richmond fall.

More than a million sprang from their vocations and donned the blue. The dearest ties were severed; the choicest blessings sacrificed. Men bade adieux to homes, wives, and children, to affianced brides and widowed mothers. Americans in foreign lands returned and enlisted in the ranks. Rich and poor marched shoulder to shoulder. Bright boys left school or college, and without one more sight of home to say "good by" seized muskets and hurried to the front. They knew they were to risk health and encounter death; unhoused, to be exposed to scorching heat and bitter cold; endure fearful marches; famished, to fall by the way-side; likely to die, without one "God bless you;" their bodies to lie in uncoffined graves, yet all! all! were welcomed so that the Union of our fathers might be preserved. These sentiments pervaded every community. Town, village, and every home sent forth her sons, and lo! confronting rebellion on Southern soil stood the grandest armies ever marshalled in the holy cause of liberty and country.

It seems like the awakening from a dream, too horrible for reality, that in this Christian land, this seat of peace, vast armies, darkening the land with their numbers, should, with their mortal engines, war with each other, the one to destroy, the other to preserve a government that never, knowingly, wronged a mortal. These opposing armies, made up of men born on the same soil, of the same blood and lineage, speaking the same language, taught at the same schools, kneeling at the same altars, proud of the same memories, that had fought side by side in a foreign war, linked together by a myriad of indissoluble ties, should mutilate, kill each other, brother against brother! Oh! the horrors of night upon such a battle-field, or in the hospital. Oh! the agonies of the missing wounded, the uncared for dying. The awful past it is impossible to recall, but, O God! in Thine infinite mercy, spare, oh! spare, our country for evermore from fratricidal strife!

It is not my province to speak of other great armies—of the Army of Tennessee, the Army of the Cumberland, the Army of the Ohio—of their wondrous exploits and battles crowned with victories.

And what can I, a laggard at home, say to you, the survivors of the parent army—the Army of the Potomac—the noblest legions of the brave and true—that fixed the gaze of mankind, and on whose success our dearest hopes were centred? My tongue falters at the thought. History is already writing its annals high on the scroll of Fame, and some genius of the future will embalm its deeds in heroic verse, to be read like Homer's Iliad. Its soldiers, trained in the arts of peace, from raw recruits were disciplined to veterans. Not conscripts, but volunteers, longing for reconciliation, yet re-

solved to conquer. Hating rebellion, yet free from personal enmity, for the far out pickets joked and bartered with the rebel pickets a few paces beyond: Federal officers meeting Confederates under a flag of truce, exchanged civilities, inquired for mutual friends, indulged in reminiscences of West Point days, then mounting, saluted each other and again were foes. While stay-at-homes made fortunes, our rank and file fought for thirteen dollars a month. Reared to every comfort, they became inured to every privation. Victims of swamp and typhus fevers; baffled time and again by the flood; battling at every disadvantage with the flower of the enemy, on a strange soil, with a hostile population; long denied a victory; matured plans jeopardized; fighting all day, marching all night; advancing until they saw the spires of Richmond, then back again within sight of the white dome of Washington; never elated with success, never depressed with defeat; disaster following disaster, they were buoyant to the close.

Smiling through tears, they parted with their beloved Chief—one brave Commander gave place to another, yet gaily they transferred their fealty. Marching to certain death up Maryes' Heights on those awful days at Fredericksburg; falling by thousands at Chancellorsville; the waves of war sweeping towards their homes, spreading devastation, worse than the track of a tornado—they again gave battle to the exultant invader at Gettysburg, and on that renowned and thrice sacred field, for three long days, they fought and won the victory that turned the tide of war and saved the North from desolation. Back again they followed the unyielding foe, drenching the Wilderness with gore; for still another year they bleed, until Richmond falls; the Army of Northern Virginia, overwhelmed with numbers and supplies exhausted, capitulates; the Confederacy was crushed, and the Union preserved.

In a few months, all that was left of mighty opposing forces, victor and vanquished, officers and privates, returned to their homes, doffed their uniforms, furled their battle-flags, and passed from the reality to the realms of history.

Vulcan, the swarthy god, with ponderous axe, hurled a blow, full at the brow of Jove. From the cleft brain of the King of Gods leapt forth Minerva. So from the civil war rises our Republic, nobler far, and mightier, than before.

Pen or tongue never had grander theme than the new-born glories that have sprung from the ashes of the great rebellion. They are the romance of reality—the dullest vision beholds them, the profoundest intellect cannot fathom them. Slavery is no more.

At the stroke of a pen, shackles fell from off four million slaves, and by votes of States, South and North, every acre is dedicated to freedom! Secession surrendered with the sword of Lee! Sectional hate, unknown in other lands, that had glared in the eyes of fellow countrymen, that in the Capitol had brandished weapons, struck blows, dared to mortal combat, and fanned the flame of war, ended with the last shot fired, and fraternity began when, amid tears of joy and tears of sorrow, the soldiers of the Union shared their rations with the hungry soldiers of the vanquished Confederacy! The martial qualities of the contending hosts, the genius for war displayed by the great Generals on both sides, have struck the world with wonder and made our name invincible.

To-day, with scarce a soldier in the field, at the trumpet call of country, two millions, and two millions more, would arm!

"No more the thirsty entrance of this soil
Shall daub her lips with her own children's blood.
No more shall drenching war channel her fields,
Nor bruise her flowerets with the armed hoofs
Of hostile paces—those opposed eyes,
Which, like the meteors of a troubled heaven,
All of one nature, of one substance bred,
Did lately meet in the intestine shock
And furious close of civil butchery,
Shall now, in mutual well beseeming ranks,
March all one way, and be no more opposed
Against acquaintance, kindred, and allies."

Senators and Representatives of thirty-eight States legislate for the common good, and peace smiles to the remotest verge. Population from thirty, has increased to fifty, and ere the century fade we will be nearing one hundred millions. Proud of the general appellation, "The People," scorning all marks save those of merit, pursue their happiness, welded together not by a kingly crown nor royal family, but by a written Constitution, a common country, and a sacred flag—an Empire of Liberty bounded by oceans, carved into Commonwealths, with subordinate Constitutions, sovereign in their spheres, where home rule reigns against the insidious encroachment of centralized power.

The traits ingrained in the American character, that had pushed us forward in the race of Empire, yet had their grandest development in the recent conflict, and prolonged the mighty struggle, now are turning their forces into peaceful channels, and working wonders that pale all our past. Misfortune and calamity

cannot check our onward career; snatching even from fate trophies precious to humanity-devastating flames may level with the ground the palaces and storehouses of Chicago and Boston, vet scarce has the smoke ceased to curl from crumbling walls, than these cities rise again resplendent from the ruins; pestilence may decimate Memphis and New Orleans, instantly large sums are raised, and hundreds rush to nurse, to succor, and to save. The North, rolling in affluence, reaping richest harvests, is pouring treasure into every artery of industry, trade, commerce, and communication, developing marvellous resources, building cities, opening new regions to civilization, crossing and interlacing the continent with railroads, tapping the trade of the far East, and bringing to our Atlantic shores, by way of the drooping West, the treasures of the Orient. Fortunes are made, fabulous as that of Monte Cristo; steady work and high wages reward our toiling yet educated masses. Institutions as varied as the wants of humanity are open-doored, and prosperity and good will everywhere prevail.

The South, unfettered from slavery, springs with a jocund bound erect!—heart throbbing, face radiant, and her whole frame aglow with new-born life of reclaimed and exultant liberty. The mist is rising from the South land; the grandeur of her scenery, her marvels of nature, are only now beginning to be known. As we draw near her people the frown has gone, and we are friends again. They grieve not at individual losses, but rejoice in the general weal. They realize why they lost, and henceforth are self-reliant; capital and labor are welcomed to a genial climate and a fruitful soil. The steel track on its way to the Pacific is penetrating primeval forests, and the locomotive is starting echoes silent since creation. Furnaces and forges are brightening the night sky, recently lurid with burning homes and villages. Behold Atlanta, like the fabled isle from which her name is taken, though sinking in a sea of fire, appears again to make the fable a reality!

Factories and workshops are dotting sides of roads and streams; vast beds of mineral wealth are discovered in her mountain ranges. The ravages of war are disappearing even from around Richmond, and Southern cities again are beautiful. Free labor has given richer crops and higher wages than were ever reaped from the sweat of the slave. The last cotton crop alone realized six hundred millions of dollars. The fruits of enterprise and industry are more evenly divided. The patriot heart, indeed, rejoices that the South will henceforth compete in friendly rivalry

with the North in the race of material prosperity and the elevation of our common country.

Emigration is streaming from every hillside of Europe, and rushing, a living torrent, across the Atlantic into the boundless territory that stretches from Puget Sound to the Rio Grande. The bone and muscle of the Old World are bidding adieu to the graves of sires and the thrones of kings, to build for themselves and their posterity new homes, where equal rights shall rule in States unformed, with names as yet unknown.

How stand we with the outer world?

The products of our inventive genius, our manufactures, our machinery, are sent not alone to Europe and South America, but to China, Japan, and other parts of Asia, to Africa, to the Indies and the Oceanic—the great islands forming a continent between the south Pacific and Indian Ocean. Our bread-stuffs supply the markets of Europe. Our cotton goods and cutlery are underselling England in London, Manchester, and Sheffield. Our exports will soon exceed our imports a million a day. There will likely be before the end of this month an excess of gold in our favor of one hundred millions of dollars. The colossal debt, with chivalric generosity more than statesmanlike judgment, is being paid off by the generation that contracted it, and our credit has no limit. The assembled nations, Christian and infidel, tender their congratulations at the permanency of the Republic at the Centennial Exposition, bringing their choicest gifts to purify our tastes, carrying back to the extremes of civilization the knowledge of our productions and resources, and promoting the coming on of the time when arbitration shall take the place of armaments, and war be known no more. The rights of the people are being recognized. Every colony of Great Britain enjoys in peace what our forefathers fought for. Legislative assemblies sit in every state of South America, and in every kingdom of Europe the people have their representatives. Each year the crust of some abuse of centuries falls by the voice of enlightened discussion and popular legislation. France dispenses with a monarch and elects a President, and even the remaining despotisms feel that their thrones are tottering, for Turkey summons a parliament, and Russia talks of a constitution. My prayer is, that the people everywhere may prove themselves worthy of their long lost rights, and, self-controlled by moderation, wisdom, and virtue, remember that all are accountable to God.

These, my countrymen, are the trophies of the war of the rebellion; these are the laurels that are yours; these the only spoils

our soldiers bring from war. Impartial history will record that on the fate of the American Union hung the liberties of the people throughout the world.

Think not. Americans, our country's destiny is secure—that naught can mar the hereafter. In despite of all I have pictured, and I have but touched the inspiring theme, we know enough, if not to fear, at least to guard.

The billow is most beautiful when about to break. It is the ripe fruit that falls! The sun, reaching the zenith, descends. Nations, like men, are mortals. The track of time is strewn with the wrecks of empires. It is not extent of dominion, nor population, invincibility in arms, unbounded wealth, prosperity, and peace, that will give stability to a government or preserve liberty to a people. Ay, these may be the seeds from which may grow our downfall. No martial hosts can conquer us, but there are other foes, more subtle, insidious, and fatal. We have swiftly matured. we have reached pre-eminence, while our history has just rounded a century. We are entering a luxurious age—the age when enervation, subserviency to wealth and power, beget antagonistic classes, and precede corruption, degeneracy, and decay. The stern patriot sees on every side subjects for severest censure. It is not wise to disregard the lessons that earth and the past teach. Truth and justice, obedience to authority, reverence for law, purity of the ballot, enlightened discussion, the punishment of corruptionists, a jealous watchfulness of the encroachment of power, exalted statesmanship, and a firm reliance on God, these are the fortifications that will render our Republic impregnable. With these, she may light with her glory a thousand years. Abandon them, and she will survive but a few generations!

May the Republic, that was saved from dismemberment by the valor, be perpetuated by the virtues of the people!

Mr. Dougherty was frequently interrupted by enthusiastic applause, which continued some minutes at the close.

After the band had played several excellent selections, assisted by the fife and drum corps of Post No. 2, of Philadelphia, the PRESIDENT said:

GENTLEMEN: The exercises of the day are over, but I see something here on the programme about informal addresses by our guests. [Applause.]

In answer to loud cries for "SHERMAN," the General arose and spoke as follows, receiving first a torrent of applause and cheers:

REMARKS OF GENERAL SHERMAN.

COMRADES: Your programme says "several," therefore I am to be followed by several more, and the object of having those "several" is mostly to hear their voices and see the persons so that you may know them the next time. [Applause.]

I have had the pleasure and the honor of meeting with this Society on two or three occasions, and always feel better for hav-

ing been in your presence.

You are not here to boast of your own actions. You claim nothing for yourselves only what you had a perfect right to, the truth of the fact that in 1861 you were started in an hour by the firing on Fort Sumter; that you fell into ranks of regiments, brigades, and divisions, and did not care where you fell, provided you went to success and glory. You cared not where you fell because you could not. Some went to the East, some to the West and the South, but all were moved by one purpose—to win the war and secure liberty on earth to our children and their children forever. [Applause.]

I think your orator, Mr. DOUGHERTY, to-day has conveyed that sentiment to us better than I have—more to the point—although he never, as he admits, heard the bones crush under the wheels of our carriages, or saw the dreadful scenes we have all witnessed. But we speak not of these things now, but we think of them. I know there is not a man in my front who is not a soldier—and I can read a soldier's face as quickly as anybody—and I know you do not boast of it, but you feel that sentiment deeper than any person who has not your claim that you were part and parcel of one of those grand old armies that secured liberty on earth for ever. [Great applause.]

Hon. ROBERT T. LINCOLN, Secretary of War, was next called upon. He arose amid great applause and responded as follows:

REMARKS OF HON. ROBERT T. LINCOLN.

I hope, gentlemen, I may be allowed to call you comrades, for although it is not my privilege to be a member of this Society, yet it was my privilege to see you on the long line which led through Petersburg to Appomattox. I had my little share in the smoke and the flame which encumbered your march, and I saw you when you started back from Appomattox; therefore, I beg to call you comrades. [Applause.]

I have risen here merely to acknowledge your kind greeting. I came here with no intention or expectation of making a speech. It

has never been my privilege to attend a meeting of this Society before, as General SHERMAN has, and therefore I did not know what was expected. It would be a very great pride to me to be entitled to be a member of your Society, but I esteem the honor most highly of having received from this assemblage such a greeting as I have had to-day. [Great applause.]

General A. E. BURNSIDE was next called for, and when the cheers that greeted him had subsided, he spoke as follows:

REMARKS OF GENERAL BURNSIDE.

COMRADES: If I were ever so disposed to speak to-day and were never so well prepared, I should hesitate to mar the impression left by the Orator of the Day and the charming Poem. I cannot sit down, however, without thanking you for the kind greeting you have given me. It always affords me pleasure to meet with army societies. My army associations are the truest that I have left in this world, and they will probably remain so. I always have a feeling when I am in a gathering like this, that the spirits of our comrades who have passed to the happy camping ground are with us; and I feel more inclined to do the duties involved upon me in life, after having thought over the reminiscences of our days together. I thank you, comrades. [Applause and cheers.]

General William B. Franklin, in response to the calls for him, said:

REMARKS OF GENERAL FRANKLIN.

I am very glad to meet you here again to-day after a lapse of two years. Whenever I meet with the Society I am astonished that so many of the original members are still living and present.

There is one peculiarity in these annual meetings which can be seen in no other country but the United States. Here we are, from the Commanding General down—a meeting composed of general officers and privates, Governors and Secretaries; men from the upper ten of America to the lowest; here we are all on an equality, one just as good as another. [Applause.] The fact that this can be seen to-day in the United States, is, in my opinion, very much due to the deeds done by you.

Before I sit down I want to say one word in regard to the city of Hartford. I think the thanks of this Society are due to the citizens of Hartford for the excellent manner in which they have received you here to-day. [Applause.] It is not as a native of

Hartford I say this, but as a member of this Society. When the call has come to receive this Society, it has never been responded to with more cordiality than here. [Applause.]

General Joseph R. Hawley was called for and spoke as follows:

REMARKS OF GENERAL HAWLEY.

GENTLEMEN: I have been heard of as a speaker occasionally during a few years past, but I don't feel like it to-day. I am willing to sing and make a noise, and I want to hear drums, cannon, bells, cheers of old soldiers, if I can, without speaking. Speech isn't loud enough—only one man can join in it. [Applause.]

These are occasions of inestimable value to us, but I don't stop to count the use of a thing that is so gloriously agreeable. I won't try to tell before a polite audience the language of mingled love and affection with which I have heard one old soldier greet another. They God-blessed each other, and then they "cussed" each other, in the old camp style of greeting. [Laughter.] They were pious, both of them. [Renewed laughter.] Why, it's a poem. I don't care what the language was; they were worshipping in friendship, and they loved their God and their country. And every man is stronger for having been here. He loves his country better for having come here to renew the past. Of what inestimable worth is memory!

No soldier claims anything for himself—he doesn't know whether he did anything that could be measured; but he knows that he counted himself in as one of the two millions of the army, and thanks God that he lived in a time when such things were to be done. [Cheers and applause.]

General Daniel E. Sickles was next called upon and spoke from the auditorium as follows:

REMARKS OF GENERAL SICKLES.

I have been reminded, sir, while sitting here to-day, of the pleasure enjoyed by the Chinese beggar who was seen in the streets bowing repeatedly to a princess adorned with many jewels. And she directed her attendants to ask the man why he bowed so often. Well, he said, it was because he was so grateful to her for wearing these beautiful jewels in the street that others might enjoy them. So I have been enjoying a seat here to-day, sir, in front of the platform, that I might better appreciate the Poem and the

Oration—a poem, I think, that will be read with very great pleasure all over the country as soon as it is in print; a poem that seemed to me to unite the strength of prose with the grace of poetry; and an oration from my dear old friend Dougherty, whom I have not heard for long years; an oration like this in which he has united to eloquence and rhetoric the magnetic power of the perfect orator. [Applause.] And I have had another pleasure in being once more so near-nearer than usual-to my comrades and associates of the Society of the Army of the Potomac. Well has it been said by the Orator of the Day that you fought not only for yourselves and your country, but for mankind. It is my custom and my pleasure to spend a good deal of my time in other lands. I am fond of travel, and I thus have an opportunity to observe more nearly than most of you can, the impressions made by our country now upon other countries and other parts of the world. The events of the civil war taught Europe that we knew how to preserve our liberties, and taught the friends of liberty that this Republic enjoys a charmed life: that it could not be broken down, and that all the forces of reaction that had been at work in the world would be unavailing against the example presented by the United States of America to the down-trodden nations of Europe. [Applause.]

But, sir, I had no thought of making a speech, and I shall not be drawn into it. Thus much which I have said is due solely to the inspiration of my friend Dougherty, and the charmed verse of the Poet. Before I resume my seat, however, let me say that I think I only give expression to the universal sentiment of the Society. when I recognize and assure you, sir, and the Mayor of Hartford, who is here, of our appreciation of the reception we have had to-day from the authorities and the people and the soldiers of Connecticut. [Applause.] I have attended several of our meetings, and while all of them have been pleasurable and enjoyable, in many respects, yet I do think that this meeting will be long remembered by the Society as perhaps the most brilliant in all respects that we have to remember; and I shall be forgetful of the gallantry that belongs to the soldiers and the Society if I do not also. in their name, acknowledge the presence of so many graceful and tasteful hands in the decoration of Hartford to-day. [Applause.]

Always when we come together it is in memory of what was done and suffered by the men, and what was done and suffered by the women, in our civil struggle; and it is a pleasure to us to see, as years roll on and as our ranks are thinning, that no matter where we go the hearts of the men of to-day and the women of to-day respond to those deeds and those sufferings of the generation that must now be numbered as one of the past. [Applause.]

28

General Charles Devens was called for, and responded as follows:

REMARKS OF GENERAL DEVENS.

COMRADES: I am much obliged to you for this cordial welcome, and thank you most sincerely for it. The Orator of the Day spoke of himself, I thought, altogether too depreciatingly, and that is all the fault I have to find with the exercises. He called himself "a laggard at home;" but it is to be remembered that all men must do according to their gifts, and it was a remark of one of the old Latinists that while he who does well for his country does nobly, he who speaks well for his country does also most worthily. [Applause.] The voice of my friend was heard at all times encouraging, cheering, and consoling during the long war. It is certainly a most agreeable thing to meet again and speak to each other, face to face, and eye to eye; and even if, as time goes on, the eyes begin to grow dim, and some of us look for a modest eye glass, and others put on a regular pair of spectacles, and even if the lines in the face become deeper and stronger, and even if the voice, at times, begins to quiver a little when we try to put on a "tiger" at the end of three cheers, still we remember always that that is the eye that has looked along the length of the rifle when it sent its death-dealing bullet. [Applause.] We remember that those are the faces that have confronted the iron storm, and still we recollect that time, though it may have power over these, can exercise no power over the brave and loyal hearts of men.

Time was fabled to have an iron tooth, and to bite deep, and so it may make the brightest eye to dim, the strongest back to bend, and the stoutest leg to fail; yet, over true and loyal hearts it is powerless; they are ever the same in youth and age. It is twenty years since this great war broke out, and though twenty years from to-day may find, and must find us fewer in number, as the resistless artillery of time ploughs through our ranks, yet, at the end of that twenty years, I doubt not that the Society of the Army of the Potomac will meet with the same patriotic impulses that animate its survivors to-day, and that animated them when, as young soldiers, they went forth to breast the storm of war, and to offer their lives for their country. [Applause.]

General HENRY W. SLOCUM responded to the calls in the following terms:

REMARKS OF GENERAL SLOCUM.

Comrades: We had two classes of soldiers in the Army of the Potomac—the one that struggled to be dashing, and the other to be discreet. I tried to create a reputation for being discreet, and I think I did to some extent. I don't want to forfeit that reputation, and yet I fear I shall do it, for I know there is not a man in this house that would not pronounce me indiscreet if I attempted to make any extended remarks after the eloquence of our Orator. I rise only to thank you for the welcome tendered me, and to add my voice to the thanks to the people of this city.

It is not necessary for me to extend these remarks, because they have been expressed better than I can express them. I shall refrain for another reason. We have a business meeting yet, and after that a banquet, with numerous speeches, and you may get surfeited. I shall simply thank you for the compliment tendered me. [Great applause.]

Governor Bigelow, of Connecticut, in response to the public demand, said:

REMARKS OF GOVERNOR BIGELOW.

The Mayor of Hartford has extended to you the welcome of this city as the representative of this State. I second that welcome, and hope your reunion may be a joyous one, and be one of many yet to come, and that you may leave this place with many pleasant recollections. [Applause.]

After "Marching Through Georgia," by the Band, three cheers were given for General Sherman, and the audience dispersed to the strains of "America."

BUSINESS MEETING.

President General Horatio G. Wright, in the chair.

The Recording Secretary presented the printed proceedings of 1880, as the minutes of the last meeting, and the same were adopted.

The Treasurer submitted the following report for the fiscal year ending June 6, 1881:

REPORT OF TREASURER, SOCIETY ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 6, 1881.

	Dr.	CB	t.
To Balance as per last report \$9	33 25		
Dues received from members June 14, I880, to June 6, 1881 8	311 25		
Initiation fees of new members 2	210 00		
By Postage for Treasurer and Secretary		\$127	06
Stationery and printing for Treasurer and Secretary		19	75
Clerk hire		90	00
Expenses of Poet and Stenographer at meeting		196	30
Colored silk badges		85	.00
Printing reports of last meeting		463	59
Cost of wine at banquet		293	40
Cost of cigars at banquet		45	00
Sundry disbursements, expressage, telegrams, etc		10	35
Expenses of sub-committee to Hartford		45	90
Hotel expenses for invited guests at Burlington, Vt		52	55
Balance		525	60
\$1.9	054 50	\$1,954	50

On motion the report was adopted.

General McMahon requested that a committee be appointed to audit his accounts.

A motion was made, seconded, and carried, that the auditing of the accounts be left to the Executive Committee, and that they report in writing at the next meeting. Nominations for officers for the ensuing year being next in order, General McQuade, under instruction from the Fifth Corps, nominated General A. A. Humphreys for President.

Colonel PLATT presented the name of General CHARLES

DEVENS.

The President appointed three tellers.

The President appointed Generals WILEY, SHERMAN, and ASPINWALL a committee to report three places from which to select the next place of meeting.

A cordial invitation from the City of Detroit was received and

read.

General SLOCUM invited the Society to go to Brooklyn for

their next meeting.

The tellers reported that a majority of votes had been cast for General CHARLES DEVENS for next President of the Society, and, on motion, the election was made unanimous.

The Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, Recording and Corresponding Secretaries were chosen by unanimous votes. Their names will be found on the first page of this report.

It was voted unanimously that the Constitution of the Society be so amended as to include in the Society the Nineteenth Corps and any other corps which at any time formed part of the Army of the Potomac.

A vote of thanks was unanimously tendered the Orator and the Poet of the Day.

General Franklin, after eulogizing the distinguished services of General John F. Reynolds, deceased, offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

RESOLUTIONS APPROVING AND INVITING SUBSCRIPTIONS TO A FUND FOR AN EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF GENERAL JOHN F. REYNOLDS. ADOPTED BY THE SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Whereas, a generous citizen of Philadelphia, Mr. J. E. Temple, offers to subscribe the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars towards an equestrian statue of General John F. Reynolds,

. Resolved, That the Society of the Army of the Potomac heartily approve the proposed memorial, and recommend it to its members, to all who served under and with REYNOLDS, and especially to his own, the First Corps, as well as to the Third and Eleventh Corps and BUFORD'S Cavalry Division, REYNOLDS'S command when he fell at Gettysburg.

Resolved, That a committee of three, together with the officers of this Society, be appointed to co-operate with similar committees from other organizations, in taking the requisite steps to raise such additional sum as shall be required to complete the amount needed for the proper execution of the proposed memorial.

Resolved, That this Society appeal to the public, as well as to its members and all soldiers, to subscribe to the proposed memorial, that it may suitably record and recall the principal events of Reynolds's long and distinguished military career; his services in the Florida war and the war with Mexico; his gallant leadership of the Division of the Pennsylvania Reserves through the battles on the Pennsula; his heroism in the battles before Washington; his indomitable perseverance in organizing the militia for the campaign in Maryland; his distinguished ability in leading the First Corps at Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville; his skill in handling the three Corps and the Cavalry Division in the campaign that ended in the Battle of Gettysburg; his share in securing that victory, and his heroic death on the battle field at the head of his brave soldiers in the opening hour of the contest.

The President appointed as such committee General W. B. Franklin, Hartford. Ct.; General Horatio G. Wright, Washington, D. C.; General Henry W. Slocum, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DANIEL DOUGHERTY, Esq., and Colonel S. B. SUMNER, the Orator and the Poet of the Day, and Hon. ROBERT T. LINCOLN, Secretary of War, were elected honorary members.

A rising vote of thanks was passed to the citizens of Hart-

ford, and was supplemented by three rousing cheers.

On motion of General MILES, it was voted that a committee of three be appointed to confer with the officers of all other Army organizations with a view to a general re-union at the next World's Fair in this country wherever held. The President appointed as such committee Generals Nelson A. Miles, D. E. Sickles, and Henry W. Slocum.

The committee on selection of place of meeting in 1882 reported Detroit, Mich., Brooklyn, N. Y., and Utica, N. Y.

The tellers appointed to count the vote reported 57 for Detroit, a nearly unanimous vote.

The business meeting then adjourned.

REPORT OF THE FIRST CORPS.

THE members of the First Army Corps met in Room 33, State Capitol, at 10 o'clock A.M. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President: General J. C. Robinson.

Vice-President: General J. WM. HOFMANN.

Secretary and Treasurer: Captain I. N. BURRITT.

Colonel GEO. W. HOOKER was nominated Vice-President of the Army of the Potomac from the First Corps.

Resolutions offered by Captain J. G. ROSENGARTEN, expressing the regret of the Society at the death of the late Colonel CHAPMAN BIDDLE, One Hundred and Twenty-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, were adopted, and a copy directed to be furnished to his family.

Resolutions were also adopted endorsing the movement to erect a monument to the late General John F. Reynolds, Mr. Temple, of Philadelphia, having offered to give \$25,000 for that purpose. General Robinson, Captain Rosengarten, and Colonel Benedict were appointed a Committee to represent the First Army Corps in forwarding the proposed tribute to the memory of its former Commander.

I. N. BURRITT,

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Late Captain Fifty-sixth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers,} \\ & \textit{Secretary} \end{array}$

REPORT OF THE SECOND CORPS.

The annual meeting of the Second Corps Club was convened in Room 33 of the State Capitol, in Hartford, Conn., at 10 o'clock A.M., of June 8, 1881, Colonel George F. Hopper, the President of the Association, in the chair. There was a large number in attendance.

The Compact and Rules of the Club were read and amended by adding a section to the latter, providing for the election of three Vice-Presidents.

The old Corps headquarters flag was brought on by the President from Governor's Island, and a vote of thanks was extended General MITCHELL for its use. It was afterwards borne at the head of the Corps as it marched through the city, and attracted much attention.

Letters expressing their inability to be present were read from Generals Hancock, Humphreys, Couch, and Warren, and by vote were entered in the records in full. (They are omitted in this report)

During the absence of a committee appointed to nominate a list of officers for the ensuing year, General Nelson W. Miles was called upon to address his old comrades, and complied in a few happy remarks.

The following list of officers, reported by the nominating committee, was accepted and unanimously adopted:

President: Major-General Darius N. Couch, Norwalk, Conn. Secretary and Treasurer: John D. Billings, Cambridgeport, Mass.

Vice Presidents: General Nelson W. Miles, U. S. A.; Colonel Nathan Church, Ithaca, N. Y.; Colonel J. Henry Sleeper, Boston, Mass.

Executive Committee: General J. E. Curtis, Canandaigua, N.Y.; General Theodore G. Ellis, Hartford, Conn.; Colonel Geo. F. Hopper, New York; General James N. Beaver, Bellefonte, Pa.; Captain Benj. H. Child, Providence, R. I.

Historian of the Corps: General Francis N. Walker, Washington, D. C.

After some remarks touching the importance of having the history of the Corps begun at an early day, the Secretary was authorized to confer with the historian with a view to assuring that, in case it is impossible for him to accept the position, some one else may be obtained before the next meeting.

The Association was then adjourned to join in the meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac at the Opera House.

John D. Billings,

Secretary.

REPORT OF THE FIFTH CORPS.

MINUTES of the Society of the Fifth Army Corps, at the regular annual meeting, held in the city of Hartford, Conn., June 8, 1881.

Minutes of the last meeting of the Society read and approved.

Report of Treasurer read and adopted.

Brevet Brigadier-General John J. Milhau, U. S. A., was elected Vice-President to represent the Corps in the Society of the Army of the Potomac.

A letter from General F. J. PORTER was read, in which he expressed his grateful thanks for the interest shown by the Society in his behalf.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved: That the Society of the Fifth Army Corps has regarded with surprise and regret the failure of the House of Representatives, in the Forty-sixth Congress assembled, to pass the Senate resolutions and bill in vindication of our first Commander, General Fitz John Porter, and as recommended by the Advisory Board appointed by the President of the United States 'to examine into the facts, and to report what action justice requires should be taken in the case.'

"That the Society earnestly and respectfully asks of the Congress of the United States to take measures to carry into effect the recommendations of the Advisory Board, so as to ensure, at an early date, the full vindication which the army and the country know General Porter's conduct deserves, which conduct the Advisory Board declares 'it is not possible that any court martial could have condemned if it had been correctly understood. On the contrary, that conduct was obedient, subordinate, faithful, and judicious. It saved the Union Army from disaster on the 29th of August, 1862."

It was Resolved: That the foregoing resolution be spread upon the minutes, and a copy sent to the Secretary of the Society of the Army of the Potomac.

The following gentlemen were elected officers of the Society for the ensuing year:

President: Brevet Major-General JAS. McQUADE.

Vice-President: Brevet Major General S. W. CRAWFORD.

Secretary and Treasurer: Brevet Brigadier-General FRED. T. LOCKE

Executive Committee: Brevet Major-General HENRY A. BARNUM; Colonel A. M. CLARKE; Private J. M. Webb.

FRED. T. LOCKE,

Secretary.

REPORT OF THE SIXTH CORPS.

The Society of the Sixth Army Corps held its thirteenth annual reunion in the Assembly Chamber, State Capitol, Wednesday morning, June 8. The meeting had been called at 10 o'clock, but owing to the non-arrival of Post 2, G. A. R., of Philadelphia, to which Post many members of the Society belonged, it was deemed best not to commence business till 11 o'clock. At that hour, General DEVENS, President of the Society, called the meeting to order; at the same time he thanked the Society for the honor in electing him President at the Burlington meeting, at which place he was unable to attend, owing to public business.

He made complimentary allusions to Generals Sedgwick, Franklin, and Wright. He said the higher object of these Associations is historic—to retain the names and transactions not only of the Generals, but of the private soldier also. The soldiers who belonged to the Army of the Potomac are proud of the Association.

He spoke of the services of the Sixth Corps during the war, the hardships and reverses they had shared in, and the successes and glory they had participated in.

He called the attention of the Society to the fact that the reports of the final battles of the Corps could not be found among the papers in the office of the Adjutant-General at Washington. The reports were, no doubt, in Washington, and it is important that they should be found, and to that end he hoped the Society, before adjourning, would take proper action in the matter. They who served in the Sixth Corps can point with pride to their record—a record in which bravery and heroism were only equalled by self-denial and devotion to duty.

The calling of the roll was dispensed with.

The minutes of the meeting held at Burlington, Vt., June 16, 1880, were read by Major IVAN TAILOF, Corresponding Secretary the Recording Secretary, Colonel Robt. Low, being detained with Post 2.

Colonel J. H. Platt, from the Committee to Investigate the right of the Twenty-third Regiment of Militia of Brooklyn, N. Y., to wear the badge of the Sixth Army Corps, read the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

The committee appointed at the last meeting of this Society, held at Burlington, Vt., June 16, 1880, to investigate the right of the Twenty-third Regiment, New York State Militia, to wear the badge of the Sixth Corps, respectfully report:

The members of the Twenty-third Regiment claim that their Regiment was incorporated into the Sixth Corps during the Gettys-

burg campaign, July, 1863, and that they participated in the battle, etc., etc.; and for that service are entitled to wear the badge of the Corps. The conspicuous display of the badge by the members of the Twenty-third, and the repeated statements made by them of their service and attachment to the Sixth Corps, aroused the indignation of many veterans, who recorded their protests in the public journals of New York and Brooklyn against the unwarranted liberty of the members of the Twenty-third in their adoption of the badge, one they have no more the right to wear than they have that of the cross of the Legion of Honor.

From a careful examination of the roster of regiments composing the Sixth Army Corps, from its organization to its final muster out, no mention is found of the Twenty-third New York State Militia. From documentary history your committee find the Twenty-third Regiment might have been attached to the Sixth Corps had General (BALDY) SMITH given his assent.

During the memorable Gettysburg campaign, in which the members of the Twenty-third say their regiment participated, we find that they, with other New York and some Pennsylvania militia, made up a division of troops that were a part of the forces constituting the Department of the Susquehanna, commanded by General Couch. The division referred to was commanded by General W. F. Smith, a former commander of the Sixth Corps, who arrived about the 12th of July, 1863, at Boonsboro', Maryland. The division had been at Waynesboro', where they met a detachment from the Sixth Corps commanded by General NIELL. boro', General MEADE offered to attach General Smith's division to one of his corps (perhaps the Sixth, and put them in the front, but General Smith advised so strongly against it that General MEADE left them in the rear. [Testimony of General MEADE before the Committee on the Conduct of the War.]

The Twenty-third Regiment was not attached to the Sixth Army Corps or even to the Army of the Potomac.

In view of these facts your committee would recommend, so as to set at rest a useless controversy, that a statement be prepared for publication to the effect that no proof exists that the Twenty-third Regiment Militia were at any time, or were they in any way, connected with the Sixth Army Corps; and therefore its members have no right (except those who found service in regiments that were attached to the Sixth) to wear the insignia of the Sixth Army Corps.

[Signed]

SAM'L TRUESDELL, Lieutenant-Colonel.

JAS. H. PLATT, Colonel.

J. W. WARNER, Brigadier General.

The Corresponding Secretary, Major IVAN TAILOF, presented his report of matters relating to his office, which was read and ordered on file.

The Treasurer, Colonel TRUESDELL, read his report of receipts and disbursements since the last meeting. Approved and placed on file.

The following were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President: General GEO. W. GETTY.

Vice-Presidents: General W. W. Henry; General Francis E-Pinto; Colonel Geo. W. Ford.

Secretary: Major IVAN TAILOF.

Treasurer: Colonel Samuel Truesdell.

Vice-President of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, representing the Sixth Corps: Colonel James H. Platt.

The President named General WRIGHT as the Chairman of the Committee to look up the reports of the Corps, as alluded to in his remarks when calling the meeting to order. The other members of the committee would be named hereafter.

After passing a vote of thanks to the Legislature for the use of the Assembly Chamber, and to the citizens of Hartford for their kind reception, the meeting adjourned.

REPORT OF THE NINTH CORPS.

PROCEEDINGS of the annual meeting of the Society of the Burnside Expedition and of the Ninth Army Corps, held at Hartford, Conn., on Wednesday, June 8, 1881:

The meeting was called to order in the Supreme Court Room, at the State Capitol, at 10.30 A.M., by the President, General A. E. Burnside. About seventy-five members were present.

The President made a short address, expressing his pleasure at meeting again the members of the Society.

The records of the last meeting, held in Providence, were then read and approved.

The President announced the following committees:

On Nominations: General H. C. Lee; General M. T. Donahoe, and Captain Ira B. Sampson.

On General Business: Generals R. B. POTTER, W. H. P. STEERE, and F. W. SWIFT.

Before the Committee on Nominations could retire for consultation, Colonel C. H. HOUGHTON rose and said that he desired to make the same motion as last year, viz.: That the rules be suspended, and that General BURNSIDE be re-elected President for the ensuing year by acclamation.

This motion was unanimously carried.

General Burnside. in a few words, returned his thanks for the honor, and expressed the pleasure which these continued re-elections gave him.

General F. W. SWIFT presented an invitation from prominent citizens of Detroit for the Ninth Corps to meet in that city next year.

After remarks by the President, and Generals Julius White and Edward Jardine, the invitation was referred to the Committee on General Business.

The Treasurer's report was then read, received, and ordered to be placed on file. It showed the receipts to have been \$155; the expenditures \$144.56, and the balance on band, \$93.50.

The Secretary reported the death of Lieutenant Joseph W. Holmes, formerly of the Twenty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteers, and read a short sketch of his life and military services.

General R. B. POTTER, from the Committee on General Business, reported in favor of accepting the invitation to meet in Detroit next year, and it was so voted.

It was also voted that the members of the Society use their utmost endeavors to induce the Army of the Potomac to meet at the same place.

General H. C. Ler, from the Nominating Committee, reported the following list of officers, and they were unanimously elected:

Vice-President: General A. B. R. Sprague, of Worcester, Mass.

Secretary: General C. HENRY BARNEY, of Providence, R. I.

Treasurer: Colonel D. R. LARNED, U. S. A.

Vice-President of Army of Potomac: General F. W. SWIFT, of Detroit, Mich.

The President announced the arrangements for the Army of the Potomac banquet in the evening.

It was unanimously voted to tender the thanks of the Society to the authorities of the State of Connecticut for the use of the rooms in the Capitol, so generously placed at their disposal.

The President made the announcement that the members of the Society were requested to form in line at 11.45 A.M., near the south entrance to the building, to proceed in a body to the Army of the Potomac meeting.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

Attest:

C. H. BARNEY,

Secretary.

REPORT OF THE TWELFTH CORPS.

At the meeting of the members of the Twelfth Army Corps, held in Room 55, in the Capitol, June 8, 1881, the following officers were elected:

President: General Geo. L. Beal.

Secretary: Dr. Jno. J. H. Love.

Thirty-five members of the old Corps were present, and enrolled their names. A committee, consisting of Colonels Buckingham, Coggswell, and Chapman, was appointed to report at the next meeting a design for a suitable Corps badge.

Colonel WARREN W. PACKER, of Conn., was named as Vice-President from this Corps to the Society of the Army of the Potomac.

JOHN J. H. LOVE,

Secretary.

REPORT OF THE CAVALRY CORPS.

The Society of the Cavalry Corps of the United States assembled in the Senate Chamber, June 8, at 11 o'clock A.M.

In the absence of the President, the Secretary called the meeting to order, and on motion, General Henry E. Davies, Jr. was chosen as the presiding officer.

The Secretary then read the proceedings of the former meeting, which were adopted, and presented his report as Acting Treasurer to June 1, 1881.

The Treasurer then presented his report to date, and \$56 cash on hand; and, on motion, both reports were referred for audit to the Auditing Committee: General WM. Wells; Major H. C. Meyer; Lieutenant John A. Richardson.

On motion, the following committee was appointed to report suitable nominations for officers of the Society until June, 1882:
Major Henry E. Alvord; Major A. V. Burnham; Captain E. M. Neville.

The report of Major Corson since 1879 was then called for, and the Secretary announcing that none had been received, the 1879 report and the accounts of Major Corson, as late Treasurer, were referred to a committee consisting of the President, Secretary, and Treasurer, with full power to act as they might deem best in the premises, and with power to add to their number.

The Secretary then presented his report of the action of the Society in regard to the death and funeral of the late General A. T. A. TORBERT.

The Secretary, by request, then introduced the resolution in regard to the proposed monument to the memory of the late Major-General JOHN F. REYNOLDS; the same was unanimously approved and the resolution ordered on file, and power was given to the President to appoint a committee of three to act in the matter.

The Committee on Nominations then reported the following names for officers during the year ending June, 1882:

President: General HENRY E. DAVIES, Jr.

Vice-Presidents: General John B. McIntosh; General William Wells; General John Hammond; General E. Blakeslee; General E. M. Lee; General George H. Chapman; Colonel John F. B. Mitchell.

Secretary: Major Chas. H. HATCH.

Treasurer: Colonel G. IRVINE WHITEHEAD.

The report was unanimously adopted, and the Secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for the ticket, which was done, and the officers declared elected.

Motions were then made, and unanimously carried, that the thanks of the Society be tendered to Major-General John B. Mc-Intosh, the retiring President, and also to the authorities and citizens of Hartford for their hospitality and kind attentions to the Society during this meeting, and for the use of the Senate Chamber.

It was further moved and adopted that the Secretary act as Treasurer until the qualification of the new Treasurer; that the new Treasurer be instructed, out of the first funds coming into his hands, to pay to the Secretary the sum of \$96.21, advanced by him for the Society, and such other amounts as he might so advance, and that the funds now on hand be handed over to the Secretary.

On motion, the Society then adjourned on call of the Chair, to meet with the Army of the Potomac.

Chas. H. Hatch, Secretary.

THE BANQUET.

THE Banquet was served in Allyn Hall, and presented a very handsome appearance. Eight long tables were provided, one of which stood at the foot of the stage at right angles to the others, and was reserved for the officers and guests of the Society. It was occupied by General WRIGHT, President of the Society, the Orator and Poet of the day, General SHERMAN, Hon. ROBERT T. LINCOLN, General HAWLEY, Governor LITTLEFIELD, of New Hampshire, Governor BIGELOW, Mayor BULKELEY, Hon. H. C. ROBINSON, General BURNSIDE, General SICKLES, General MILES, General DEVENS, General PORTER, MARK TWAIN, General FRANKLIN, General McMahon, Colonel King, and others. Upon the tables, which were spread with a bountiful repast, there was placed at each cover a miniature knapsack with red blanket rolled. On one side was the figure 1, and the other bore the inscription, "Banquet, Society of the Army of the Potomac, Hartford, June 8th, 1881." The box contained two choice cigars, and the overcoat or blanket a small package of cigarettes.

The room was beautifully decorated with bunting and shields emblematic of the different States and Army Corps. The stage was also tastefully ornamented, having in the background a picture of Washington crossing the Delaware, and above this, embedded in evergreens, in gold letters, was the name of the Society.

The galleries and boxes were filled with ladies and gentlemen. Colt's Band and the South End Glee Club provided the music.

Chaplain Rev. J. H. TWICHELL, pronounced

THE BLESSING.

Our Father, we render Thee our thanks for the kindly providence in which we rejoice and pray that Thy mercy and blessing may be upon each and all of us while we are gathered here, and continue with us when we go from hence. Bless us in the joy with which old friends and comrades greet one another once more, in the rekindling of our recollections in the pleasure of recalling remembrances of other days. In this and in all other good gifts, bless us now and ever more, for Christ's sake. Amen.

The banqueters then discussed the good things on the tables, during which the band played various patriotic and operatic airs. The tables being cleared, President General WRIGHT announced as the first regular toast: "The President of the United States"—[applause],—which will be responded to by Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, Secretary of War. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF HON. ROBERT T. LINCOLN.

GENTLEMEN AND FELLOW COMRADES OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC:

It would give me great pleasure if the President of the United States himself were here to respond to this toast in person; but it is not possible for him to be here. I will not attempt to reply for him. He was an officer of the Army of the United States, and is better able to take care of himself than I am, and therefore, thanking you for the toast you have proposed in his honor, I will pass to other matters.

A hundred years ago the Governor of the patriotic Colony within whose hospitable borders we now are, perhaps knew of the distant post where you have to day decided that you will hold your next annual reunion. It may have been that he knew of it, but he knew very little further than that for a thousand and thousands of miles beyond there was a trackless wilderness upon which little encroachment had been made since the day when, a century before that, the charter of this State had been hidden in the oak within this town. It could have hardly entered his thoughts that within a century from that time the feeble government which he was then aiding to establish would exert undisputed sway over every foot of ground between his home and the Pacific Ocean, and that fifty millions of people would be enrolled under the flag and would hail the name of "Brother Jonathan." [Applause.]

It is less than a century ago that an ancestor of mine was killed by hostile Indians on his own door-step within what is now the State of Kentucky. Only yesterday it became my official duty to sign the order which established a Signal Service Station upon land of the United States further distant from San Francisco than the State of California is distant from the State of Kentucky.

[Great applause.]

It is difficult, if it is possible, to grasp the details of the marvelous growth of this country within a century, but its causes are plain. Upon this fertile continent was set, full-grown, the civilization of the Old World. But with it was planted liberty—liberty under the law secured by a representative government which had its earliest expression in the compact which was written in the city of Hartford in 1639. [Applause.] The prosperity of this nation dates from the time when our fathers staked their lives and their fortunes upon the proposition that all men are created equal. Its growth has been swelled by the coming from across the seas of thousands upon thousands of those who were not willing that their hopes of the future should be limited by the history of the past, and they and their children have not only shared the blessings of our favored land, but have shed their blood to maintain our institutions.

Since the day when the Army of the Potomac, whose Society is assembled here to-day, set forth upon the difficult march which led to Appointation, more than twenty millions have been added to our numbers. Providence has seemed to smile upon our land as upon no other since the day when, in the presence of many assembled here, the defenders of the only reproach upon our fame gave up the contest whose underlying motive had been repudiated by the civilized world. When slavery fell, then fell the last danger to our Republic. [Applause and cheers.]

A VOICE.—God bless ABRAHAM LINCOLN. [Applause.]

THE SPEAKER:

The dangers which come to other governments of the world from the uprising of the oppressed are unknown to us because here there are no oppressors. Other dangers which are feared we find no indication of. The military despotism which it was anticipated by our jealous enemies would crush us has never been heard of. I am surrounded this evening by those who were to support it, who were to be a part of it, and I can make no more patriotic wish than that they should have long lives and should succeed in every endeavor.

The American Republic knows that these men stood between it and anarchy, and it is ready to trust to them and to those that represent them for its safety in the future. [Great applause and cheering.]

General BARNUM:

COMRADES: Three cheers for the honored and worthy son of the great emancipator, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The cheers were given with great enthusiasm.

THE PRESIDENT:

The next toast is "THE UNITED STATES," to which General JOSEPH R. HAWLEY will respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF GENERAL HAWLEY.

MR. PRESIDENT, COMRADES, FELLOW CITIZENS:

You have set for me a task which would require that I should take that stage as in olden times, and bore you for an hour and a half or two hours, and yet this day I will not do it. To-day two eloquent and accomplished gentlemen have virtually discoursed upon precisely the same topic, but since you have called me up upon so proud a subject I must talk a few moments or quit now. Hear me about five minutes. It is only a little while ago that it was a very unpopular thing to be an Abolitionist, and it was practically a bar to society. A while before that it was equally unpopular to be called in these United States a Democrat. Eighty years ago a Democrat and a Jeffersonian-Democrat was thought by a large part of the people to be about the same thing as a Kearneyite or Communist. The world moved on, and during a larger part of all that time, among the wealth and culture of society, the aristocracy and learning of Europe, something perhaps a little worse than being a Jeffersonian-Democrat or a Kearney-Communist was to be an Amercan-Democrat; because Europe didn't believe in us. They believed we had undertaken an utterly impossible experiment. The very name, the Constitution, flag, and motto, every distinguishing characteristic of this country was a menace against the institutions that they sincerely believed to be best for the world; and we had not alone that physical fight—what we did in that regard is nothing -the rebellion, the war of 1812-those conflicts were nothing compared with the battle; of thought. And we are upon the point of winning.

Now, General Alfred H. Terry—that's a name for Connecticut men—[applause]—did me the great honor to ask me to be Lieutenant-Colonel while he was Colonel of a Connecticut regiment, and as we were promoted along step by step, many a night after all the camp was still, Terry and I would sit and smoke and discuss the future of these United States, and after it passed the middle of the war a little, we wanted to live and see it through, because the great sunlight was breaking and it was seen to be worth something to be an American after a war like that. [Applause.] And he said that when it was all well over and we had got most of the debt out of the way and began to feel comfortable again, we would—and this was the weak part of us—we would send word to Great Britain that in three months war would begin. It made no difference whether there was to be any controversy or not; it was upon

the general account and for the whole past, and for the good of all the future, and by reason of her interference during the war, that we were going to settle the account. [Applause.] But the Lord overruled us. We did a better thing than that. We left it to other men: we had an arbitration, and we beat them at that. There was another thing we said we would do, but we didn't do that either. We said we would go ahead and wear in big letters on our breast, "I am an American." [Applause.] Well, we don't brag-They used to ridicule us. Dickens did, and thousands of others. We deserved it. We had our class of flowery orators, "the land of the setting sun," etc., etc. We never imagined more of the present power and future glory of America than the facts justify. have got past the necessity of boasting, we have got past the temper of boasting. The American goes abroad now, and, instead of being obliged to have a certain amount of brass and to fight his way for his country, he is obliged to be, at times, a little modest and deprecating, and fear that our friends are saying too much in our favor. It is the fashion now to talk more largely of others than of ourselves. I said that no man's imagination could go beyond the facts, but this does not make us a proud people. It ought not to, for no man who has been through great trials in this world, were they even of domestic life or of great wars, is thereafter a boasting man if he were in the very soul and heart of the trial. We have shown the world what we are and what we can do. There is no nation in Europe that can raise in a year the army that we can raise in three months-[applause]. In the real elements of power-not alone the physical strength of the army and the excellence of weapons, but in the moral character and intelligence of the men-that which doubles and quadruples the numerical value in the field—we are their superior. We are fifty millions to-day. We were thirty millions at the time of the war. We shall be sixty-six millions or over in 1890; and I am not far from wrong when I say that somewhere about 1903, on the 3d day of September, at four o'clock in the afternoon, we will be a hundred millions of people; I have forgotten the precise figures. In twenty-two years there will be one hundred millions of Americans if we continue an active country. And who surpasses, who equals us in inventive power, in the extent of our enterprises of any description, in the vastness of our resources in everything that makes material power?

Now, the God of our fathers grant that we may be also unequalled in all that makes true justice, true unanimity, and true national honor, and that the American youth, next to his God, may glorify his country and be proud of it; ready to fight for it and to die for it as the leader of the world which has made the world better for our having been in it. [Great applause and cheering.]

After an intermission of a few minutes, during which the band played some very pleasing selections, the President said:

Gentlemen: I now give you the next regular toast of the evening. It is: "Our Country;" and I will ask his Excellency Governor Littlefield, of Rhode Island, to respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR LITTLEFIELD.

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN OF THE ARMY OF THE POTO-MAC: This is the occasion and this the time when Rhode Island should be represented by an ex-Governor, a General, and a Senator in Congress. I didn't expect to be called upon to say a word to-night among so many distinguished Generals, but I can say that I acknowledge the entire appropriateness of this toast, for the country would be very small indeed-very little left of it-if Rhode Island were left out. I think I speak the sentiment of every Rhode Island man here and all that we have left at home, when I say that we fully endorse the meetings of the members of the Army of the Potomac. It has been my pleasure to meet with a number of these organizations, and I must say they have been very pleasant indeed; and I feel like urging you, as I said to General Sherman to-day, to keep up these organizations. It is your duty. I told General Sherman it was his duty to attend every one of these meetings to impress upon the rising generations the importance of the struggle that has made this country what it is. I am very glad, indeed, to have the pleasure of meeting you here to-night. I want to return my thanks to the members of the Army of the Potomac. and particularly to the committee of Hartford, who have done so much to entertain us. We have all heard how many schoolmasters Connecticut has sent out, and it shows that good schoolmasters make good citizens, and that they always know how to entertain soldiers.

I congratulate you upon the success of this occasion. It certainly is one long to be remembered by me, and I know I speak the sentiment of the friends of the grand army here to-night.

Gentlemen, I thank you one and all for the invitation to be present, and I once again say I extend my heartiest thanks to the citizens of Hartford who have done so much to entertain myself and staff. [Applause.]

Three cheers were here proposed for Rhode Island and the Executive, and were given with much warmth.

THE SOUTH END GLEE CLUB now favored the Society with an

excellent chorus, which was so well received that an *encore* was called for, in response to which they sang "Marching Through Georgia," the banqueters joining in the chorus.

THE PRESIDENT:

The next toast is to the "ARMY AND NAVY," and to this General SHERMAN will respond.

Three cheers for General SHERMAN were given with great enthusiasm.

ADDRESS OF GENERAL SHERMAN.

COMRADES OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC: It would be much more agreeable to me if I could speak a few words right from my heart *ex tempore*. But I have prepared something that is special, and I beg of you a few minutes' patience while I read what I have written.

It is somewhat historical, and I attach some importance to it, because it is in part personal, in part national.

I promised long ago my personal and valued friend, General JOSEPH R. HAWLEY—[applause]—to attend this particular meeting in which he seems to have a special interest. I think I first saw him as a Brigadier at Wilmington, North Carolina, just about the close of the civil war of 1861–5, when I had a good deal to think about. Still he made an impression on me, and that impression has deepened with time.

I feel a special interest in the younger officers like him of our *volunteers*, who are likely to survive us *veterans*, and may write our epitaphs. I do not profess to be ambitious at this epoch of time, but I certainly do sympathize with Hamlet in his dying appeal to his old comrade:

"—— Horatio, I am dead. Thou liv'st; report me and my cause aright To the unsatisfied."

I am now called on to respond to the stereotyped and somewhat personal toast of the "Army and Navy of the United States," the "twin services," whose members have sworn to defend and maintain the honor of our flag on land and on the sea, and who for a century have done this faithfully and well, with an ability and courage which have added lustre to the renown of the whole country.

We stand now among the most favored nations of the earth, if not the *first*, the only land to which emigrants come and from which

none go. [Applause.] As a people we maintain but the nucleus of an army and navy: a mere germ to typify the life and spirit of the body which, on an occasion like that which gave birth to the Army of the Potomac, must suddenly admit of infinite increase. And even this nucleus is not permitted to remain in idleness in time of the most profound peace. Work! Work! Everlasting toil seems to be the lot of Americans. Ships, though built of wood and feeble in power compared with the huge iron ships of other nations, display our flag everywhere over the broad waters of the earth; while the army, split up into single companies, and even squads, is to-day the skirmish line along the frontier of civilization, preparing the way for the emigrant, guarding the pastures of the cattle which are fast replacing the buffalo, the elk, and the antelope of the vast interior of our continent, and in building roads, bridges, and military posts. There are few idlers in the army of the United States. All are employed save the sick and the wounded, and that small fraction which exists under all governments, who live on the reputation and influence of their "mothers, cousins, sisters, and aunts." These favored ones may flourish for a time, but like such gentry in the past, they will be swept away by the first blast of war, when the more manly element will, as always, leap to the front.

I believe the present army of the United States, in physique, in intelligence, in devotion to duty, in patriotic sentiment, and in the higher heroic qualities, compares favorably with the same body at any former period of our history; and you, gentlemen of the Army of the Potomac, know better than I do how valuable to our new volunteers were the knowledge and experience of the little regular army of 1861, which taught you how to post your sentinels and pickets; how to pitch and strike your tents; how to cook and care for the sick and wounded; how to organize into companies, regiments, brigades, divisions, and army corps; how to skirmish and how to fight; how to protect your bodies by light earthworks, and how to attack those of your enemy at the least cost of life; in fine, the thousand and one things in which you afterwards became so proficient, and which you will admit can only be learned by practice. [Applause.]

I entertain the highest possible opinion of army societies like this, which resulted from our civil war. It is not true that they keep alive the animosities of that war, but, on the contrary, the social amenities here practiced are calculated to smooth "war's wrinkled visage," and to develop the kindlier phases of human character, and above all value are the observations of the living actors here spoken and recorded before a tribunal which can separate pretension from practice, and thus preserve the results of an experience which may be of inestimable value in the *next* war.

I remember well the public apathy which immediately preceded the Mexican war and the civil war. Many of us had become so weary of waiting for promotion—[laughter]—for action, that we resigned our commissions and engaged in civil pursuits, and even as late as March, 1861, if any one spoke openly of civil war he was laughed at for his folly or upbraided for being stampeded, and when the war did actually come, no people on earth were less prepared for it than those of the United States.

Only twenty years have passed since that dread epoch, and I sometimes fear our people are again becoming so engrossed in their pursuit of wealth that they are liable to forget the lessons of that war. To be sure, we possess most valuable records in the newspapers of the day; in the official reports not yet complete; in the many histories, biographies, memoirs, recollections, etc., of the principal actors, and I for one hail the last two additions to our stock of knowledge in BADEAU'S "Military History of General Grant," and of Mr. Davis's "Rise and Fall of the Southern Confederacy."

These are now fair subjects of criticism and comment, and I believe that the cause of truth demands that every witness shall

record his honest opinions of such important matters.

I did not have the privilege of sharing in the operations of the Army of the Potomac, but I have been over the ground; was personally acquainted with nearly all your army, corps, and division commanders, and I say publicly and emphatically that, DAVIS to the contrary notwithstanding, I approve of General Grant's movement from Washington to Richmond by land, instead of by water. [Cheers and applause.] War is an awful game, and demands death and destruction. A certain amount of fighting and killing had to be done, and the banks of the Rapidan and Mattapony were as good a place for it as those of the James and Appomattox. [Applause.] So far as I am capable of judging, General BADEAU has told the story of the terrible battles from the Wilderness to Appointation Court House clearly and well. I know that heartburnings are generated by allusion to personal traits of character, but I do not see how General Badeau could have accounted for actual results. I surely rose from a perusal of his volumes with a higher estimate of the great Army of the Potomac than I had before, and am now better prepared to unite with you in celebrating its perseverance, its mighty courage and heroism. [Applause.] To have your names inscribed on its rolls is an honor that your children will value more than you do.

As to Mr. DAVIS'S "Rise and Fall of the Southern Confederacy," I confess I have not seen the volume, only the copious extracts in the New York *Herald* of June 3, 1881, and hardly know whether

to treat them seriously or jocularly. [Laughter.] It was not expected that he would feel kindly to those who awakened him so rudely from his dream of empire; but surely in stating facts beyond. the reach of his vision or understanding, he ought to have approximated the truth even as to his enemies. Assuming the quotations published in the Herald as authentic, I wish to say that it was lucky for Mr. Davis that General Johnston, in May, 1864, did not obey his orders and assume the offensive from Dalton to the north side of the Tennessee River. [Applause.] One would suppose that after the experience of both Johnston and Hood, whose courage and skill no man disputes, even Mr. Davis would be convinced that the aggressive campaign foreshadowed in his seven general propositions of April 16, 1864, was the veriest nonsense. Johnston did not have at Dalton 70,000 men, and Mr. Davis ought to have known it, and Johnston, on the spot, was better qualified to judge than Mr. Davis at Richmond. [Applause.] As to the removal of the noncombatant population from Atlanta, Mr. Davis says that since ALVA'S atrocious cruelties in the Netherlands in the sixteenth century there has been nothing in comparison for cruelty.

He had a right to publish such words in 1864, when extraordinary language was needed to arouse the sinking energies of his people (as he called them), but at this late date it is simply absurd. Not a man, woman, or child was harmed in that removal. Major CLARE, of the Confederate Army, appointed by General Hood, and General WILLARD WARNER of my staff, now residing in Tecumseh, Cherokee County, Alabama, certified jointly to this fact.

The following is Major CLARE'S report in full, and I think Mr. DAVIS will hear from General WARNER in good time:

[CONFEDERATE.]

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE, A. T., Sept. 22, 1861.

CLARE TO HARVIE.

COLONEL E. I. HARVIE, Inspector-General:

COLONEL: I have the honor to make the following report in reference to the removal of the families from Atlanta under Major-General Sherman's—Federal Army—order of expulsion:

Receiving verbal orders from General Hood on the evening of the 11th to conduct the truce agreed upon between myself and Major-General Sherman, I started as soon as possible, reaching Rough and Ready at 7:30 on the morning of the 12th of September. Shortly after reaching there I met the commanding officer of the Federal guard, and soon afterward Colonel Warner, of General Sherman's staff, the Federal truce officer. Having established with these officers the preliminaries of the truce and the manner in which it should be carried out, and made arrangements in regard to the guards, I waited the arrival of the trains from Atlanta. The enclosed reports of the names of the families arriving, their number, and date of their arrival, will give all the information on these points.

Some delays and irregularities in regard to the arrival of trains having occurred, I demanded of the Federal officer in charge the reason thereof and their correction. He informed me that every means of transportation were placed at the disposal of the citizens for the purpose of removing their families and effects.

On sending for Mayor Calhoun and the committee of citizens charged with removing the people of Atlanta, I ascertained that this statement was correct. I then only had to urge upon the people through the mayor to come during the early days of the truce to guard against the accident of having too little transportation when the truce was about to close. This advice they disregarded, and the consequence was suffering and inconvenience. This was, however, to no great extent.

From Rough and Ready to Lovejoy Station, I think I can safely say, under my orders, were moved as comfortably and safely as possible, the unfortunate people who were driven from their homes.

Receiving information from you that the government was being embarrassed by the heavy demands made upon the A. C. S. at Lovejoy, I arranged with the Federal authorities to supply the exiles with five days' rations, on their application to Colonel Le Duc, Quartermaster 20th A. C. at Atlanta. This, I am informed, was done. The apportionment of transportation among the different corps was made as you directed. On receiving your order I sent for Major Mason, the Quartermaster in charge of the transportation reporting to me, and read the first as well as the supplemental order to him and directed him to carry it out literally. This he, as well as Captain John McLaughlin, his assistant, informed me had been done. Having been informed that six teamsters belonging to Captain Clark's train had deserted while the train was at Rough and Ready, I made a formal demand for them of the Federal flag of truce officer. He assured me that they should be returned if found, at the same time stating to me that thirteen of the Federal guard and teamsters had deserted to our lines.

Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon Colonel Anderson, in command of the guard from our army on duty at Rough and Ready, for the rigid discipline he at all times maintained.

I am, respectfully, your obedient servant.

[Signed]

W. CLARE, Major and A. I. G.

(General Sherman here exhibited an original report of Colonel William G. Le Duc, United States Quartermaster, Twentieth Corps, now Commissioner of Agriculture, showing that the number of persons sent South were: Adults, 705; children, 857; servants, 79; total, 1,651, with full names of each, with the number of packages for each, aggregating many thousand, all of which were transported by the United States troops twenty miles, and not a single piece broken or molested.) [Applause.]

Again, Mr. DAVIS records that the officers and men sent to escort and convey them to Rough and Ready station, "robbed them of the few articles of value they had been permitted to take from their homes." This is simply untrue, and Mr. DAVIS ought to have known it to be so, for Major CLARE, of the Confederate Army, bore public testimony to the kindness of the escort, and General WARNER, since Senator from Alabama, well known and universally respected, is still living in Alabama, was then, and is still responsible, and is far better qualified to testify to facts than Mr. DAVIS,

who was a thousand miles away. I am responsible for the order of removal, and it was right; it was eminently humane to remove a non-combatant population from the theatre of war. It produced the effect I intended, and hastened the conclusion of the war-a bloody war-which Mr. DAVIS, according to his own account, would never have terminated as long as he could have saved his own life. [Applause.] As to the burning of Columbia he intimates that I endeavored to escape the responsibility for that act, and refers to the excesses of Wallenstein's army in the Thirty Years' War. Mr. DAVIS was not in Columbia during that fire, nor was General HAMPTON. I was, and so was General O. O. HOWARD, so was General John A. Logan, and General William B. Woods, now Justice of the Supreme Court, and his brother, General Charles B. Woods, and fourteen thousand honest, good, and true Union soldiers. [Applause.] Mr. Davis ignores all these, and adopts the solitary statement of Wade Hampton, who got away and was not there at all after his troops had set fire to the bridges, depots, and cotton in the streets of his own city, all of which were burned down, or were burning when our troops entered the city. The house occupied by me (Blanton Duncan's) was still standing when the army left; the Preston house (known as the Hampton mansion), occupied by General LOGAN, was still standing; and the college where General Howard was quartered, was not burned. The fire originated on Richardson street, near where I saw with my own eyes burning cotton bales which had been set on fire by the Confederate cavalry. I was in supreme command inside of Columbia during the night of the conflagration, and I allow no man, not even JEFF DAVIS, to question my statement of a fact as seen by myself. [Applause.] The fire in Columbia on the night of February 17, 1865, in my judgment then and now, was caused by particles of burning cotton blown against fences and sheds, which spread to houses and consumed the centre, but not the whole of the town. The cotton was unquestionably set fire to by Confederate cavalry, which fire was partially subdued by our troops in the daytime, whilst the trains of General Logan's corps (the Fifteenth) were passing, but after the trains had passed, and the night began, the men ceased to carry water, the fire spread anew and finally reached a shed or fence, and the houses built of pitch pine burned with rapidity and fury under a tornado of wind. What of Columbia remained the next morning was wholly due to General Logan's troops. Without them not a house would have escaped. Almost identically the same thing occurred in Richmond. (See BADEAU, volume three, page \$38.) I made a report of the facts to my government, which was accepted, and there my responsibility ended. Still I cheerfully admit that history may go further, provided actual

truth be sought for. I want to know the truth as much as any man. Had I intended to burn Columbia I would have done it just as I would have done any other act of war, and there would have been no concealment about it. [Applause.] I may have said, and now repeat, that should rebellion again occur in South Carolina and it should be my office to cross the Congaree opposed by rebel eavalry, and if in my simple judgment the interest of the government demanded, there will be no such question afterward. [Applause.] But it so happens that in this instance my orders were made two days before we entered the city; they were in writing, and must be still in General O. O. Howard's possession. They are recorded in the War Department, and have been often printed. These orders were purposely most merciful, because I had none but the most kindly feelings towards South Carolina, by reason of old associates and friends made before the Mexican war, some of whom were known to be in Columbia, and to whom I extended personally and officially every possible assistance. Habitually, all honorable men accept the judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction, especially of such courts as do honor to our country. This whole matter has been adjudicated by the mixed commission on American and British claims in the cases of Wood and Hyworth vs. The United States, and of Cowlam Gravely vs. The United States; and I have before me a printed volume of testimony-329 pagescovering the whole ground of the defence—twenty-one other cases were involved in the same testimony-all were for cotton, claimed by British subjects, burned in Columbia. If burned by the act of the agent of the United States, the United States were liable for its value. If the fire originated by act of the public enemy the judgment was to be for the United States. [Applause.] The testimony was overwhelming, and the judgment was for the United States. The mixed commission which adjudicated these claims was composed of Count Conti, of Italy; the Hon. Russell Gurney, M.P., of London, and the Hon. James S. Fraser, of Indiana. This commission acted under the twelfth article of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain of May 8, 1871, and rejected every claim for cotton burned at Columbia, S. C., on February 17, 1865, twenty-three in number, and the counsel and agent, the Hon. ROBERT S. HALE reports, March 30, 1873, in a public document, page 50: "Several claims were brought for property alleged to have been destroyed by the burning of Columbia on the allegation that that city was wantonly fired by the army of General Sherman, either under his orders or with his consent and permission. large amount of testimony was taken upon this subject, including that of General Hampton and other Confederate officers on the part of the claimants, and of Generals SHERMAN, LOGAN, HOWARD,

Woods, and other Federal officers of the United States. The claims were *all* disallowed, all the commissioners agreeing."

"I am advised that the commissioners were unanimous in the conclusion that the conflagration which destroyed Columbia was not to be ascribed to either the Federal or Confederate officers."

No British claimant would have lost his case if WADE HAMP-TON'S testimony was to have outweighed that of General O. O. How-ARD, General W. T. SHERMAN, Captain S. H. M. BYERS, Colonel J. C. AUDENRIED, General WILLIAM B. HAZEN, Mr. JOHN B. PIERCE, General Charles B. Woods, Senator T. W. Osborn, Colonel Max-WELL WOODHULL, Colonel John E. TOUTELLOTTE, Colonel J. C. Mc-COY, Captain H.W. HOWGATE, General JOHN A. LOGAN, and about a dozen citizens, all men of large intelligence, all personally present, and who testified under oath of what they individually saw, and were questioned and cross-questioned by acute lawyers representing both sides of all the cases. I declare that it is simply infamous for Mr. Davis to offer his own naked statement of a fact, after such a judgment by a tribunal of justice to which he now owes an allegiance, however unwilling. [Applause.] Were it not for the fact that he has published such statements in foreign lands, I would be disposed to treat his comparison of me with ALVA and WALLENSTEIN as the fruit of his pompous vanity. For the likeness is about as wide of probability as of his own resemblance to Julius Cæsar. [Applause.] Again, he asserts that in Greensboro, N. C., General Joseph E. Johnston disobeyed his (Davis's) orders to retreat through the Carolinas, Georgia, etc., toward Texas, by a route along which supplies for the purpose had been collected, so as to prolong the war ad infinitum. Now, many humane and good men contend that after Vicksburg and Gettysburg, the civil war should have ended, and that all the horrors and devastation which afterwards resulted are chargeable to the confederate authorities. Whatever may be the judgment of mankind on that proposition, I am sure there is no good American citizen of the North; or the South but what will feel a debt of gratitude to General Johnston for his good sense, and his humanity in stopping the war when he did in defiance of Davis's orders. To have resolved the war in April, 1865, from one by grand organized armies, into one of partisans and guerillas, would have been an unpardonable crime against humanity. I know that at that time many of us dreaded such an event, and I would not have believed that a man of such weight and experience could have advised and ordered it, had not Mr. Davis in his new book revealed the truth over his own signature. General Johnston still lives in vigor and health, and is abundantly able to vindicate his soldierly fame against this and the other flings which Mr. Davis has cast at him. I merely allude to the case in this connection to show how blind Mr. Davis seems to have been to the humanities of the war. How little sympathy he felt for the marches, toils, privations, and deaths of his own soldiers, to advise and "order" that the remnants of his armies should flee toward Texas, a thousand miles through a country already devastated, pursued by a relentless foe, and that in the vain hope of delaying for a few short weeks and months his own hopeless fate. [Applause.]

I now ask pardon for having read so long a paper, but these are historic matters, and I think honest people ought to know as much of them as they can. That is the reason and my apology for troubling you so much to-night. I thank you for your patient listening and attention, and assure you that no one in the North feels his debt of gratitude, as a citizen and soldier, to these heroic qualities of the Army of the Potomac more than I. I may sometimes seem partial to my Western troops. They fought with me for six years, and they always went with a cheer that used to wake the man in me. [Applause.]

And moreover, gentlemen, from the day Atlanta fell, Sherman's army became a part and parcel of the Army of the Potomac. [Applause.] We had the same enemy to fight; we had Lee to overwhelm; we had the same country to love, the same flag to adore and follow. [Great cheering, shouts, and applause.]

Three cheers for the Army of the Tennessee were enthusiastically given.

After further music by the band, the PRESIDENT said:

GENTLEMEN: The next toast is: "THE STATE OF CONNECTI-CUT." His Excellency Governor BIGELOW will respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR BIGELOW.

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC: I am called upon to respond to the "State of Connecticut." Connecticut has spoken for herself to-day, and indeed she has done so for two centuries back, and from that time down to the war of the rebellion she has ever been true to the State. As her representative, I am glad that I can welcome you to-night. In the name of Wood, of Lyon, of Sedgwick: in the names of the great martyrs who left in their country's cause their Connecticut homes, willing to suffer and die that liberty and union might be made forever inseparable. I bid you welcome. In the name of the surviving heroes: in the name of Terry, the gallant soldier and patriot: in the name of the brave men who followed the flag side by side, I bid

you welcome, and in the name also of all our citizens who honor you for what you did and suffered. The war of the rebellion is becoming but a memory; the traces of its ravages are fast becoming indistinct. Before many years you will go from us to join your comrades, but the record of what you did and suffered will be held in everlasting remembrance. May your reunion be a joyous festival, and be but one of many yet to come. Again with all my heart I bid you welcome to Connecticut. [Great applause.]

THE PRESIDENT:

The next regular toast is to "THE CITY OF HARTFORD," to which Mayor BULKELEY will respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF MAYOR BULKELEY.

If I recollect aright, the custom in the Army of the Potomae, years ago, was, and I trust it has not been changed in these latter years, that when some favorite regiment had remained at the front all day, and had expended its ammunition, it was permitted to retire to the rear, and a fresh regiment took its place; and so I ask to take a back seat, and introduce Hon. HENRY C. ROBINSON, ex-Mayor of Hartford, who will respond to this toast in my stead. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF EX-MAYOR ROBINSON.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN: I am not surprised that our worthy Mayor has proposed to send a substitute into this field, for it is a little difficult for the City of Hartford to decide in what position she finds herself to-night. If we look out of doors and see the flags and fireworks, and hear the cannon, then we delight to believe that you are our guests; but when we turn to our plates and find that we are eating bread with you, then we find that you are the host and we the guests. [Applause.] The city is much in the position of the late Charles Mathews, the actor, who was accustomed very seldom to reduce his debts and very often to increase them. This entry is found in his diary, under date of 1843: "I to day called on Mr. L. LEVY to pay him £30; borrowed £20 instead;" and so, gentlemen, the City of Hartford came out to-day in hopes of paying the tithe of a farthing upon the pound of the immeasurable obligation it owes to you, and lo and behold! you ring the gong and call us to dinner, and put another check mark to our debt.

But let me forget the mint and anise obligations of our dinner, and stand in the flutter of banners, and feel, for the few minutes which I shall use in responding to your sentiment, that you are our guests. But I desire, first of all, in behalf of the City of Hartford, to thank you, heartily thank you, for having bent your footsteps here to this city in this beautiful month of June; and, Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of this Army, were there no lips here to speak, were there only stammering tongues, I tell you there is not a street in the City of Hartford out of which the very stones would not rise up and say to this Army: "Welcome! Hosanna!" [Applause.]

Sir, it has been our pleasant privilege to entertain many distinguished strangers. One hundred years ago last fall, our little town. not yet a city, was honored by a memorable presence of visitors. It was when the clouds hung lowest over the fate of the struggling colonists, when the army of Sir Henry Clinton held in its clutches the South, and his sword was supreme in New York. Our gallant allies from sunny France, whose coming had refreshed the patriot's hope, were hemmed in at Newport by British walls of oak. Defeat, disappointment, and poverty were piercing the life of the fathers. Fresh levies had just been made by Congress upon communities already exhausted. It was just then that that great man whose name is now lifted highest in the world's history of patriotism, then a general of a few shattered rebel regiments, now George Wash-INGTON of the world's history, bent his steps here to the City of Hartford to meet for the first time the gallant Lieutenant-General ROCHAMBEAU and Admiral TIERNAY, and within a few yards of where we are sitting those gentlemen met. It was a magnificent presence, Mr. Chairman. He who was to be the first President and the Father of the world's best hope of nations: Jonathan Trum-BULL, his faithful brother and counsellor; the heroic General KNOX and the gallant Frenchmen, LAFAYETTE, ROCHAMBEAU, and TIERNAY, who had crossed the sea for our freedom. They were met with a salute of thirteen guns. Although the American leader, when he started from New York, was troubled for funds to bring him here, he found that, poor and suffering as our people were, there was not an inch of ground in the State of Connecticut where GEORGE WASHINGTON could leave a penny. The best attempts at luxury possible to Hartford were free to the noble guests. Fortyfive years later that same gifted child of the best thoughts of the French revolution, and hero of the American revolution, then the veteran Marquis DE LAFAYETTE, met upon yonder State House square the citizens of Connecticut. He was welcomed by the enthusiasm of crowds, and conspicuous in the representative reception was a beyy of beautiful girls, burdened with garlands of roses and vocal with song. Pardon me for alluding to one who is dearer to

me than all others, and who told me this, that by her side, she herself holding a little child, in the great throng was a woman with a baby in her arms, and she said that she was bound that little boy, when he became a man, should not forget how LAFAYETTE looked. Since then we have had the pleasure of entertaining statesmen, generals, and soldiers, and returning regiments with riddled flags, but from the historic hour of September, 1780, to the present one, the City of Hartford has never entertained a grander, a nobler, a more heroic presence than that of the Army of the Potomac in which it delights to-day. [Applause.]

We welcome you, because you were a chief element in that circle of bravery which saved this great country not only for us of to day, and for its own measureless future, but for humanity. We welcome you, not only because you saved the commerce and comfort of the North, but because you lifted the South into a higher atmosphere of civilization, and made sure forever the integrity of that banner of stars and stripes. So long may it be as the west wind shall kiss the folds of the bannered symbol of any nation. [Applause.]

It was said of Augustus and of Rome—pardon me, if I go to the dead languages for a moment—"Lateritiam invenit, marmoream reliquit." For the benefit of my friend CLEMENTS, let me translate it: "He found Rome built of bricks; he left it of marble." And so in 1861, the Boys in Blue found the American communities loosely bound together in brick and mortar. In 1865 they left the temple of the Republic in solid walls of marble. [Applause.] Mr. President, there are only harmonies in the glories of these different departments of our one Army and Navy, and their names will attune together in the hymns of the ages. But it is not too much to say, that upon the Army of the Potomac was cast the heaviest burden of struggle and blood, and to them we tender the choicest chaplet of triumph. The Cumberland, the Mississippi, the Carolinas, the Bay of Mobile, and all the rest will be dearest and holiest names to their own divisions. It is said that after the defeat of XERXES, the Grecian generals were called upon to vote for whom should be the first and second prizes. There was a single ballot for each general for the first prize-it was his own-but for the second prize all voted for Themistocles. The noble veterans of the Tennessee, and New Orleans, and the rest, may and ought to vote chief glory, each one to his own brave division, but each one, after satisfying self-respect, will award second prize, and so prove where truly belongs the highest praise, to Themistocles—the Army of the Potomac. I have no words of boasting for our city's contribution to the war. Like the whole loyal country, she gave of her best blood and treasure. Of her 35,000 people she sent 3,300 to the front-many of them to follow your command. I should like to say one word of praise and to drop one tear for those Hartford boys who fell, but the list is too long and the task too high. Their names and the names of all who died for the Union have been entered upon that chronicle sacred to love and patriotism, which shall blaze in glory until the bronze statue upon Madison square, which tells the features of the peerless FARRAGUT, shall melt in the final conflagration. I make no doubt that our polite reception committees have certified you of your Hartford visit, and that one and all of you have in your valises, as traditional souvenirs of our city, a block of the Charter Oak and an accident insurance ticket. And now welcome, and once again welcome to our city—our city of industries and education. To you swings open the door of every factory, and school, and college, and church. Yes, and to you is loosed the latch strings of all our homes, for you saved them all. [Applause.]

Welcome for the sake of the humblest private who kept guard in the stillest hours of the watch upon the Potomac; for the sake of the color-bearers at Antietam; for the clatter of hoofs of Sheridan's horses in the valley; for the tireless bravery and majestic silence of Ulysses S. Grant. [Applause.] Welcome, gentlemen, for the sake of everything and everybody that has ever borne the legend of the Army of the Potomac. [Applause.]

And if it seems to you that our good people have not greeted you in sufficient numbers, you must remember that we are both a literary and religious people, and that just now we are devoting night and day to the study of the revision of the New Testament.

And now let me wish a good time while you stay with us, and a good time for ever. [Loud and enthusiastic applause.]

THE PRESIDENT:

GENTLEMEN: The next regular toast is "THE BENEFIT OF JUDICIOUS TRAINING," to which Mr. MARK TWAIN will respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF MARK TWAIN.

"Let the thoughtful civilian instruct the soldier in his duties, and the victory is sure."—Martin Farquhar Tupper on the Art of War. [Laughter.]

Mr. Chairman: I gladly join with my fellow-townsmen in extending a hearty welcome to these illustrious generals and these war-scarred soldiers of the republic. This is a proud day for us, and, if the sincere desire of our hearts has been fulfilled, it has not been an unpleasant day for them. I am in full accord, sir, with the sentiment of the toast—for I have always maintained, with

enthusiasm, that the only wise and true way is for the soldier to fight the battle and the unprejudiced civilian to tell him how to do it. [Laughter.] Yet when I was invited to respond to this toast and furnish this advice and instruction, I was almost as much embarrassed as I was gratified; for I could bring to this great service but the one virtue of absence of prejudice and set opinion.

Still but one other qualification was needed, and it was of only minor importance—I mean, knowledge of the subject—therefore, I was not disheartened, for I could acquire that, there being two weeks to spare. A general of high rank in this Army of the Potomac said two weeks was really more than I would need for the purpose—he had known people of my style who had learned enough in forty-eight hours to enable them to advise an army. [Laughter.] Aside from the compliment this was gratifying, because it confirmed an impression I had had before. He told me to go to the United States Military Academy at West Point; said in his flowery, professional way that the cadets would "load me up." I went there and stayed two days, and his prediction proved correct. [Laughter.] I make no boast on my own account—none; all I know about military matters I got from the gentlemen at West Point, and to them belongs the credit. They treated me with courtesy from the first; but when my mission was revealed, this mere courtesy blossomed into the warmest zeal. Everybody, officers and all, put down their work and turned their whole attention to giving me military information. Every question I asked was promptly and exhaustively answered. Therefore I feel proud to state that in the advice which I am about to give you as soldiers, I am backed up by the highest military authority in the land-yes, in the world, if an American does say it! West Point.

To begin, gentlemen. When an engagement is meditated, it is best to feel the enemy first. That is, if it is night; for as one of the cadets explained to me, you do not need to feel him in the day-time, because you can see him then. [Laughter.] I never should have thought of that, but it is true—perfectly true. In the day-time, the methods of procedure are various, but the best, it seems to me, is one which was introduced by General Grant. General Grant always sent an active young redoubt to reconnoitre and get the enemy's bearings. I got this from a high officer at the Point, who told me that he used to be a redoubt on General Grant's staff, and had done it often. [Laughter.]

When the hour for the battle is come, move to the field with celerity—fool away no time. Under this head I was told of a favorite maxim of General Sheridan's. General Sheridan always said: "If the siege-train isn't ready, don't wait—go by any train that's

handy—to get there is the main thing." [Laughter.] Now that is the correct idea. As you approach the field it is best to get out and walk. This gives you a better chance to dispose your forces judiciously for the assault. Get your artillery in position, and throw out stragglers to right and left to hold your lines of communication against surprise. See that every hod-carrier connected with a mortar-battery is at his post. They told me at the Point that NAPOLEON despised mortar batteries, and never would use them; he said that for real efficiency he wouldn't give a hat full of brick bats for a ton of mortar. However, that is all he knew about it. [Laughter.]

Everything being ready for the assault, you want to enter the field with your baggage to the front. This idea was invented by our renowned guest General Sherman. [Laughter.] They told me General Sherman said the trunks and steamer chairs make a good protection for the soldiers; but that they chiefly attract the attention and rivet the interest of the enemy, and this gives you an opportunity to whirl the other end of the column around and attack him in the rear. I have given a good deal of study to this tactic since I learned about it, and it appears to me it is a rattling good idea. Never fetch on your reserves at the start. This was Napoleon's first mistake at Waterloo; next he assaulted with his bomb-proofs and ambulances and embrasures, when he ought to have used a heavier artillery; thirdly, he retired his right by ricochet—which uncovered his pickets—when his only possibility of success lay in doubling up his centre, flank by flank, and throwing out his chevaux de frise by the left oblique to relieve the skirmish line and confuse the enemy-if such a measure would confuse him -and at West Point they said it would. [Laughter.] It was about this time the emperor had two horses shot under him. How often you see the remark that General So-and-so, in such-and-such a battle, had two or three horses shot under him. General Burnside and many great European military men-as I was informed by a high artillery officer at West Point-[laughter]-have justly characterized this as a wanton waste of projectiles, and he impressed upon me a conversation held in the tent of the Prussian chiefs at Gravelotte, in the course of which our honored guest just referred to-General Burnside-observed that if you can't aim a horse so as to hit the general with it, shoot it over him and you may bag somebody on the other side, whereas a horse shot under a general does no sort of damage. [Laughter.] I agree cordially with General Burnside, and Heaven knows I shall rejoice to see the artillerists of this land and of all lands cease from this wicked and idiotic custom. [Laughter.]

At West Point they told me of another mistake at Waterloo,

viz. that the French were under fire from the beginning of the fight to the end of it-which was plainly a most effeminate and ill-timed attention to comfort, and fatal and foolish diversion of military strength; for it probably took as many to keep up the fires as it did to do the fighting. [Laughter.] It would have been much better to have a small fire in the rear and let the men go there by detachments and get warm, and not try to warm up the whole army at once. [Laughter.] All the cadets said that. An assault along the whole line was the one thing which would have restored Napoleon's advantage at this juncture; and he was actually rising in his stirrups to order it when a sutler burst at his side-[laughter]-and covered him with dirt and débris: and before he could recover his lost opportunity, Wellington opened a tremendous and devastating fire upon him from a monster battery of vivandières, and the star of the great captain's glory set to rise no more. The cadet wept while he told me these mournful particulars. [Laughter.]

When you leave a battlefield, always leave it in good order. Remove the wreck and rubbish and tidy up the place. However, in the case of a drawn battle, it is neither party's business to tidy up anything—you can leave the field looking as if the city government

of New York had bossed the fight. [Laughter.]

When you are traversing the enemy's country in order to destroy his supplies and cripple his resources, you want to take along plenty of camp followers—the more the better. They are a tremendously effective arm of the service, and they inspire the foe with the liveliest dread. A West Point professor told me that the wisdom of this was recognized as far back as Scripture times. He quoted the verse. He said it was from the new revision, and was a little different from the way it reads in the old one. I do not recollect the exact wording of it now, but I remember that it wound up with something about such-and-such a devastating agent being as "terrible as an army with bummers." [Laughter.]

I believe I have nothing further to add but this: The West Pointers said a private should preserve a respectful attitude toward his superiors, and should seldom or never proceed so far as to offer suggestions to his General in the field. If the battle is not being conducted to suit him it is better for him to resign. [Laughter.] By the etiquette of war, it is permitted to none below the rank of newspaper correspondent to dictate to the General in the field.

[Great laughter and applause.]

THE PRESIDENT:

GENTLEMEN: Your attention to the next toast: "THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC." It will be responded to by General Horace Porter. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF GENERAL PORTER.

MR. PRESIDENT: I have been requested to stand upon a chair. I have been a member of a prominent political party for many years, but it is the first time I have had to stand upon so narrow a platform. I have risen to the dizzy and perilous height of this chair at the special instance and with the valuable assistance of my neighbor, Mark Twain. I would go almost anywhere for him, for I know he would go anywhere for us. And in this connection the general scriptural advice I would be inclined to give him is, "If a man ask you to go a mile with him, go with him, Twain." [Laughter and applause.]

In whatever I have to say about the Army of the Potomac to-night. I shall be brief, for I have never forgotten that the most successful and eloquent speaker I ever listened to was a chaplain in that army who used to preach with his Bible in one hand and his watch in the other, so that in the contemplation of eternity he might not become altogether oblivious of time. [Applause.] I have not yet been officially advised by the senior medical officer of this army as to whether a two hours' steady assault on the good things of this mess table is calculated to fit one for public speaking. The Duke of Wellington is said to have remarked during the war of the Peninsula, when philosophizing upon the science of military logistics, that an army moved principally upon its belly. If that be so, we are prepared to understand what an extraordinary march the army assembled around this table to-night ought to be able to perform. [Laughter.] I am a little worse off than a number of you to-night, for owing to the peculiar style of the hospitality of Hartford I have been obliged to eat two dinners to-day, and when the last dish was passed around to me to-night, in declining that dish I was compelled to exclaim in the historic language of Martin Luther when he repudiated the Diet of Worms: "God help me, I can take no other course." [Continued laughter and applause.]

When I joined the Army of the Potomac, like the rest of you, it was in the State of Virginia. It was a good kind of a State for an army to be in. When an army gets into the State of Virginia it knows where it is. We proposed moving in the State of Virginia at a time when moving in that State meant something; when in summer the dust was so thick you couldn't see where to move, and

in winter the mud was so deep you couldn't move anywhere. You may remember our headquarters were established in one of those peculiar Virginia towns where the manufacturing and the educational interests were beautifully blended; for they had a ten-horse power saw mill with a circular saw, and a one-horse school with an

upright teacher. [Laughter.]

You know it was our avowed and undisguised intention to crush the rebellion out of Virginia; and we succeeded. Before the end of that year we had crushed it clear up into Pennsylvania [laughter], and owing no doubt to the faculty acquired at that time by the army to turn its face Northward, at the expiration of all these years we have finally brought up in the State of Connecticut. [Laughter.] Now, when we compare the state of the commissary department in Virginia with the state of it in Connecticut, we are more than ever impressed with the meaning of that portion of Scripture which assures us in effect, that it is better to be a door-

keeper in a house than dwell in tents. [Laughter.]

During the war we lived under canvas for a house and frequently dined on horseback. But how much better we find it now to live in a house and dine on canvasback. [Laughter.] It seems to me to be a kind of retributive justice for this army to visit Connecticut, if only to return the visits of those sons of Connecticut who visited the Army of the Potomac. They were willing to enlist for three years in the field, and at the end of that time were willing to re-enlist for the whole war. They always seemed willing to do almost anything that would not take them back to Connecticut. [Laughter.] The Army of the Potomac was baptized at Bull Run. It was not a baptism that would bring gladness to the heart of a hard-shell Baptist; there was too much fire and too little water about it. [Laughter.] Then part of the army got sort of prejudiced against the rebel army-wouldn't have anything to do with it. [Laughter.] Some confusion arose. They knew the objective point of that campaign was a national capitol, but they got Washington mixed up in their minds with Richmond and marched on Washington. [Laughter.] Officers lost confidence in the staying qualities of their men, and the men started for Washington to apologize for the conduct of their officers. [Laughter.] were members of Congress on the field who suddenly remembered having unfinished business in Washington. They became seized with the idea that they were too young to die. They joined the cavalry. [Laughter.] There were members of that cavalry that had never been on the outside of a horse before, and their officers seated them in the saddles and gave them the advice once given to Joseph's brethren, "not to fall out by the way." [Laughter.] They fixed their eyes upon the dome of the Capitol, and struck

a gallon. For four long hours they indulged in the exhibitanting but irritating pastime of pounding new saddles. [Laughter.] As for the members of Congress, we never heard that their elections were contested, but it was noticed that for a week, after their return, they didn't take their seats in the house. [Laughter.] There is something about the bull which has always been associated with our defeats, and utterly regardless of the attitude of the animal, from the time of Bull Run down to the days of Sitting Bull. [Laughter.]

But, Mr. President, no pleasantry of ours should make us forget the fact that there is a serious and an earnest side to the history of the Army of the Potomac, and let me speak one word of deserved tribute that comes from the bottom of a heart that is always deeply touched when I meet comrades as I meet them here to-night; a word of tribute to that army which was one of the most devoted that ever bared its breast to a foe. Wherever manly courage is talked of, or heroic deeds are honored, the memory of the Army of the Potomac will for ever remain green in the hearts of men. It was an army in which bayonets thought. When the captain fell at the head of his company, the private in the ranks was able to step forth and take his place. [Applause.] It hurled itself against earth-works without pausing to ask their strength. It dashed against the lines of the enemy without stopping to count his numbers.

From the day of its organization its mainspring was loyalty. It knew no law but duty. Cherishing those natural affections for particular commanders which, of right, it ought to cherish, yet in every change of leadership it marched as patiently and fought as gallantly under the new chief as the old.

It is a pleasure we enjoy here to-night such as is seldom given to man on this earth—the pleasure of gathering together again, and once more sitting down beside companions who in the days of trial were always ready to give a true comrade's "touch of the elbow" in the wild advance, to share each other's dejection when the drums beat a retreat, and to give cheer answering to cheer when the bugles sounded the glad notes of victory. [Applause.]

But the noblest portion of that devoted army is represented on such occasions as this only by empty chairs—those gallant spirits that went down in the shock of battle, and whose mouldering bodies, everywhere mark the advancing lines of our victorious columns. But wherever be their ashes, they lie not in forgotten graves. Whether their bodies be shrouded in the sands of the ocean's depth, or their bones whiten the plains of distant battle fields, or their manly bosoms be pressed beneath the sods of the valley which their generous heart's blood moistened, they rest not

unmourned; for the gentle dews of that distant Southern clime steal forth by night to drop their silent tears upon those rude mounds, as if Nature herself had proclaimed that no soldier of the Army of the Potomac should sleep in his grave unwept. [Applause.] Wherever they be gathered, they rest not in unknown graves, for glory has written an epitaph upon their tombs which future ages will pause to read, and the prayers of the bereaved and the praises of the defended will rise from their graves as incense rises from holy places, telling the angels in Heaven where sleep the heroes and the martyrs of the grand old Army of the Potomac. [Great applause.]

THE PRESIDENT:

The next toast of the evening is "The Volunteers." To this General Daniel E. Sickles will respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF GENERAL SICKLES.

MR. PRESIDENT: When my friend DANIEL DOUGHERTY and I looked over the programme, and discovered that we were side by side in our speeches, and that I was to speak for the Volunteers, and that he was to respond to a toast in his own honor, it occurred to us that we would both have to blow our own trumpets somewhat, and perhaps it would be better if we should change places. We would have done so, regardless of the solemnities of a programme, had we not discovered that neither of us had a speech prepared, and therefore neither would gain anything by an exchange.

I am sorry that as this speech was assigned to me it comes so late in the day that I am not prepared either with anything instructive, such as General Sherman has so wisely given us, or anything entertaining, of which we have had such an abundant repast in the brilliant addresses of General Porter and Mark Twain.

I will say something, however, for the Volunteers, and yet you, who have witnessed their heroic conduct, their fidelity under privation, their courage, their patriotism, need nothing to instruct you as to their virtues; and history, when it chronicles their achievements, leaves nothing for a speaker to add.

It is true the Volunteer Army of the United States was not that compact and perfectly organized military machine which the army of Germany presents, and in which respect, perhaps, the German army has had no parallel since the days of Rome. True, the volunteer army of the United States was not such an instrument as the

Russian despotism has made to perpetuate her monarchy. No! It was an army of freemen, impersonating only men who were brought into the ranks by love of country, which said to them: "Every American in this struggle must do his duty." I could name many remarkable features of that army which will doubtless attract the attention of historians as they have already attracted the wonder of contemporaries, but the occasion suggests to me only one. That army, after four years of war and of services second to none ever rendered by any army, was called upon to exercise the right of suffrage. It was an unexampled thing for an army in the field to be called upon to do, and the question was: Should Abraham Lincoln be re-elected President? That re-election involved, if necessary, four more years of war, an unmeasured expenditure of blood, and life, and limb, and treasure, and yet four-fifths of the armies of the Union were found voting alongside of four-fifths of the patriotic people of the land, dedicating themselves to four years more of bloody struggle if necessary. [Applause.] They not only had volunteered for three years, but by their votes they volunteered for any number of years of war that might be necessary for the maintenance of the Union.

Now, I desire to say, all politics apart, that I believe what I felt when I saw that day announced as one of the chosen officers of the President elect—I believe that my sentiments and feelings were those of the great majority of the American people. I believe that the hearts of the patriotic men and women of this country were touched when the son of ABRAHAM LINCOLN was called into the councils of the Executive. [Applause.] And more than that, I believe that the hearts of five millions of freedmen leapt with joy when they saw that honor placed upon the brow of the son of their emancipator. [Applause.]

I am very glad our distinguished guest, General SHERMAN, has taken this occasion to do justice to this army and to himself for the part taken by him at Atlanta and at Columbia, and in vindicating our flag and the honor of our soldiery from the aspersion of JEFFERSON DAVIS. My interest in JEFFERSON DAVIS'S book did not extend to those particulars. I looked at it for two purposes. The first one was to see what account he gave of his escape; and I was gratified to observe that history had done him an injustice in saying that he had availed himself of Mrs. DAVIS'S skirts for the purpose, and that he had only taken her wrapper, and that was the garment in which he was making tracks for Texas when overtaken. And then I wanted to see what he had to say for the Union of to-day that he had vainly endeavored to destroy, and it was gratifying to see that even then, like another Lucifer contemplating the eternal arch of Heaven, he was constrained to turn his head at the end of

that book, as he beheld the immovable arch of the Union, and say: "Esto perpetua." [Great applause.]

THE PRESIDENT:

The next toast, "The Orator of the Day," will be responded to by Mr. Daniel Dougherty. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF DANIEL DOUGHERTY, ESQ.

I am reminded of an incident that happened to me some years ago. I am sure it will fall very stale and flat after the humorous stories told by the gentlemen on my left, but it seems apt for the occasion, and I will tell it.

Some years ago I was invited to make a little speech at the close of a night school, and I was to "play second fiddle" to a very distinguished gentleman of Pennsylvania. He made his little speech, and I made mine. Afterwards this gentleman said to the superintendent of the school: "I have brought a young friend of mine here, and if it is agreeable to the company, he will make a few remarks." The superintendent said that we would be glad to hear him. Well, the young man arose and said:

"Ladies and gentlemen: I assure you I came here this evening to be a spectator of this scene. It was farthest from my thoughts to say anything, but as I have been called upon I will endeavor to

say a few words appropriate to the occasion.

'The cause of education is one near and dear to every heart,' and thus he went on and made a speech. Then the superintendent said to us: 'Gentlemen, we have three classes in this school—number one, number two, and number three, which have prepared a nice little testimonial for their teachers, and' (speaking to the gentleman from Pennsylvania), 'I shall be delighted if you will make a speech in behalf of number one. Mr. Dougherty, will you speak for number two; and in regard to number three, I shall be glad to have our young friend speak.' When it came to the young man's turn to speak he arose in some embarrassment, and after vainly endeavoring to articulate for some seconds, at last ejaculated: 'Oh, gosh hang it; take this here thing, won't you? I did anticipate the first speech, but not the last.' [Laughter.]

I am exactly in that situation. I did anticipate making a speech this morning, and was honored very much by the attention I received, but I did not expect to be called upon to-night, and will, therefore, detain you but for one moment. And yet, if I had a theme, methinks, in such a company, I could give it words. If I had been called upon for instance, to speak for the ladies, God

bless them! methinks on wings of love I would have flown to the task. But to speak of myself, good Heavens! that is the last topic in the world. I know it is a compliment to ask me to do so, and I appreciate it, but what more can I say? Oh, Americans! my heart warms when I see you here, you men who stood in the front of battle and bared your breasts to save not only to America, but to the world, the grandest government that was ever raised up by man! [Applause.]

Here seated at this festive board are men that dedicated their lives to the Republic—men now living in the four parts of the Union—here we are, as a band of brothers, joyfully celebrating a reunion of the gallant men who saved the Republic.

I cannot speak for want of a theme, but I will sit down with a theme. My friend spoke of the union of our country as above all others the one thought nearest and dearest to us; let me say, then, with the poet:

"Sail on, O Union, strong and great, Humanity, with all its fears, With all its hopes of future years, Hangs breathless on thy fate."

THE PRESIDENT:

The next toast of the evening is "The Poet of the Day." Colonel Samuel B. Sumner will respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF COLONEL SUMNER.

Now, I want to know what kind of situation you suppose I am in at this hour of the night to respond to a toast after all these brilliant speeches have been made? And I want to ask that one thing be distinctly understood, that General PORTER has either stolen my manuscript, or else somebody else has got hold of my idea. I was just about to read three verses I have written. It only shows how great minds will run in the same direction:

I came to manufacture verse—
And here the lesson teach—
To rid myself of something worse—
A post-cœnatic speech.
If ever, in a person's life,
One gets "uncommon" dull.
It's after wielding fork and knife,
And feeling rather full.

But Scripture—both revised and old— Forbids me to complain; If urged by adversary bold One mile, go with him Twain. In Matthew's gospel runs the creed— The text is somewhat dark— It might have gained a better heed Interpreted by Mark.

But oh, how glad and proud am I
To sit beside this board,
Where Hope forecasts the by and by,
And vanished is restored.
I tell you, in a single word,
And in the briefest rhyme—
For all I've met and seen and heard,
I've had a royal time!

[Great applause.]

THE SOUTH END GLEE CLUB now sang "Tramp, Tramp," in the chorus of which the Society joined with great spirit.

General McMahon then read a despatch which he stated had been received from William Swinton, the author of the "Campaigns of the Army of the Potomac," too late to be read at the business meeting, that a reissue of that work was about to be made.

THE PRESIDENT:

The next toast is "THE PRESS," to which General Nelson A. Miles will respond. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF GENERAL MILES.

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC: The first notice I had that I was to be called upon this evening was in seeing my name on the list laid before us: and being asked to speak for the Press, I judge that I am pressed into service. It is a very late hour, but I will say a few words, and first, Mr. PRESIDENT, let me say that you could have selected from the eminent journalists that have gathered here, who by their culture, their power, and genius, have controlled the public opinion in this country, a worthier subject to respond to this toast. Unfortunately you have asked me to respond; why, I do not understand, but I will say a few words.

The Press can be used as an instrument of evil as well as of good, as we have seen. There were men when the cannon at Appomattox were silent, when the war-worn muskets were stacked, when

the swords were sheathed - I say there were men who took up the pen, who had been too timid to wield a sword, and accomplished with the pen what they had failed to do by the sword. They have undertaken to pollute the truth of history; they have undertaken to write down our cause in dishonor and shame; they have undertaken to establish in the minds of the people of this country and the world the belief that our cause was wrong; they have undertaken to prove to the world that the cause of secession, disunion, and everything that was wrong was right, and that what we fought for, and our comrades died for, was wrong; but I thank God that the loyal press of this country has given to the world the true verdict of what we fought for and maintained. The Press is one of the great educators of this country. There are three great educators—the pulpit, the forum, and last but not least, the Press.

It was the courage of the Press that dared to denounce the curse of slavery, the infamous doctrine of disunion, secession, and what was sure to follow them-everything that was wrong. The Press dared to denounce them. and to uphold the right. [Applause.] It was the loval Press of this country that aroused the spirit of the people to maintain what our fathers fought for a hundred years ago, and what has been maintained for a hundred years. It was the loval Press of this country that brought into action the two millions of true men who declared that there should be no disunion of the States; that they were bound by every sense of justice and right to hold together. It was the loval Press that warned the people of the dark cloud that was spreading over our land; it was the Press that carried to the homes of the people the intelligence of the wrong that was being done, the woes suffered, the agony our brethren were enduring in the South, and it was the loval Press of this country that carried the glad intelligence that we had finally conquered an everlasting victory. It was the Press of this country that wrote the verdict that we had accomplished what the patriots, the martyrs, and the heroes of the world had been fighting for, and that was-human rights, liberty, independence, and free thought. There is one power in this country that no iron heel of despotism, no imperial hand can crush out, and that is the power of the loyal Press of this country, and so long as we preserve that, so long as we maintain its purity, its honesty, its patriotism, so long will that freedom we fought for be maintained. It is the Press of this country that is carrying the intelligence of this meeting to fifty millions of people, to homes scattered throughout the country. It is the Press of the world, the intelligent Press of the world, that is lifting up free thought, independence, and patriotism throughout the civilized world; and I could respond to no more proper toast, for so long as we preserve such a Press, so long will patriotism and liberty be maintained in this country. If there is one profession that is especially worthy of the attention of the rising generation—the young men and boys of to-day—it is the Press, for the power of the journalist is greater than the power of any other class in our land. [Great applause.]

Three cheers for General MILES, and also for General SHERIDAN, were heartily given.

THE PRESIDENT:

Gentlemen: One toast remains: "The Ladies." General Woodford, to whom it was assigned, is detained by sickness, and I shall ask General Devens to respond. [Applause.]

RESPONSE OF GENERAL CHARLES DEVENS.

COMRADES: I have enjoyed this dinner more than usually well, for I saw the list of toasts and the programme, and I noticed that nothing was expected of me, and therefore I need not keep my attention on the matter of any response anticipated; and it is not a very comfortable thing to dine when you know you have got to make a speech after dinner.

I met last evening a very distinguished orator, and finding him unusually quiet, I asked him why he was so. He said, "Because I have an oration simmering inside of me," and that was your Orator of to-day. I have been exempt at any rate from any of the pains and difficulties of anticipation, but I could hardly have supposed that in the last toast which the President of this Association was to announce he would discharge such a Parthian shot and hurl it upon his successor. [Laughter.]

Of all men most unfit to respond to this toast, perhaps I am that man—an unfortunate bachelor struggling always to escape from that condition, but still firmly held in it. [Laughter.] But I do not intend to detain you by a recital of all my attempts to extricate myself. It would be a sad story, and doubly so because it would be a long one. [Laughter.] Yet here is this toast given to me, which ought to have been replied to by an orator like WOODFORD, to whom it was originally assigned. This is the toast which our Orator of to-day just now prayed might have been given to him as a theme for that impassioned speaker. What can I say of this any way? Every man here who is—as every man ought to be—a married man, stands in a far better position than I to respond to "The Ladies," even if I could make the most splendid speech that ever fell from the lips of a Webster. There is sense in the novel of the "Vicar of Wakefield," and I advise you to read it, Mr.

Chairman, if you have not done so recently, especially for the sake of the first sentence. I think I repeat almost the very words, because they struck me as containing the veritable truth when I read them: "I have always considered him to be a better citizen who married and raised up a large family, rather than he who remained single and talked on the subject of population." [Laughter.]

But, comrades, when we speak of this toast we ought always to remember that in all great conflicts such as that through which we have passed—that in a great desolating strife which draws into it all the blood of the nation, woman is a greater sufferer than man. [Applause.] It ought to be remembered that if it is for man the immediate danger, for him also is the stern joy and excitement of the conflict, while it is hers alone to wait and watch and still to wait. Think of the mothers who gave up their sons; think of the wives who gave up their husbands; think of the girls who gave up their lovers—and remember what they bore, what they suffered, by the far deeper than any suffering of ours. It was for her the long hours of anxious weary watching and waiting. When I recall all the noble stories in which the literature of the old world abounds, for which we are the richer, commemorating the sufferings of women, I find them all paralleled in our own war. read of the Spartan mother who, as she gave her son his shield, exhorted him to return with it or upon it. Yet how many a mother has sent forth her son, anxious indeed that he shall return, but anxious that he shall return with honor only. [Applause.]

I remember being struck in English literature once with what seemed to me a beautiful story of Commodore BARCLAY, who commanded the British fleet defeated by Commodore Perry upon Lake Erie. He was severely wounded, so severely that he went back to England to be a cripple for life. He was engaged to a noble English woman, and he wrote her when he returned that he was ready to release her from her contract of marriage; that she could only be a nurse to him; that his life by this desolating wound was made a ruin, and that he was a cripple for ever, and he felt in honor bound to say to her that he relinquished her from her promise if she so desired. And the noble English woman answered him that she was ready to marry him if there was enough of his body left to contain his soul. [Applause.] I have seen that story paralleled in the color-bearer of the Twenty-third Massachusetts Regiment who came home without arms, and the brave Yankee girl to whom he was engaged said, "It makes no difference, I shall only have to work a little harder." [Applause.] Upon them rather than upon us have been the sufferings of the conflict, and to the inspiration of their patriotism our courage owes its excitement.

Even in the rebel states, even in Richmond when our flag came there, I knew there were eyes of many that were wet as they gazed upon its starry folds. It was my own good fortune to command the Division of this army which entered Richmond. [Applause.] The Division was not engaged in any but a mere skirmish conflict, and the next day I went to call upon two ladies, a mother and daughter residing there, of whom I have often heard from time to time, friends of Colonel PAUL REVERE and Dr. JOHN REVERE, both of whom were prisoners in the early part of the war, and had been watched and tended by these ladies until they had been forced to abandon their visits to Libby Prison. PAUL and JOHN were no more, for they had gallantly yielded their lives at Gettysburg. I went to call on these ladies. They resided in one of the houses in the lower part of Richmond, and had a river and a street front, and as I walked out I found them on the piazza of the river front. The elder lady told me something of what she had suffered, and told me of the night when they knew the rebel army was leaving Richmond. "All night long," she said, "we heard the rolling of the baggage wagons and artillery, and we knew that the thing was over, and when morning had come we came out on this piazza to wait." And she pointed down to where the New-Market road made a strip in the hills by which we had advanced that morning, and she said to me: "First they seemed to come along all scattered: why was that?" I explained to her of course that it was the skirmishers in front. "Then in a moment," said she, "up came, over the hill, a glancing column of bayonets, and before it moved the American flag." "General," said she. "it was four years since I had seen it, and my daughter and I sank down together upon this piazza and thanked God that He had permitted us to see it come, and come in triumph." [Applause.]

I detain you, perhaps, too long, but I seek only as I close, to close as General Sickles and Mr. Dougherty have done, with something like a sentiment:

Woman, when the achievements of the army are written, her inspiration, her exertions, her sufferings, shall not be forgotten. [Great applause.]

THE BUMMERS' MEETING.

THE regular toasts of the evening having been disposed of, the PRESIDENT announced that the Bummers' Meeting was in order.

Owing to the absence of General Sharpe, the Chairman of the Bunniers, General McQuade was called upon to act in his place, but it was presently ascertained that he was reported "missing." Colonel Cole thereupon took the chair, and endeavored to disorganize the meeting.

A despatch was read from General SHARPE, wherein he asked to be commended to the prayers of the Bummers as one *in extremis*.

Resolutions were passed directing General Sharpe and General McQuade to be court-martialled at the next meeting for desertion.

Comic recitations were delivered by Colonel Cole, Lieutenant MILLER, and others, and the Glee Club sang several comic songs, in which the company joined with all grades of musical ability, each pitching the tunes to suit himself.

The Society adjourned in time for breakfast.



CONSTITUTION

OF THE

Society of the Army of the Potomuc,

As Adopted at the Meeting of the Society held at Steinway Hall, New York, Monday and Tuesday, July 5th and 6th, 1869, and subsequently amended.

ARTICLE I.

SEC. 1.—This Association shall be known by the name and title of "THE SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC," and shall include every officer and enlisted man who has at any time served with honor in that Army, and been honorably discharged therefrom, or remains in service in the regular Army, who shall have given his assent to the Constitution and By-Laws of the Society, and paid his initiation fee.

SEC. 2.—Honorary members may, from time to time, be elected from those who have served with distinction in any of the other Armies, or in the Navy of the United States.

ARTICLE II.

The object of this Society shall be to cherish the memories and associations of the Army of the Potomac; to strengthen the ties of fraternal fellowship and sympathy formed from companionship in that Army; to perpetuate the name and fame of those who have fallen either on the field of battle or in the line of duty with that Army; to collect and preserve the record of its great achievements, its numerous and well-contested battles, its campaigns, marches, and skirmishes.

ARTICLE III.

Sec. 1.—The officers of the Society shall consist of a President, one Vice-President from each of the following named Corps, viz.:

1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 19th, the Signal or other Corps which have been at any time connected with the Army of the Potomac, Cavalry, Artillery, and one from the General Staff, a Corresponding Secretary, a Recording Secretary, and a Treasurer.

SEC. 2.—These officers shall be elected at each annual meeting for the ensuing year. The President, Corresponding Secretary, Recording Secretary, and Treasurer shall be chosen by ballot by a majority vote of all the members of the Society present. No debate upon the merits of the candidate shall be in order.

The Vice-President shall be chosen by the members of each corps, by a majority vote of the members of the respective corps present.

SEC. 3.—The Society shall meet annually: the time and place of each succeeding meeting to be selected by ballot at every Reunion. All members of the Society who may be prevented by any cause from personally attending are expected to notify the Corresponding Secretary, and to impart such information in regard to themselves as they may think proper, and which may be of interest to their brethren of the Society.

SEC. 4.—Having a fraternal feeling for, and knowing the glorious efforts of our brothers in arms belonging to other Armies, and the Navy who have shared with us the service of saving our government, the President and either of the Vice-Presidents shall be authorized to invite the attendance of any officer of the United States Armies or Navy at any of the meetings.

ARTICLE IV.

Political or any other discussions foreign to the purposes of this Society as set forth in this Constitution, at any of the meetings, or any proceeding of such a tendency, are declared inimical to the purposes of this organization and are prohibited.

ARTICLE V.

This Constitution may be altered or amended at any regular meeting of the Society, provided the alteration or amendment proposed is submitted in writing, and filed with the Recording Secretary at least three months before the regular meeting at which it is proposed to present the same; and provided further, that two-thirds of the members present at such meeting vote in favor thereof.

BY-LAWS.

- 1. Every officer and enlisted man desiring to become a member of this Society shall, upon giving his assent to the Constitution, pay to the Treasurer the sum of one dollar as an initiation fee, and each year thereafter the sum of two dollars as annual dues, and shall thereupon be entitled to a copy of the proceedings of the Society, when published, free of charge.
- 2. No member shall be entitled to vote who shall be in arrears.
- 3. The diploma of membership, and the badge which shall be adopted by the Society, shall be delivered to each member on payment of a fixed sum sufficient to cover the cost thereof.
- 4. The Treasurer shall disburse all the moneys of the Society upon the order of the Executive Committee, attested by the signature of the Chairman, and shall at each annual meeting make a report in detail of his receipts and disbursements.

The Treasurer shall be required to give bonds in the amount of ten thousand dollars, to be approved by the Executive Committee.

- 5. When the place of the annual meeting shall be decided upon, the President shall appoint an Executive Committee of one member from each of the corps enumerated in Article III., Section 1, of the Constitution, whose duty it shall be to make all needful preparations and arrangements for such meeting. The Committee thus appointed shall be selected, as far as practicable, from the residents of the place of meeting.
- 6. No member of this Society shall speak more than once on any subject or question of business, and no longer than five minutes, without the consent of the Society first obtained.
- 7. The successive Executive Committee shall in due session select an Orator from the members of the Society to deliver an address appropriate to the occasion at each annual meeting.

- 8. The Recording Secretary shall cause a book of records to be kept exhibiting the address and occupation of every member of this Society.
- 9. The President shall appoint Tellers for the elections required by the Constitution.

The elections, except at the first meeting, shall not take place until after the address has been delivered.

Prior to balloting for the place for holding the next annual meeting the President shall appoint a Committee of five, who shall report three places for the meeting, and the balloting shall be confined to the places named.

10. The election of officers shall be conducted as follows:

First.—A ballot for President, to be continued until some member receives a majority of the votes cast.

Second.—A ballot for Vice-Presidents by Corps.

Third.—A ballot for Corresponding Secretary, Recording Secretary, and Treasurer, on a single ticket, the balloting to be continued until these officers are elected by a majority of the votes cast.

In balloting for officers other than the Vice-Presidents the votes shall be deposited in a box in charge of the Tellers, placed in front of the platform, and the Corps shall vote in succession in the order named in Article III., Section 1, of the Constitution.

- 11. In the absence of the President, the Vice-President senior in rank in the volunteer service present at the meeting shall preside.
- 12. The Recording Secretary must notify all the officers of the Society, and the Executive Committee, of any proposed amendment of the Constitution immediately upon receipt thereof, and publish the same in such journals as the President may direct.
- 13. A full report of each meeting shall be printed, and copies forwarded to every member entitled to receive the same.
- 14. Honorary members may be elected by a three-fourths vote of the members present at any annual meeting.
- 15. A majority vote of all the members present at any regular meeting shall be required to alter or amend these By-Laws.
- 16. Cushing's Manual of Parliamentary Law shall be the authority for the government and regulation of all; meetings of this Society.

OFFICERS, 1869.

PRESIDENT.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL P. H. SHERIDAN, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Major-General John Newton, U. S. A.

Second Corps—Major-General W. S. Hancock, U. S. A.

Third Corps—Major-General S. P. Heintzelman, U. S. A.

Fourth Corps—Major-General Silas Casey, U. S. A.

Fifth Corps—Major-General Joshua Chamberlain, U. S. V.

Sixth Corps—Major-General Horatio G. Wright, U. S. A.

Ninth Corps—Major-General John G. Parke, U. S. V.

Eleventh Corps—Major-General O. O. Howard, U. S. A.

Twelfth Corps—Major-General H. W. Slocum, U. S. A.

Cavalry Corps—Major-General Alfred Pleasanton, U. S. A.

Artillery Corps—Byt. Major-General Henry J. Hunt, U. S. A.

General Staff—Major-General A. A. Humphreys, U. S. A.

TREASURER.

Major-General H. E. DAVIES, JR., U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Major-General GEORGE H. SHARPE, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

OFFICERS, 1870.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL GEORGE G. MEADE, U.S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Major-General John Newton, U. S. A.
Second Corps—Brigadier-General J. T. Owens, U. S. V.
Third Corps—Major-General Gershom Mott, U. S. V.
Fourth Corps—Major-General Silas Casey, U. S. A.
Fifth Corps—Major-General Joshua L. Chamberlain, U. S. V.
Sixth Corps—Major-General H. G. Wright, U. S. A.
Ninth Corps—Major-General R. B. Potter, U. S. A.
Eleventh Corps—Byt. Major-General Adelbert Ames, U. S. A.
Twelfth Corps—Major-General A. S. Williams, U. S. V.
Artillery Corps—Byt. Major-General H. J. Hunt, U. S. A.
Cavalry Corps—Byt. Major-General D. McM. Gregg, U. S. V.
General Staff—Byt. Major-General Rufus Ingalls, U. S. A

TREASURER.

Major-General H. E. DAVIES, JR., U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Byt Major-General George H. Sharpe, U.S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

OFFICERS, 1871.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL JOSEPH HOOKER, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Major-General J. C. Robinson, U. S. V.

Second Corps—Bvt. Major-General A. S. Webb, U. S. V.

Third Corps—Bvt. Major-General C. K. Graham, U. S. V.

Fourth Corps—Bvt. Major-General James Jourdan, U. S. V.

Fifth Corps—Bvt. Brigadier-General J. B. Sweitzer, U. S. V.

Sixth Corps—Major-General H. G. Wright, U. S. A.

Ninth Corps—Major-General J. G. Parke, U. S. V.

Eleventh Corps—Bvt. Brigadier-General S. L. Woodford, U. S. V.

Twelfth Corps—Bvt. Major-General G. S. Greene, U. S. V.

General Staff—Bvt. Brig.-General S. F. Barstow, U. S. A.

Cavalry Corps—Bvt. Major-General H. B. Sargent, U. S. V.

Artillery Corps—Bvt. Major-General H. J. Hunt, U. S. A.

TREASURER.

Major-General H. E. DAVIES, JR., U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Major-General GEO. H. SHARPE, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

OFFICERS, 1872.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL A. E. BURNSIDE, U. S. V.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Byt. Major-General Solomon Meredith, U. S. V. Second Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. Clinton D. McDougal, U. S. V. Third Corps—Major-General D. E. Sickles, U. S. A. Fourth Corps—Colonel James Fairman, U. S. V. Fifth Corps—Byt. Brigadier-General Fred. T. Locke, U. S. V. Sixth Corps—Major-General Horatio G. Wright, U. S. A. Ninth Corps—Byt. Major-General John F. Hartranft, U. S. V. Eleventh Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, U. S. V. Twelfth Corps—Major-General A. S. Williams, U. S. V. General Staff—Byt. Brigadier-General W. G. Le Duc, U. S. A. Cavalry Corps—Byt. Major-General J. B. McIntosh, U. S. A. Artillery Corps—Byt. Major-General Henry J. Hunt, U. S. A.

TREASURER.

Major-General H. E. DAVIES, JR., U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Major-General GEO. H. SHARPE, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

OFFICERS, 1873.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL IRWIN MCDOWELL, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Byt. Major-General Solomon Meredith, U. S. V. Second Corps—Major-General John Gibbon, U. S. V. Third Corps—Byt. Brigadier-General H. E. Tremaine, U. S. V. Fourth Corps—Colonel James Fairman, U. S. V. Fifth Corps—Byt. Major-General Henry A. Barnum, U. S. V. Sixth Corps—Byt. Major-General Alexander Shaler, U. S. V. Ninth Corps—Major-General R. B. Potter, U. S. A. Eleventh Corps—Byt. Major-General Adelbert Ames, U. S. A. Twelfth Corps—Byt. Major-General Geo. W. Mindill, U. S. V. General Staff—Byt. Brigadier-General W. G. Le Duc, U. S. A. Cavalry Corps—Byt. Major-General J. B. McIntosh, U. S. A. Artillery Corps—Byt. Major-General Henry J. Hunt, U. S. A.

TREASURER.

Major-General H. E. DAVIES, JR., U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Major-General GEO. H. SHARPE, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

OFFICERS, 1874.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL W. S. HANCOCK, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Major A. Wilson Norris, U. S. V.

Second Corps—Byt. Brigadier-General Wm. M. Mintzer, U. S. V.

Third Corps—Major-General S. P. Heintzelman, U. S. A.

Fifth Corps—Byt. Brigadier-General Andrew Derrom, U. S. V.

Sixth Corps—Byt. Major-General Alexander Shaler, U. S. V.

Seventh Corps—Major-General O. B. Wilcox, U. S. A.

Eleventh Corps—Byt. Major-General A. B. Underwood, U. S. V.

Twelfth Corps—Brigadier-General S. M. Zulich, U. S. V.

General Staff—Colonel J. C. Biddle, U. S. V.

Cavalry Corps—Byt. Major-General J. B. McIntosh, U. S. A.

Artillery Corps—Byt. Major-General Henry J. Hunt, U. S. A.

TREASURER.

Major-General H. E. DAVIES, JR., U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Major-General Geo. H. Sharpe, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. CHURCH, U. S. V.

N. B.—No meeting was held in 1875.

OFFICERS, 1876.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN F. HARTRANFT, U. S. V.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Byt. Brigadier-General Edmund L. Dana, U. S. V. Second Corps—Major-General A. A. Humphreys, U. S. A. Third Corps—Byt. Major-General Chas. H. T. Collis, U. S. V. Fourth Corps—Byt. Colonel Horatio C. King, U. S. V. Fifth Corps—Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Synex, U. S. A. Sixth Corps—Byt. Major-General M. T. McMahon, U. S. V. Ninth Corps—Byt. Brigadier-General G. N. McKibbon, U. S. V. Ninth Corps—Major-General Chas. Devens, U. S. V. Twelfth Corps—Major-General H. W. Slocum, U. S. A. General Staff—Byt. Lieutenant-Colonel Geo. Meade, U. S. A. Cavalry Corps—Byt. Major-General D. McM. Gregg, U. S. V. Artillery Corps—Colonel R. Bruce Ricketts, U. S. V.

TREASURER.

Major-General H. E. DAVIES, JR., U. S. V

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Major-General Geo. H. Sharpe, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

OFFICERS, 1877.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY W. SLOCUM, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Bvt. Brigadier-General Edmund L. Dana, U. S. V. Second Corps—Major Joseph H. Stiner, U. S. V.
Third Corps—Colonel Michael W. Burns, U. S. V.
Fourth Corps—General Innis N. Palmer, U. S. A.
Fifth Corps—Colonel J. W. Mahan, U. S. V.
Sixth Corps—Colonel Elisha H. Rhodes, U. S. V.
Ninth Corps—Brigadier-General Edward Jardine, U. S. V.
Eleventh Corps—Major-General Chas. Devens, U. S. V.
Twelfth Corps—Brigadier-General James L. Selfridge, U. S. V.
General Staff—Colonel Geo. G. Meade, U. S. A.
Cavalry Corps—Bvt Brig.-Gen. Horace Binney Sargent, U. S. V.
Artillery Corps—General R. Bruce Ricketts, U. S. V.

TREASURER.

Bvt. Major-General M. T. McMahon, U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Colonel HORATIO C. KING, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Brigadier-General T. F. RODENBOUGH, U. S. A.

OFFICERS, 1878.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Colonel W. G. Veazey, U. S. V.

Second Corps—Byt. Colonel Theron E. Parsons, U. S. V.

Third Corps—Colonel M. B. Lakeman, U. S. V.

Fourth Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. Innis N. Palmer, U. S. A.

Fifth Corps—Byt. Maj.-Gen. James A. McQuade, U. S. V.

Sixth Corps—Lt. Colonel David I. Miln, U. S. V.

Ninth Corps—Byt. Maj.-Gen. Edward Jardine, U. S. V.

Eleventh Corps—Byt. Maj.-General Chas. Devens, U. S. V.

Twelfth Corps—Byt. Maj.-Gen. H. A. Barnum, U. S. V.

General Staff—Byt. Lt. Colonel Geo. Meade, U. S. V.

Cavalry Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. Horace Binney Sargent, U. S. V.

Artillery Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. R. B. Ricketts, U. S. V.

Signal Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. B. F. Fisher, U. S. V.

TREASURER.

Bvt. Maj.-Gen. M. T. McMahon, U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Colonel HORATIO C. KING, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Brig.-Gen. T. F. RODENBOUGH, U. S. A.

OFFICERS, 1879.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL DANIEL E. SICKLES, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Byt. Major-General George J. Stannard, U. S. V. Second Corps—Colonel George F. Hopper, U. S. V. Third Corps—Major-General Joseph B. Carr, U. S. V. Fourth Corps—Colonel John G. Farnsworth, U. S. V. Fifth Corps—Byt. Brig.-General Frederick T. Locke, U. S. V. Sixth Corps—Major-General Charles Devens, U. S. V. Ninth Corps—Byt. Major-General Edward Jardine, U. S. V. Ninth Corps—Captain Carl Schurr, U. S. V. Twelfth Corps—Brigadier-General James E. Selfridge, U. S. V. General Staff—Major-General A. A. Humphreys, U. S. A. Cavalry Corps—Byt. Major-General John B. McIntosh, U. S. A. Artillery Corps—Byt. Major-General Henry J. Hunt, U. S. A. Signal Corps—Captain F. R. Shattuck, U. S. V.

TREASURER.

Bvt. Major-General M. T. McMahon, U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Byt. Colonel Horatio C. King, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

Byt. Major-General George H. Sharpe, U. S. V.

OFFICERS, 1880.

PRESIDENT.

MAJOR-GENERAL HORATIO G. WRIGHT, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

First Corps—Major-General John C. Robinson, U. S. A.
Second Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. James B. Coit, U. S. V.
Third Corps—Lt. Col. W. A. Rafferty, U. S. V.
Fourth Corps—Brig.-Gen. Innis N. Palmer, U. S. V.
Fifth Corps—Byt. Lt. Col. J. Stuart Lowery, U. S. V.
Sixth Corps—Brig.-Gen. James M. Warner, U. S. V.
Ninth Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. Herbert H. McKibben, U. S. V.
Eleventh Corps—Maj.-Gen. Henry W. Slocum, U. S. V.
Twelfth Corps—Byt. Brig.-Gen. William Cresswell, U. S. V.
General Staff—Col. Geo. G. Meade, U. S. A.
Cavalry Corps—Brig.-Gen. Wells, U. S. V.
Artillery Corps—Byt. Maj.-Gen. Henry J. Hunt, U. S. A.
Signal Corps—Gen. B. F. Fisher, U. S. V.

TREASURER.

Bvt. Maj.-Gen. M. T. McMahon, U. S. V.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Col. H. C. King, U. S. V.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

Bvt. Maj.-Gen. GEORGE H. SHARPE, U. S. V.

For Officers for 1881, see beginning of Proceedings.



LIST OF MEMBERS

OF THE

Society of the Army of the Potomac.

ALL NAMES MARKED * DECEASED.

NOTE.—The figures indicate the date when each member joined the Society. Where a number of names are grouped under one date it denotes that all joined that year.

Date. Andrews, Geo. L., Bvt. Col. U. S. A...............Providence, R. I. 1859 Alvord, Henry E., Maj. 2d Mass. Cav., Capt. Cav. U. S. A. Auchmuty, R. C., Col New York City. Aldritch, H. L., Capt. 106th N. Y. V. ... St. Louis, Mo. Anderson, Patrick, Capt. 12th N. Y. V.... .. Hudson City, N. J. Arnold, Henry L., Byt. Col. 136th N. Y. V......Geneseo, N. Y. Ammon, Beach, C., Capt. 53d Pa. V......Fairfield, Pa. Abbott, Thomas, Capt. 42d N. Y. V............................ New York City. Alexander, Wm., Capt. & A. D. C. 1st N. Y. Cav... Jersey City, N. J. Asch, M. J., Surg. & Bvt. Maj. U. S. A...... New York City. Allen, Henry, Lt. Col. 17th Conn. V......New Haven, Conn. Averill, W. W., Bvt. Maj. Gen......New York City. Atlee, Abram S., 2d Lt. 1st N. Y. Lt. Art'y..... Allen, Samuel H., 1st Me. Cav..... Thomaston, Me. Ames, Geo. L., Capt. & Bvt. Col. C. S......Salem, Mass. Anderson, John, 2d Lt. 18th U. S. Inf'y........Washington, D. C. Aspinwall, Lloyd, Brig. Gen. N. Y. S. M New York City. Asper, J. T., Lt. Col. 7th Ohio Vol 1870 Ames, Adelbert, Bvt. Maj. Gen.....Lowell, Mass. Allen, J. B., Lt. & Q. M. 72d Pa. V......Philadelphia, Pa. Alleman, H. C., Lt. Col. 127th Pa. V..... Albro, Geo. E., 1st Lt. 24th U. S. Inf'y...........Nashville, Tenn. Amory, Chas. W., 1st Lt. 2d Mass. Cav.....Boston, Mass.

Appleton, Nathan, 1st Lt. & Bvt. Capt. 5th Mass.	
Battery, Artillery, Brigade Boston, Mass.	
Alger, R. A., Bvt. Brig. Gen Detroit, Mich.	1872
Andrews, L. G., Asst. Surgeon	
Anthony, Joseph, Maj. 129th Pa. Vol	1874
Andres, Hiram, Capt. C. S. & Bvt. MajPhiladelphia, Pa.	1876
Allen, Harry W., Pvt. C Co., 121st Pa. V do	10.0
Austin, John H., Surgeon U. S. V Camden, N. J.	
Arnold, Fred. A., Pvt. D Co. 2d R. I. Vol Providence, R. I.	1877
Allen, F. G., Lt. Col do	1878
Adams, Jno. G. B. Capt. 19th Mass	10.0
Anderson, Thos. M., Lt. Col. U. S. A	1879
	1019
Annesley, Rich. L., Capt. 43d N. Y. & Bvt. Maj Albany, N. Y.	
Alden, Alonzo, Col., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 169th N. Y. Vol. Troy, N. Y.	40/00
Benyard, W. W. H., Bvt. Maj. Engineers Washington, D. C.	1869
Britt, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen	
Brown, B. B., Bvt. Maj. 1st N. J. V Hoboken, N. J.	
Babcock, O. E., Bvt. Brig. Gen	
Bonaffon, S., Lt. Col	
Burt, M. W., Col. 22d Mass. Vol	
Burns, W. W., Bvt. Brig. GenSan Francisco, Cal.	
Bowerman, R. N., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md.	
Bullard, Willard, Bvt. Maj. 74th N. Y. V New York City.	
Brownell, F. E., 1st Lt. 11th U. S. Inf'y Springfield, Mo.	
Benson, John L., Capt 191st Pa. V	
Beaumont, M. H., Col. 1st N. J. Cav New York City.	
Burritt, J. N., Capt. 56th Pa. V Washington, D. C.	
Burleigh, John L., ColNew York City.	
*Bendix, John E., Bvt. Brig. Gen do	
Beattie, John, Col. 156th N. Y. V do	
Butler, J. H., Capt. 32d N. Y. V do	
Bartruff, Chas. M., Byt. Lt. Col. 14th N. J. V do	
Baird, T. W., Major 82d N. Y. V do	
Burdett, John S Parkersburg, W. Va.	
Barber, A. P., Capt. 2d Pa. Art'y	
Biddle, J. C., Col. & A. D. C. Hdqrs. A. P Philadelphia, Pa.	
*Bell, John H., Bvt. Brig. GenNew York City.	
Barstow, S. F., Bvt. Brig. Gen. & A. D. C Washington, D. C.	
Bigelow, Lucius, Sgt. 5th Vt. V New York City.	
Botticher, Paul G., Capt. 58th N. Y. V Newark, N. J.	
Brady, John H., Capt. 84th N. Y. VNew York City.	
*Blake, Asa L., Private 71st N. Y. V do	
*Brown, Luther, Maj. 110th Ohio VSpringfield, O.	
Binkley, Otto H., Col. 110th Ohio VTroy, O.	
Brown, T. Frederick, Byt. Lt. Col	
Diown, I. Picuciick, Dvt. In. Coi Cincinnati, O.	

Boughton, Wm. D., Capt. 49th N. Y. VNew York City.	1869
Barnum, Henry A., Bvt. Maj. Gen	1000
Burns, Michael W., Col. 73d N. Y. V do	
Boyd, William, A., 1st Lt. 62d N. Y. V do	
Birdseye, M. B., Lt. Col. 2d N. Y. CavBinghamton, N. Y.	
Benedict, James, Bvt. Maj. & C. S Philadelphia, Pa.	
*Batchelder, Geo. A., Col. 22d Mass. V Yankton, Dakota Ter.	
Butterfield, Daniel, Maj. GenNew York City.	
*Brewster, Wm. R., Bvt. Maj. GenBrooklyn, N. Y.	
Burnside, Ambrose E., Maj. Gen Providence, R. I.	
Brackett, Levi Curtis, Bvt. Maj. & A. D. C New York City.	
*Bachia, R. N., Col Philadelphia, Pa.	
Becker, Alex. R., Act. Asst. SurProvidence, R. I.	
Burke, T. J., Bvt. Col. 164th N. Y. V New York City.	
Book, Geo. H., Capt. 82d Pa. V	
Barber, Merritt, Capt. 16th U. S. Inf'y Washington, D. C.	
Bates, Robt. F., Lt. 18th U. S. Inf'y do	
Beare, John W., Capt. 5th N. H. VFt. Selden, New Mex.	
Browning, Geo. L., Capt. 7th U. S. Inf'yWashington, D. C.	
Burbank, S., Bvt. Brig. GenNewport, Ky.	1870
Bingham, Henry H., Bvt. Brig. GenPhiladelphia, Pa.	10.0
Bernard, Geo., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 65th N. Y do	
Bradley, G. W., Col. & Q. M Fort Union, New Mex.	
Bankerd, Josiah, Capt. & A. A. G	
Benss, Chas., Capt. 45th N. Y. V	
Bachelder, R. N., Col. & A. Q. M. Hdq. A. P Manchester, N. H.	
Bingham, J. T., Sgt. Battery	
Beck, W. Butler, Bvt. Lt. Col. U. S. A. 5th Art. Washington, D. C.	
Balloch, Geo. W., Brig. Gen do	
Barthman, Wm., Capt. 20th N. Y. V	
Betts, C. F., Capt. 17th Conn. V	
Banford, John, Lt. & Q. M. 2d N. J. V Camden, N. J.	
Burritt, Loren, Bvt. Lt. Col. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Brinton, Robt. M., Bvt. Lt. Col. 2d Pa. Cav do	
Baxter, D. W. C., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 72d Pa. V do	
Bleyler, Florence, Private 12th N. J. V do	
Bowen, Ed. R., Major 114th Pa. A do	
Barnard, George M., Capt. & Bvt. Col. 18th	
Mass. VBoston, Mass.	
*Bartlett, Wm. F., Brig. & Bvt. Maj. GenPittsfield, Mass.	1871
Brueninghausen, E. W., Major 58th N. Y.	
Vet. V Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Baldwin, B. W., Capt. 61st Pa. VNew York City.	
Barstow, George F., 1st Lt. 3d Art'y U. S. A. Ft. Schuyler, N. Y. H.	

Benson, Andrew M., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 1st Me.	
CavPortland, Me.	1871
Briggs, Henry S., Gen Pittsfield, Mass.	
*Bixby, P. P., Col. 6th N. H Concord, N. H.	
Burnside, J. O. P., Col. 71st Ill. V Washington, D. C.	
Bigelow, W. O., Capt. 2d Md. V Annapolis, Md.	
Butts, Frank B., 1st R. I. Lt. Art'yProvidence, R. I.	
Bigelow, George H., 2d Lt. 12th Vt. VBurlington, Vt.	
Benedict, George G., Lt. & A. D. C do	
Broadwell, John A., Private Batt'y B, N. J. VNewark, N. J.	
Ballier, John E., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 98th	
Pa. V	1872
Baxter, C. K., Lt. 19th Ind. V Waterloo, Ind.	
Bond, R., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 67th Ohio V Toledo, O.	
Britton, C. A., Bvt. Col. 1st N. Y. Cav	
*Brinker, John H., Capt. 107th Ohio V do	
Bell, J. M., Capt. 7th U. S. Cav	
Burke, D. F., Brig. GenNew York City.	1873
Brewster, H. M., Capt. 57th N. Y. V Springfield, Mass.	
Beal, Geo. L., Bvt. Maj. Gen Portland, Me.	
Bradford, Wm. J., 1st Lt. 2d R. I. VolsProvidence, R. I.	
Bowers, Chas E., Lt. 32d Mass. VBoston, Mass.	
Bush, A. L., Lt. 37th Mass. V	
Brown, Wm. H., 1st Lt. 1st Conn. H'y Art'y New Haven, Conn.	
Butler, J. Hartwell, 1st Lt. 2d U. S. Art'y New York City.	
Brown, Benj. E., Musician 27th Conn. V New Haven, Conn.	
Baker, C. C., Col. 39th N. Y. V New York City.	
Beaver, Jas. A., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 148th	
Pa. VolBellefonte, Pa.	1874
Brightbill, Benj., Sergt. 12th Pa. Vol	
Bertolette, John D., Col. & Asst. Adj. Gen Mauch Chunk, Pa.	
Bingham, Ed. B, Q. M. Sgt. 21st N. J. Vol Newark, N. J.	1875
Brisbane, Wm., Bvt. Brig. Gen Philadelphia, Pa.	1876
Brockway, C. B., Capt. 1st Pa. Art'yBloomsburg, Pa.	
Brown, Geo. L., Sgt. 71st Pa. Vol. Cav Philadelphia, Pa.	
Boyd, R. M., Maj. 1st N. J. CavNew Hope, Pa.	
Benton, J. W., Capt. C Co. 26th Pa. VolPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Bachelder, John B. (Honorary)Boston, Mass.	
Brayton, Chas. R., Gen. 3d R. I. Art'yProvidence, R. I.	1877
Baker, Allen, Jr., Capt. 1st R. I. Cav do	
Burnham, John H., Lt. Col. 16th Conn. Vol	
Beirne, Michael, Sgt. Maj. 102d N. Y. VolPassaic, N. J.	
Billings, John D., Pvt. 10th Mass. Art'yCambridgeport, Mass.	
Bowen, Amos M., 1st Lt. 2d R. I. VolProvidence, R. I.	•
Brown, Stephen H., Capt. 2d R. I. VolWoonsocket, R. I.	

Barton, T. A., 1st Lt. 58th Mass, Vol Providence, R. I. Brooke, John R., Byt. Maj. Gen	1877
Bailey, P. S., Capt. 27th Mass	1878
Burrows, Charles, 1st Mass. H. A	1879
Brown, Allen G. P., Capt. 24th N. Y. Cav. Brooklyn, N. Y. Bray, Jos. B., 1st Sgt. Home Bat. B. & L., 2d U. S. Art'y Orange, N. J. Bailey, Myron W., Sgt. 3d Vt. St. Albans, Vt. Brainerd, A. O., Reg. Q. M. 5th Vt. do Babbitt, John W., L. Col. 9th N. H. Kane, N. H. Butterfield, Frank G., Lt. Col. 6th Vt. Saxton's River, Vt Beattie, Alex'r M., Capt. 3d Vt. V. Lancaster, N. H.	1880
Bryant, Geo. D., Pvt 1st Vt. Cav	1881
Casey, Silas, Maj. Gen	1869

Catlin, Robt., Capt
Carroll, Wm., Bvt. Lt. Col. & Asst. SurgPhiladelphia, Pa.
*Cartwright, Thos. W., Capt. 63d N. Y. V New York City.
Crosby, J. T., Maj. 6th N. Y. Art'y do
Carl, Louis A., Capt. 4th Md. V Baltimore, Md.
Carter, Thos. E., Major 157th Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.
Clark, Gideon, Bvt. Brig. Gen. 119th Pa. V do
Church, W. C., Bvt. Lt. Col. & C. S New York City.
Cooper, Poinsett, Capt. 42d N. Y. V do
*Clark, Edward P., 1st Lt
Crosby, Hiram B., Col. 21st Conn. VNorwich, Conn.
Clayton, Benj. F., Bvt. Col. 102d N. Y. VBrooklyn, N. Y.
Clark, A. M., Bvt. Lt. Col. & Surg Belleville, N. J.
Clark, E. C., Bvt. Maj. 107th N. Y. V Dubuque, Iowa.
Chamberlin, Thos., Lt. Col. 150th Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.
Cranford, II. L., Maj. & C. S
Chamberlain, T. D., Bvt. Col. 20th Me. V New York City.
Cochran, J. B., Capt. 7th Md. VJersey City, N. J.
Coutan, Chas. W., Maj. 10th N. Y. V New York City.
Coddington, Clifford, Capt. 51st N. Y. V Kingston, N. Y.
Chester, Stephen, Lt. Col. 15th N. Y. Eng New York City.
Connor, Selden, Brig. Gen. Vols
Cochrane, John, Brig. Gen. Vols
Crosby, J. Schuyler, Lt. Col. & A. D. CFlorence, Italy.
Cotler, Richard, Byt. Brig. Gen. 11th Pa. VPittsburg, Pa.
Cummins, Francis M., Col. 124th N. Y. V
Carr, Philip, Capt. 69th N. Y. V
Crandell, Levi, Col. 125th N. Y. V do
Campbell, Peter, 2d Lt. 14th N. Y. H. Art'yNorwich, Conn.
Coit, Jas. B., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 14th Conn. V do
Carson, John H., 1st Lt. 4th Del. VNew York City.
Cadwalader, Chas. E., Byt. Lt. C. & A. D. C Philadelphia, Pa.
Cogswell, Wm. S., Lt. Col. 5th Conn. V Brooklyn, N. Y.
Cronin, David E., Byt. Maj. 1st N. Y. M. RflsNew York City.
Carr, Gouverneur, Col. 165th N. Y. V do
Colgate, C. G., Col. 14th N. Y. Eng do
Cronert, Fred., Capt. 2d N. Y. Cav Birmingham, Conn.
Cornell, C. H., Capt. 95th N. Y. V
Cross, Nelson, Bvt. Maj. Gen
Comyn, Chas. M., Col. 122d Ohio V do
Cantine, J. J., Bvt. Maj. & A. D. C. 137th N. Y. V. do
Camblos, H. S., Quartermaster
Conyngham, Charles, MajWilkesbarre, Pa.
*Cooper, Frederick, Lt. Col. 7th N. J. VJersey City, N. J.
Chartres, Duke de, Capt. & A. D. C Paris, France.
Chartres, Duke de, Capt. & A. D. C Paris, France.

Carman, E. A., Byt. Brig. Gen. 13th N. J. V New Jersey.	1869
Coster, Charles R., Col. 134th N. Y. V	1870
Cunningham, Jos. A , Col. 3d Mass. V	1871
Maj Gen	1872
Clitz, H. B., Col. 10th U. S. Inf'y	1873
Caldwell, John, 2d Lt. 61st Pa. Vol	1874
Cromelien, Alfred, 1st. Lt. 5th Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa. Cooper, Richard, 1st Lt. 7th New York VolJersey City, N. J. Chauncey, Charles, Capt. Co. K, 2d Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	1876
Chase, Philip S., 2d Lt. 1st R. I. Lt. Art'yProvidence, R. I. Carr, Geo. W., Surg. 1st and 2d R. I. Vol do Chenery, Geo. H., Com. Sgt. 2d R. I. Vol do Calder, E. A., 2d Lt. 1st R. I. Cav	1877

Case, Ervin T., Capt. 9th N. H. VolProvidence, R. I. Corthell, Elmer L., Capt. 1st R. I. Art'yNew York City. Corson, Geo. E., Com. Sgt. 17th U. S. Inf'y	1877
U. S. AWashington, D. C.	
Chase, J. F., 1st Lt. 5th Me. Art'yDeep River, Conn.	
Cochrane, Wm. H. D., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. A. Q. M. Nashua, N. H.	
Cooley, S. P., 1st Lt. 27th Mass New Britain, Conn.	1878
Cole, D. L., Maj. 21st N. Y Troy, N. Y.	
Callanan, J. J., Lt. 5th N. Y. Cav	
Callanan, J. J., Col	1879
Cronkite, J. W., Lt. Col. & Bvt. Col. 121st N. Y. Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Cary, D. J., Capt. 169th N. Y. V	
Cafferty, E. M., 1st Sergt. 89th N. Y. V Binghamton, N. Y.	
Chamberlin, S. E., Lt. Col. 118th N. Y. VLoudon Co., Va.	
*Corning, C. H., Col. 7th N. Y. V	
Carr, J. P., Maj. Gen Troy, N. Y.	
Curtis, N. M., Brig. & Bvt. Maj. Gen. V Ogdensburg, N. Y.	
Conway, Daniel, Capt West Rutland, Vt.	1880
Clarke, John W., Capt. A. ImMontpelier, Vt.	
Curtis, Chas. A., Capt. 5th U. S. Inf Northfield, Vt.	
Carpenter, Mason B., Sgt. 13th VtDenver, Col.	
Curtis, J. E., Col. & Bvt. Gen. 152d N. Y. V. Canandaigua, N. Y.	
Cummings, Thos. A., Private Bat'y C., 1st N. Y.	
Lt. Art Fort Benton, Montana.	1881
Lt. Art	1881
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	1881
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols New York City.	1881
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct Hartford, Ct. Clapp, John B , Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct do Corliss, S. P., Col. 4th N. Y Albany. N. Y.	
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	1881
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. New York City. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Chapman, Geo. C., Col. 5th Ct Corliss, G. W., Byt. Maj. 5th Ct Crane, Jno. W., 1st Sgt. 79th N. Y Catlin, Lyman S., 2d Ct. Art Dickinson, Jos., Byt. Brig. Gen Dickinson, G. W., Capt. & A. Q. M. 26th Pa. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63d N. Y. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63th Me. Battery Dexter, B. F., Capt. 50th N. Y Dumont, T. S., 1st Lt New York City. New York City. Bridgeport, Conn. Bridgeport, Conn. Bridgeport, Conn. Bridgeport, Conn. Bridgeport, Conn. Dickinson, G. W., Capt. & A. Q. M. 26th Pa. V. Dwyer, John, Maj. 63d N. Y. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63th Me. Battery Boston, Mass. Dexter, B. F., Capt. 50th N. Y. Eng Brooklyn, N. Y. Dumont, T. S., 1st Lt New York City.	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Corliss, S. P., Col. 4th N. Y Chapman, Geo. C., Col. 5th Ct Corliss, G. W., Bvt. Maj. 5th Ct Crane, Jno. W., 1st Sgt. 79th N. Y Crane, Jno. W., 1st Sgt. 79th N. Y Catlin, Lyman S., 2d Ct. Art Dickinson, Jos., Bvt. Brig. Gen Dickinson, G. W., Capt. & A. Q. M. 26th Pa. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63d N. Y. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63th Me. Battery Dexter, B. F., Capt. 50th N. Y. Eng Brooklyn, N. Y. Dumont, T. S., 1st Lt New York City. *Denison, A. W., Bvt. Maj. Gen Baltimore, Md. Duryee, Abram, Bvt. Maj. Gen New York City.	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Corliss, S. P., Col. 4th N. Y Chapman, Geo. C., Col. 5th Ct Corliss, G. W., Bvt. Maj. 5th Ct Crane, Jno. W., 1st Sgt. 79th N. Y Crane, Jno. W., 1st Sgt. 79th N. Y Cratlin, Lyman S., 2d Ct. Art Dickinson, Jos., Bvt. Brig. Gen Dickinson, G. W., Capt. & A. Q. M. 26th Pa. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63d N. Y. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63d N. Y. V Dow, Edwin B. Maj. 6th Me. Battery Dexter, B. F., Capt. 50th N. Y. Eng Brooklyn, N. Y. Dumont, T. S., 1st Lt New York City. *Denison, A. W., Bvt. Maj. Gen Baltimore, Md. Duryee, Abram, Bvt. Maj. Gen New York City. Demerest, James H., Capt. 8th N. J. V Dayton, O.	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Corliss, S. P., Col. 4th N. Y Chapman, Geo. C., Col. 5th Ct Corliss, G. W., Bvt. Maj. 5th Ct Corliss, G. W., Bvt. Maj. 5th Ct Catlin, Lyman S., 2d Ct. Art Dickinson, Jos., Bvt. Brig. Gen Dickinson, G. W., Capt. & A. Q. M. 26th Pa. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63d N. Y. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 64th Me. Battery Dow, Edwin B. Maj. 6th Me. Battery Boston, Mass. Dexter, B. F., Capt. 50th N. Y. Eng Brooklyn, N. Y. Dumont, T. S., 1st Lt New York City. *Ponison, A. W., Bvt. Maj. Gen Baltimore, Md. Duryee, Abram, Bvt. Maj. Gen New York City. Demerest, James H., Capt. 8th N. J. V Meadville, Pa.	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols	e
Canton, Thos. M., Capt. 69th N. Y. Vols. Cone, Wm. E., Sgt. 22d Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Clapp, John B., Lt. & Adj. 16 Ct Corliss, S. P., Col. 4th N. Y Chapman, Geo. C., Col. 5th Ct Corliss, G. W., Bvt. Maj. 5th Ct Corliss, G. W., Bvt. Maj. 5th Ct Catlin, Lyman S., 2d Ct. Art Dickinson, Jos., Bvt. Brig. Gen Dickinson, G. W., Capt. & A. Q. M. 26th Pa. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 63d N. Y. V Dwyer, John, Maj. 64th Me. Battery Dow, Edwin B. Maj. 6th Me. Battery Boston, Mass. Dexter, B. F., Capt. 50th N. Y. Eng Brooklyn, N. Y. Dumont, T. S., 1st Lt New York City. *Ponison, A. W., Bvt. Maj. Gen Baltimore, Md. Duryee, Abram, Bvt. Maj. Gen New York City. Demerest, James H., Capt. 8th N. J. V Meadville, Pa.	e

*Dickson, J. Newton, Capt. 6th Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	1869
Davis, William, Col. 69th Pa. V do	
Davis, Jacob M., Major 90th Pa. V do	
Dallwan, Walter M., Bvt. Maj. 149th N. Y. V Syracuse, N. Y.	
Doran, Michael, Major 69th N. Y. S. M New York City.	
Dickinson, Wm., Bvt., Maj., Capt. 3d. U. S.	
Inf'y do	
Dickey, Wm. D., Bvt. Col. 15th N. Y. H. A Newburg, N. Y.	
Dwight, Wm., Brig. Gen Boston, Mass.	
Dwight, Charles, 1st Lt do	
Doty, Charles E., Lt. 17th Conn. VNorwalk, Conn.	
Dolan, Michael, 1st Lt. 2d U. S. Inf'yWashington, D. C.	
Davies, Henry E., Jr., Maj. GenNew York City.	
Dewey, George M., Maj. 10th N. Y. VBrooklyn, N. Y.	
Dwyer, John, Surg. 69th N. Y. V Ward's Island, N. Y.	
Davis, Charles L., Capt. 10th U. S. Inf'y Washington, D. C.	
*De Peyster, Frederick J., Bvt. ColTivoli, N. Y.	
Delanoy, Thomas, 1st Lt New York City.	
Dodd, Chas., 1st Lt. & Adj. 155th N. Y. V do	
Drake, George B., Bvt. Brig. GenBoston, Mass.	
Dougherty, W. W., 1st Lt. & Adj Washington, D. C.	
Davis, Robt., 1st Lt. & Bvt. Capt. 2d U. S. Inf'y do	
Defendorf, Wilson, Capt. 6th N. Y. Art'y New York City.	
*Dost. George W., 8th U. S. Inf'y Washington, D. C.	
De Trobriand, Regis, Bvt. Maj. GenNew Orleans, La.	
Davis, W. W. H., Col. & Bvt. Brig. GenDoylestown, Pa.	
Dudley, W. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 19th Ind. VRichmond, Ind.	
*Dumont, Robert S., Capt. 5th N. Y. V New York City.	1870
Donagan, Richard, Capt. 118th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Doty, A. H., Capt. 67th N. Y. V	
Davis, James W., Capt. 5th Pa. Cav Philadelphia, Pa.	
Dounelly, Vincent P., Capt. 61st Pa. V do	
Dana, Robert S., Surg. 107th Pa. VMorrisville, Pa.	
D'Hautville, F. S. G., Capt. A. D. CNew York City.	
Devens, Chas., Jr., Bvt. Maj. GenLowell, Mass.	
Driver, Wm. R., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. A.	
A. GBeverly, Mass.	1871
Davis, Walter S., Bvt. Lt. Col San Francisco, Cal.	
*Dodd, Charles, 1st Lt. 5th N. Y. VBoston, Mass.	
Donnelly, Hugh, Capt. 37th Mass. V	
Daggett, A. S., Lt. Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 5th Me. V. Auburn, Me.	
Donohue, Michael T., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 10th	
N. H. V	
Drury, W. P., Capt. 1st Mass. V	
*Dodge, J. G. C., Bvt. Lt. Col. 61st Mass. VSuncook, N. H.	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Dorr, J. C., Surg	1871
Dickensen, G. W., Col. 6th Ohio Cav	1872
Davis, L. R., Lt. Col. 7th Ohio V	
Derrom, Andrew, Col. 25th N. J. V	1873
Dubois, Edward M., Maj. 12th N. J. VBridgeton, N. J.	
Douvian, John H., Capt. 17th U. S. Inf'y	
Dwyer, M. T., Capt. 3d N. J. VNewark, N. J.	
Dodge, J. N., Capt. 1st Minn. VSpringfield, Mass.	
De Kay, Drake, Bvt. Col. 40th U. S. Inf'yNew York City.	
Davis, Eben W., Maj. & Bvt. Col. 15th N. J. V Newark, N. J.	1874
Dakin, Wm. H., Pvt. 6th N. Y. Art'y New York City.	1014
Dodge, Theo. A., Capt. U. S. A., 119th N. Y.	
Vol	
Dempsey, John W., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 82d	
N. Y. V	1875
Dunkle, A. K., Capt. 14th Pa. V	1876
Drake, Alex. E., Bvt. Col. U. S. A	
Denison, Fred., Chaplain 1st R. I. Cav Providence, R. I.	1877
Drennan, James M., Capt. 25th Mass. Vol Worcester, Mass.	
Dingman, Harrison, Pvt. 14th N. Y. V Washington, D. C.	
Doten, F. B., Capt. 14th Conn. Inf'y Chicopee, Mass.	1878
Davidson, Arnold, 46th N. Y.V Philadelphia, Pa.	1879
Davis, A. P., Bvt. Maj. 11th Me. VBristol, Vt.	
Dunshee, N. J., Capt. 14th Vt. VRutland, Vt.	1880
Dunton, W. C., Capt. 14th Vt. V.	1000
Dudley, H. T., Capt. 15th MassWilkinsonville, Mass.	1881
Davies, T. M., Lt. Col. 14th N. Y	1001
Dougherty, Daniel (Honorary)	
Everett, James H, Bvt. Maj. 120th N. Y. VKingston, N. Y.	1000
	1869
Egan, Thomas W., Bvt. Maj. GenNew York City.	
Elliott, Thomas, Maj. 60th N. Y. V do	
Edwards, William, Maj. N. Y. Cav do	
Elliott, J. Thomas, Bvt. Maj. & A. C. S Philadelphia, Pa.	
Embich, Fred. E., Col. 106th N. Y. V	
Ellmaker, Peter C, Col. 119th Pa. V do	
*Emanuel, Lyon L., Maj. 82d Pa. VNew York City.	
Eckles, J. W., 1st Lt. Del. VFt. Bayard, New Mex.	
*Ellis, Henry A., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 17th	
U. S. Inf'yFt. Garland, C. T.	
*Erickson, Aaron J., 1st Lt. 74th N. Y. VBoston, Mass.	
Ellis, H. C., Capt. 65th N. Y. V	1870
*Eccleston, C. A., Capt. 36th N. Y. V do	
Edgerton, F. M., Adj. 2d Vt. VBrooklyn, N. Y.	
*Ellis, R., Capt. 6th Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Emerson, William, Col. 151st N. Y. V Rochester, N. Y.	1871
Emerson, William, Con Total II. 2. William II. 1.	1011

Ellis, Theodore G., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 14th Ct. V Hartford, Conn.	1871
Erhardt, Joel B., Capt. 1st Vt. CavNew York City.	
Eames, Walter A., Sgt. 15th Mass. V Fitchburg, Mass.	
Engle. George B., Jr., 5th Wis. VIndianapolis, Ind.	1872
Earnshaw, William, Chaplain 49th Pa. VDayton, Ohio.	
Edwards, A. M., Col. 24th Mich. VDetroit, Mich.	
Ehlers, Edw. M. L., Capt. & Bvt. Col. 52d N. Y.	
Vol New York City.	1875
Etting, Chas. E., Capt. 121st Pa. V	1876
Embler, A. H., Maj	
Ellis, W. J., Bvt. Maj. C. S	1878
Ebstein, Frederick E., 1st Lt. & Q. M. 21st	
Inf'y A. G. O	1879
Egolf, Joseph, Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 125th N. Y Troy, N. Y.	
Edson, P. O'Meara, Surg. 17th Vt. VBoston, Mass.	1880
Elwell, Louis, J., Adjt. 25th MassWestboro, Mass.	1881
Fitzhugh, Chas. L, Bvt. Brig. Gen Pittsburg, Pa	1869
Field, Putnam, Capt. 10th N. Y. V	1000
Fairbanks, John B, Byt. Maj. 36th Mass. V Oakham, Mass.	
*Fry, William H Col. 16th Pa. Cav Philadelphia, Pa.	
Farrell, Thos. M., Lt. & A. D. C. 15th N. Y. Eng New York City.	
*Fraiser, Barent, Jr., Capt. 33d N. J. VHoboken, N. J.	
*Fisk, Henry C., Col. 65th N. Y. V Boston, Mass.	
Freedley, Henry W. ColPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Fay, J. Augustus, Jr., Lt. Col. 30th N. J. V Elizabeth, N. J.	
Franklin, W. B., Maj. Gen	
Fairchild, Lucius, Brig. Gen	
Forbes, Joseph, Bvt. Maj. 43d U. S. C. T New York City.	
Franklin, George M., Capt. 122d Pa. V Lancaster, Pa.	
Farrell, John, 1st Lt. 15th N. Y. Eng New York City.	
Farnsworth, Henry I., 1st Lt. 8th U. S. CavBuffalo, N. Y.	
French, W. B., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 77th N.	
Y. V	
Fisher, B. F., Bvt. Brig. Gen	
French, Charles O., Private	
*Fairman, James, Col. 96th N. Y. V New York City.	
Fanton, Hull, Bvt. Maj. & A. A. G	
*Farnsworth, A., Col. 79th N. Y. V New York City.	
Favill, Josiah M., Bvt. Col. U. S. Vol do	
Freeman, C. M., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 2d U. S. Inf'yTroy, N. Y.	
Farley. Benj. F., Private 5th N. Y. VNew York City.	
Farnsworth, John G., Bvt. Col. & A. Q. M Albany, N. Y.	
*Farmer, Geo. E., Bvt. Lt. Col. 6th N. Y. CavNew York City.	
Fleming, G. M., 1st Lt. 21st Pa. CavAlleghany, N. Y.	
Forsyth, G. A., Bvt. Brig. G. & A. I. G	1870

Frazier, Nalbro, Jr., Capt. 2d Pa. Cav Philadelphia, Pa. Forbes, W. T., Lt. Col. A. A. G.	1870
Fassitt, J. B., Capt. 23d Pa. V New York City.	
Ferguson, James F., Surg. 82d N. Y. V do	
Fletcher, W. S., 2d Vt. V	
Forbes, W. H., Lt. Col. 2d Mass. CavBoston, Mass.	
Foster, Frank T., Col. 1st Tenn	
Foley, David F., Maj. 95th Pa. V	1871
Fearing, George R., Capt. & Bvt. MajNew York City.	
Fairbanks, Harlan, Corp. 1st Mass. V	
Vt. VBurlington, Vt.	
*Fowler, James H., Lt. 27th Mass. V Boston, Mass.	
Farnham, A. B., Col	
Forbes, C. H., Capt. & A. A. G Brandon, Vt.	
Farrar, Henry W., Bvt. Lt. Col. & A. D. CChicago, Ill.	1872
Furey, Thomas, Capt. 69th Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.	
Fowler, Chas. E., 20th Conn. VNew Haven, Conn.	1873
Frueauff, J. E., Maj. 153d Pa. V	
Fox, Simon J., 27th Coun. VNew Haven, Conn.	
Farley, James L., Surg. 14th N. Y. S. M Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Fisher, John H., Hosp. Std. 14th N. Y. S. M do	
Furber, David B., Sgt	
Fairbanks, Oliver B., Sgt. 4th N. Y. CavDayton, Ohio. Fox, Wilson C., Pvt. 12th Pa. VHarrisburg, Pa.	1874
Fielder, Geo. B., 1st Lt. 21st N. J. VJersey City, N. J.	1876
Fletcher, J. S., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 11th U. S.	1010
Inf'yPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Frederick, Geo. W., Bvt. Col. 209th Pa. VChestnut Hill, Pa.	
Farrington, Preston M., Maj. 1st R. I. Cav Providence, R. I.	1877
Fiske, Frank D., Pvt. H Co. 9th R. I. V Pawtucket, R. I.	
Foss, S. S., 1st Lt. 8th Conn V Providence, R. I.	
Fiske, Wilbur D., Capt. 14th Conn. Infy Boston, Mass.	
Fay, John S., Sgt. 13th Mass. V	
Flynn, George W., Pvt. 85th N. YBuffalo, N. Y.	1878
Fraser, James S., Sgt. 4th N. Y. Bat'y New York City.	
Fortescue, Louis R., Capt. 6th Corps Philadelphia, Pa.	
Farnsworth, J. G., Col. & Q. M. 4th Art'y Corps	1879
Fuller, C. A., 2d Lt. 61st N. Y. VSherburne, N. Y.	1019
Fletcher, D. C., Sergt. 40th N. Y. VLittleton, Mass.	
Foley, Jno. P., Private 6th Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	
French, Horace, Capt. 3d Vt. V	1880
Fansington, William, Lt. 1st Vt. CavSt. Albans, Vt.	
Farnham, Roswell, Col., Lt. Col. 12th Vt. VBradford, Vt.	

Ferris, Wm. G., Maj. 6th N. Y. Art'yNew Hamburg, N. Y.	1880
Fisher, John G., 1st. Lt. 14th N. J. VJersey City, N. J.	
Fisher, Theo. W., 1st. Lt. 62d Mass. VBoston, Mass.	
Fuller, Thos. P., Capt. 93d N. Y. Vol	1881
Forbes, Ira E., Color Corporal 16th Conn Hartford, Conn.	
Fearey, Thos. H., 2d Lt. Signal Corps, U. S. A Albany, N. Y.	
Forsyth, J. S., Private 5th Ct	
Greene, G. S., Maj. Gen	1869
Greene, C. T., Bvt. Maj. U. S. A Washington, D. C.	
*Gregory, E. M., Bvt. Maj. Gen Philadelphia, Pa.	
Gwyn, James, Bvt. Maj. Gen do	
*Greig, Thomas W., Major New York City.	
Giller, Jacob, Capt. 26th Pa. V do	
Grant, Gabriel, Surg. U. S. V do	
Goodrich, B. F., Surg. Eng do	
Gardiner, C. C., Bvt. Col. 27th N. Y. VSt. Louis, Mo.	
Graham, Chas. K., Bvt. Maj. GenNew York City.	
Gaylord, Noah M., Chaplain 13th Mass. V do	
Green, Martin J., Capt. & A. Q. M do	
Gale, Geo. S., Surg. 1st Vt. Cav do	
Gregg, D. McM., Bvt. Maj. Gen Norristown, Pa.	
Gibbon, John Maj. GenNew York City.	
Graffam, Geo. W., 1st Lt. & Adjt. 5th Me. V Lewiston, Me.	
Goodale, A. G., Sgt. 6th Me. VFort Klamath, Oregon.	
Goddard, P. Lacey, Capt. & A. D. CNew York.	1870
Gleason, James, Col	
*Gallagher, J. H., CaptNew York.	
Goldsborough, E. Y., 1st Lt. 8th Md. V Baltimore, Md.	
George, S., Lt. 2d Pa. Reserves	
Goodman, Henry E., Surg. U. S. V	
Gazzam, A. W., Maj. 103d Pa. V New York City.	
Goddard, R. H. I., Col. & A. D. C Providence, R. I.	1871
Gilmore, H. G., Maj. 10th Mass. V Springfield, Mass.	
Gile, W. A., Capt. 18th N. H. V	
Gracey, S. L., Chaplain 6th Pa. Cav Pawtucket, R. I.	
*Gould, Francis, 1st Lt. 40th N. Y. V Arlington, Mass.	
Griffin, Simon G., Bvt. Maj. Gen Keene, N. H.	
Gordon, George H., Brig. GenBoston, Mass.	
*Graham, W. W., Maj. 39th Mass. V do	
Getting, E. L do	
Gray, F. E., Capt. 37th Mass. VSpringfield, Mass.	
Goble, J. R., Maj. 1st Wis. V	1872
Green, S. D., Q. M. Sgt. 24th Mich. NDetroit, Mich.	
Goddard, Chas. O., Capt. 17th U. S. Inf'y Washington, D. C.	

Gibson, Horatio G., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 3d	
Art'yFt. Wadsworth, N. Y. H.	1872
Gere, Eugene B., Capt. 21st N. Y. Cav. Vol Oswego, N. Y.	1873
Green, Charles S., Lt. Col. 61st Pa. V	
Gilbert, Nelson B., Capt. 1st Conn. H. Art'y U. S. Colombia, S. A.	
Goddard, Henry P., Capt. 14th Conn. V Hartford, Conn.	1874
Gelray, James W., Col. Mass. Inf'y Boston, Mass.	1875
Goddard, Wm., ColProvidence, R. I.	
Grove, J. E, Hosp. Steward 115th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	1876
Gimber, F. L., Col. 109th Pa. Vet. Vol do	
Gardner, David, Col. 1st Pa. Cav	
Gile, Geo. W., Lt. Col. U. S. A. & Bvt. Brig. Gen Camden, N. J.	
Gillen, Daniel J., Pvt. 84th N. Y. V Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Gray, Chas. C., 1st Lt. 1st R. I. Lt. Art'yProvidence, R. I.	1877
Greene, Jerome B., Asst. Surg. U. S. V do	
Greene, Wm. H., Hosp. Stew. & M. D. 12th	
R. I. V do	
Gorton, T. W., Capt. 11th R. I. V do	
Gibson, Wm., Capt. Purnell Legion Washington, D. C.	1878
Goodrich, Edwin, Capt. 9th N. Y. CavTonawanda, N. Y.	1879
Graham, Thomas, Capt. 71st N. Y. V	
Guion, Jno. M., Maj. 1st Vt. Cav Seneca Falls, N. Y.	
Gilmore, W. H., I. M. Sgt. 8th Vt Farille, Vt.	1880
Gross, Willard G., Artificer 10th Mass. Art'yBrookline, Mass.	
Gregg, Wm. L., 1st Lt. 3d Pa. Cav	1881
*Hastings, George G., Bvt. Col Sing Sing. N. Y.	1869
Hunt, Henry J., Bvt. Maj. Gen. Art'y Res Washington, D. C.	
Howell, Wm. F., Bvt. Maj.	
Hamilton, T. B., Bvt. Col. 62d N. Y. VNew York City.	
Hancock, John, Bvt. Col. & A. A. G	
Handy, D. G., Maj. 12th Mass. V New York City.	
Hendrickson, John, Bvt. Brig. Gen do	
Hofman, Ernst F., A. A. Surg. Art'y Brig do	
Hatfield, Jas. T., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 6th N. J. V Hoboken, N. J.	
Hawkins, R. C., Col. 9th N. Y. V. Bvt. Brig.	
Gen. V New York City.	
Hasbrouck, Joseph L., Surg. 164th N. Y. V Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Hyde, T. W., Bvt. Maj. Gen. 1st Me. V Bath, Me.	
*Hartsuff, Geo. S., Maj. Gen	
Harris, Chauncey, Bvt. Lt. Col. 14th N. J. V Elizabeth, N. J.	
Halstead, Geo. B., Bvt. Maj. A. A. G. V Newark, N. J.	
*Homiston, J. M., Bvt. Lt. Col. SurgeonBrooklyn, N. Y.	
Howard, John B., Col do	
Hopper, Geo. F., 10th N. Y. VNew York City.	
Hibbard, Nath. J., 1st Lt. 32d N. Y. V do	

Hassinger, David S., Bvt. Capt. 119th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa. *Heintzelman, S. P., Maj. Gen Washington, D. C. Hicks, John A., Major.	1869
Hall, James A., Byt. Brig. Gen	
Humphreys, Chas., Lt. 3d Art'y do Halliday, Frank S., Lt. 2d R. I. V	
Heggart, Robert, Lt. Col. 69th N. Y. VNew York City.	
Hicks, George A., Bvt. Maj Brooklyn, N. Y. Hazard, John G., Bvt. Brig. Gen	
Hugenin, George, Bvt. Maj. 147th N. Y. VOswego, N. Y.	
Hutchins, B. T., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 6th U. S. C. T	
Hubbard, J., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 2d Conn.	
H. A	
Harhaus, Otto, Col. 2d N. Y. Cav do	
Hatch, Maolin F., Capt. 2d N. Y. Cav do Hobbs, Charles, Lt. Col. 32d N. Y. V	
Holbrook, Henry H., Maj. 51st N. Y. V New York City.	
Humphreys, H. H., Bvt. Lt. Col. 15th U. S. I., Washington, D. C. Hindekoper, Henry S., Col. 150th Pa. VMeadville, Pa.	
*Howe, Albion, Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 4th U. S.	
Art'y	
Hamliu, Charles, Bvt. Brig. GenBangor, Me. *Hogg, David, Capt. 42d N. Y. VNew York City.	
Hancock, Winfield S., Maj. Gen do	
Hopkins, Samuel J., Col	
Hoyt, Thos. J., Bvt. Lt. Col. & A. A. GNew York City.	
Hammond, J. F., Surg. U. S. A	
Hinck, John Henry, Sgt. 82d N. Y. VWard's Island, N. Y.	
Hawes, Gardiner S., Bvt. Maj. 17th N. Y. VNew York City. Horton, J. H., Lt. Col. 141st N. Y. VIthaca, N. Y.	
Hurst, J. H., Capt. 141st Pa. V	
Hauser, Herman, 1st N. Y. CavCamp Supply, Ind. Ter. Hasty, J. V. J., 1st Lt. 15th U. S. Inf'yWashington, D. C.	
*Hamlin, J. E., Bvt. Maj. Gen New York.	1870
*Hamline, D. W. C., 1st Lt. & Q. M. 119th P. VPhiladelphia, Pa. Haupt, Herman, Brig. Gen do do	
Hill, J. C., Lt. Col. 6th Md. V Elkton, Md.	
*Hall, John, Capt. 4th N. Y. Cav	

Hutchins, E. R., Asst. Surg. 11th N. H. V Philadelphia, Pa. Herring. Chas. P., Bvt. Brig. Gen do Harrison, W. H., Capt. 2d U. S. Cav do	1870
Hall, Matthew. Capt. 91st Pa. V do	
Higginson, Henry L., Maj. 1st Mass. CavBoston, Mass.	1871
Hapgood, Chas. E., Col. 5th N. H. V do	
Hoy, Wm. E., Maj. Pay Dept New York City. Halstead, E. P., Capt. & A. A. G Worcester, Mass.	
Horton, Chas. P., Byt. Lt. Col. & A. D. CBoston, Mass.	
Hawkins, Gardiuer C., Lt. & Adjt. 4th Vt. V do	
Holmes, J. W., Lt. & Adjt. 27th Mass. VSpringfield, Mass.	
Hincks, E. W., Bvt. Maj. Gen. 19th Mass. V Cambridge, Mass.	
Hooton, Mott, Lt. 1st Pa. ResA. G. O., Washington.	
Harris, Fred. H., Col. 13th N. J. VNewark, N. J.	
Houghton, A. C., Capt. 2d Ohio CavToledo, Ohio.	1872
Harris, W. H., Lt. Col. Ordnance Cleveland, Ohio.	
Houghton, Chas. H., Byt. Col. 14th N. Y. A. Perth Amboy, N. J.	
Holden, R. T., Bugler Co. A, 8th U. S. Inf'yCleveland, Ohio.	
Haydn, Thos. L., Byt. Lt. Col. & A. D. C Springfield, Ill.	
Hayes, Edward, Lt. Col. 29th Ohio VBurgh Hill, Ohio.	
Howell, John H., Bvt. Maj. 3d N. Y. Art'yMinneapolis, Minn. Harmon, Geo. M., Capt. 1st Conn. Art'yNew Haven, Conn.	1079
Henry, William H., Bvt. Brig. GenBurlington, Vt.	1873
Huss, Henry, Jr., 17th Pa. V New York City.	
Herman, John C., Pvt. 130th Pa. V Harrisburg Pa.	1874
Hartranft, John F., Bvt. Maj. Gen do	
Harriman, Sam., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 37th	
Mass. V	
Husk, Lewis W., Col. 111th N. Y. VolAlbany, N. Y.	1876
Hobart, W. M., Capt. 116th Pa. VPottstown, Pa.	
Heard, J. T., Surg. & Lt. Col	
Hoster, Joseph, Pvt. A Co. 26th Pa. Cav Philadelphia, Pa.	
Harris, J. D., Pvt. A Co. 6th Pa. Cav	1022
Hutchinson, Wm. F., Brigade Surg do	1877
Hamlin, A. C., SurgBangor, Me.	
Hazard, Jeffrey, Capt. R. I. Lt. Art'y Providence, R. I.	
Hall, Benj. L., Capt. C Co., 5th R. I. V do	
Hudson, Jas. S., 1st Lt. 11th R. I. V do	
Harkness, T. C., Lt. Col. 81st Pa. V Wilkesbarre, Pa.	
Harvey, Isaac J., Capt. Signal CorpsProvidence, R. I.	
Heath, Geo. E., Capt. 6th U. S. Col. TroopsNashua, N. H.	
Hawks, Benj. F., Capt. A. A. Gen. & Bvt.	
Col. U. S. A	
Henry, J. W., 2d Lt. 1st R. I. Cav Providence, R. I.	

Hill, Herbert E., Junior V. Com'r G. A. RBoston, Mass.	1878
Hasselton, Jno W., 2d Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Hopkins, H., Chaplain 120th N. Y Westfield, Mass.	
Hough, S. E., 14th N. Y. H. ANew York City.	1879
Havens, M. II., Lt. 7th N. Y. V	
Hunt, R. W., Capt. & A. D. C. Pa. V Troy, N. Y.	
Hedden, Warren R., 1st Lt. 65th N. Y. VNew York City.	
Hamberg, Ansel, 2d Lt. 91st Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.	
Holden, Stephen, Capt. 152d N. Y. V Sherburne, N. Y.	
Haughey, J. A., Capt. 21st I.,	
U. S. A	
Hall, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. V. 4th Mich Jackson, Mich.	1880
Hooker, Geo. W., Col Brattleboro, Vt.	
Hibbard, Corlis A., Lt. 9th Vt	
Hall, E. A., Sergt. Co. F, 39th MassGreenfield, Mass.	
Hindes, Geo. W., Lt. Col. 96th N. Y. VetBurlington, Vt.	
Hamly, Benj. A., Bvt. 1st Lt. 59th N. Y New York City.	
Hertman, Herman H., Pvt. 1st Vt. CavOrwell, Vt.	
Hatch, Chas. H., Maj. 13th N. Y. CavNew York City.	
Hungerford, D. E., Lt. Col. 36th N. Y. VolsParis, France.	1881
Howell, H. S., Capt. 4th N. J. Vol Virginia City, Montana.	1001
Hall, J. Brainard, Sergt 57th Mass Worcester, Mass.	
Hill, Thos. H., Sergt. 9th Mass	
Ingalls, Rufus, Bvt. Maj. GenChicago, Ill.	1869
Ives, P. L., Lt. 2d N. Y. CavBoston, Mass.	1870
Inches, C. E., Asst. Surg. 20th Mass. Vdo	1871
Irons, Joseph C., Pvt. 2d R. I. V	1877
Ingraham, Lyman R., Private 6th Vt	1881
Johnes, G. W., Maj. & A. Q. M Washington, D. C.	1869
Johns, Thos. D., Brig. GenNew York City.	1000
Jones, Ed. J., Byt. Maj. & Capt. 11th Mass. Bat'yBoston, Mass.	
Joy, Thaddeus M., Sergt. 27th N. Y. Bat'yParker's Landing, Pa.	
Jones, Henry E., Capt. 146th N. Y. V New York City.	
Jones, Meredith L., 1st. Lt. 149th Pa. V Scranton, Pa.	
Jourdan, Jas., Bvt. Maj. Gen. 158th N. Y. VBrooklyn, N. Y.	
Johnson, James. Col. 178th Pa. V do	
Jackson, Oswald, Maj. & A. D. C do	
Jacobus, P. A., Capt. 90th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	1870
Johnston, Thos. P., Byt. Lt. Col. & A. Q. MTrenton, N. J.	1010
Johnson, G. W., Lt. 8th Md. V Baltimore, Md.	
Jardine, E., Gen	
Jackson, P. T. J., 2d Lt. 1st Mass. CavBoston, Mass.	1871
Jay, Wm., Col. & A. D. C. Hdqrs, A. of P New York City.	1011
	10%
Jewell, Chas. A., Adjt. 22d Conn. V Hartford, Conn.	1873

Jennings, Wm. W., Col. 127th Pa. V	1874
Judson, Oliver A., Surg. & Bvt. Col. U. S. V Philadelphia, Pa.	1876
Jones, Owen, Col. 1st Pa. Cov	
Joyce, Wm. H., Maj. 7th R. I. V Providence, R. I.	1877
Jones, Chas. R., Pvt. 95th Pa. V	
Johnson, W. A., Pvt. 1st R. I. Cav Providence, R. I.	
Judd, D. O., Pvt. 10th Mass VSpringfield, Mass.	
Jaynes, W. D., Capt. 75th N. Y Somerville, Mass.	1878
Jewett, P. A., Bvt. Col. & Surg. U. S. V New Haven, Conn.	1881
Johnston, C. A., Bvt. Brig. Gen 25th N. YNew York City.	
*Kiddoo, J. B., Bvt. Brig. Gen do	1869
Kelly, Joseph M., 1st Lt. 69th Pa. V.	
Kent, Edward H., Private 22d N. Y. S. M do	
Keifer, J. Warren, Bvt Maj. Gen. 110th O V Springfield, Ohio.	
King, Horatio C., Byt. Col. & A. Q. MNew York City.	
Kelly, Patrick, Bvt. Capt. 99th N. Y. V do	
Knight, W. M., Capt. 1st R. I. Lt. Art'y do	
Kavanagh, John F., Capt. 40th N. Y. V do	
Kelley, E. B. P., Surg. 95th Pa. VPerth Amboy, N. J.	
Knox, E. M	
King, W. S., Med. Dir. Hdqrs. Gen. Meade Washington, D. C.	
Kerr, Henry C., Capt. 109th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
*Keogh, Miles M., Capt. & A. D. C. Kuhn, Chas, N.: Capt. & th Md, V. Westminster, Md.	1870
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V	1870
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V	1870
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V	1870
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V	
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V	1870 1871
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass.	
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass.	
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J.	
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass.	
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt.	
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md.	1871
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass.	
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Lenfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y.	1871 1873
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa.	1871 1873 1873
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa.	1871 1873 1873 1874
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa. Keyser, Jas. D., Capt. 32d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Keyes, Alex. S. B., Capt. 10th U. S. Cav. A. G. O., Washington.	1871 1873 1873 1874 1876
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa. Keyser, Jas. D., Capt. 32d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Keyes, Alex. S. B., Capt. 10th U. S. Cav. A. G. O., Washington. Keyes, D. A., Sergt. 5th Conn. V. Providence, R. I.	1871 1873 1873 1874
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa. Keyser, Jas. D., Capt. 32d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Keyes, Alex. S. B., Capt. 10th U. S. Cav. A. G. O., Washington. Keyes, D. A., Sergt. 5th Conn. V. Providence, R. I. Knowles, Chas. W., Sgt. Maj. 7th Mass V. Boston, Mass.	1871 1873 1873 1874 1876
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa. Keyser, Jas. D., Capt. 32d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Keyes, Alex. S. B., Capt. 10th U. S. Cav. A. G. O., Washington. Keyes, D. A., Sergt. 5th Conn. V. Providence, R. I. Knowles, Chas. W., Sgt. Maj. 7th Mass V. Providence, R. I.	1871 1873 1873 1874 1876 1877
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa. Keyser, Jas. D., Capt. 32d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Keyes, Alex. S. B., Capt. 10th U. S. Cav. A. G. O., Washington. Keyes, D. A., Sergt. 5th Conn. V. Providence, R. I. Knowles, Chas. W., Sgt. Maj. 7th Mass V. Providence, R. I. Kingsbury, J. F., Col. & Adjt Boston, Mass.	1871 1873 1873 1874 1876
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa. Keyser, Jas. D., Capt. 32d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Keyes, Alex. S. B., Capt. 10th U. S. Cav. A. G. O., Washington. Keyes, D. A., Sergt. 5th Conn. V. Providence, R. I. Knowles, Chas. W., Sgt. Maj. 7th Mass V. Providence, R. I. Kingsbury, J. F., Col. & Adjt Boston, Mass. Kelly, E. E., Pvt. 7th Mass. Attleboro, Mass.	1871 1873 1873 1874 1876 1877
Kuhn, Chas. N., Capt. 6th Md. V. Westminster, Md. King, Adam E., Bvt. Brig. Gen Baltimore, Md. Kelly, John G., Lt. Col. 7th W. Va. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Korony, Theo. S., Capt. 183d Pa. V. Norristown, Pa. Kilpatrick, R. L., Col. U. S. A. Springfield, Ohio. Kelliher, John, Maj. 20th Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Kirke, Thos., Private 16th U. S. Inf'y. Waltham, Mass. Kilpatrick, Judson, Maj. Gen Deckertown, N. J. Kimball, J. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 15th Mass V. Fitchburg, Mass. Kingsley, H. W., Maj. 10th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. King, John R., 1st Lt. 6th Md. V. Baltimore, Md. Kimball, W. B., Capt. 13th Mass. V. Enfield, Mass. Knowles, B. C., 25th Mass. V. Auburn, N. Y. Kuhn, Amos K., Capt. 93d Pa. V. Harrisburg, Pa. Keyser, Jas. D., Capt. 32d Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa. Keyes, Alex. S. B., Capt. 10th U. S. Cav. A. G. O., Washington. Keyes, D. A., Sergt. 5th Conn. V. Providence, R. I. Knowles, Chas. W., Sgt. Maj. 7th Mass V. Providence, R. I. Kingsbury, J. F., Col. & Adjt Boston, Mass.	1871 1873 1873 1874 1876 1877

Knowles, C. R., Maj. 92d N. Y. V. Albany, N. Y. Keith, Isaac, 124th N. Y. V. Troy. N. Y. Kauffman, Fred'k, 7th N. J. V. Georgetown, D. C. Kingsley, L. G., Maj. 12th Vt. V. Rutland, Vt. Kennedy, Thos. B., Capt. 6th Vt. Fairfield, Vt.	1879
Kinsman, Henry E., 1st Lt. 1st U. S. S. S	1881
Linn, Hugh J., Capt. & A. A. G Philadelphia, Pa.	1869
Locke, F. T., Byt. Brig. Gen. & A. A. G	
Leek, John W., Chaplain 27th Conu. V Greenpoint, N. Y. Landell, E. A., Col. 119th Pa. V	
Lyon, David, Capt. & A. D. C	
Latta, James W., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. A. A.	
G. U. S. Vol	
*Loomis, Stephen T., Lt. Col. 7th O. V Washington, D. C.	
Lyman, Theodore, Col. & A. D. C Brookline, Mass.	
Loomis, Benj. T., Capt. 22d Conn. VNew York City.	
Lichtenstein, Philip, Lt. Col. 52d N. Y. V do	
Lancey, S. Herbert, Maj. & A. D. C	
Lynch, Wm. A., Col. 42d N. Y. V New York City. Lyon, C. H., Capt. & A. D. C. 15th N. Y. Cav Newburg, N. Y.	
Larned, Daniel R., Byt. Lt. Col. & A. A. GNew York City.	
Lansing, E. Y., Major Albany, N. Y.	
Lee, J. G. C., Capt. & A. Q. M., Bvt. Lt. Col.	
U. S. A., Chief Q. M. Cav. CorpsPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Love, John H., Surg. 13th N. J. V Montelair, N. J.	
Lester, Robt. J., 1st Lt. & Adjt. 140th N. Y. VRochester, N. Y.	
Latchford, T., 1st Lt. & A. Q. M. 20th U. S.	
Inf'y Baltimore, Md.	
Lawrence, G. H., 1st Lt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 2d N. Y. Iud. Rifles	
*Lubey, T., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 15th N. Y. Eng. Washington, D. C.	1870
Lynch, James C., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 183d Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.	10.0
Lynch, A. T., Col. 183d Pa. V do	
Le Duc, W. G., Bvt. Brig. Gen. & A. Q. M Washington, D. C.	
Loud, E. D. C., Capt. 2d Pa. Art'yPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Loyd, Wm. H., Capt. 11th N. J. V do	
Loring, Charles C., Bvt. Maj. Gen Boston, Mass.	
Livermore, Thomas L., Col. 18th N. H. V do	1871
Lyman, G. H., Lt. Col., Med. Insp. U. S. A Boston, Mass.	
Langford, Edward L., Capt. 7th Mass. VBrooklyn, N. Y. Littlefield, D. H, Lt. 11th Mass. Bat'yBoston, Mass.	
Larkin, James E., Maj. 5th N. H. V	
Lakeman, M. B., Col. 3d Me. VBoston, Mass.	
Lee, Richard H., Capt. 6th N. J. V	

Ledlie, James H., Brig. Gen	1871
Long, William H., Bvt. Col. & A. A. G Boston, Mass. Lee, S. P., Maj. 3d Me. V	
*Le Favour, Heber, Col. & Byt. Brig. Gen. 22d	
Mich. V	
La Motte, Charles E., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 4th Del. V Cincinnati, O.	1872
Laurie, Alexander, Capt. 121st Pa. VNew York City.	1010
Lee, Joseph C., 6th N. Y. V	
Lyon, F., Major Detroit, Mich.	
Luther, C. Frank, Lt. 22d Mass. VNorth Adams, Mass.	
Lee, John C., Col. 55th Ohio V	
Lacey, H. A., Major & Q. M Detroit, Mich.	
Ladner, Louis J., Adjt. 98th Pa. V	
Linn, James M., Capt. 51st Pa. V Louisburg, Pa.	1874
Leatz, Axel, Lt. Col. 5th N. Y. Vet. Vol Wisby, Sweden.	1875
Lovering, J. F., Chaplain 17th Me. VWatertown, Mass.	1876
Liscum, Emerson H., Capt. 19th U. S. InfBurlington, Vt.	
Lockwood, Henry C., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. &	
A. D. C. Staff	
Lemig, Thompson, 1st Lt. 6th Pa. Cav Philadelphia, Pa.	
Leonard, T. J., 1st Lt. 18th Conn. Inf Providence, R. I.	1877
Lynch, Frank A., 2d Lt. 23d Pa. V	
Lapham, Win. B., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 7th Me. Battery. Augusta, Me.	4000
Lippert, E. G., Sgt. 20th Mass Philadelphia, Pa.	1878
Ladd, Geo. P., Capt. & Asst. Q. M Spencer, Mass.	
Lee, Chas. T., 1st Lt. 7th Mass	1070
Lowell, C. R., Hosp. Steward, 61st N. Y. V Greenfield, Mass.	1879
Lambert, J. L., Surg. 65th N. Y. V Hoosick Falls, N. Y. Lord, T. Ellery, Bvt. Brig. Gen. 3d N. Y. V Albany, N. Y.	
Lansing, E. Y., Capt. & Byt. Maj. 13th N. Y. CavBoston, Mass.	
Larowe, Henry C., Sgt. Co. I, 14th N. JJersey City, N. J.	1880
Lucia, J. H., 1st Lt. 17th VtVeighmer, Vt.	1000
Lowery, J. Stuart, Bvt. Lt. Col. 146th N. Y	
Lincoln, Willard, Capt. 19th MeBoston, Mass.	
Lambert, Wm. H., Maj. & Capt. 33d N. JPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Lane, N. P., Capt. & Byt. Lt. Col. 66th N. Y. V . New York City.	
Little, Geo. W., Bat'y F, Ind. Pa. Art'y Pittsburg, Pa.	1881
Lucas, Fred'k A., Lt. 2d Ct. Hy. Art'yWest Goshen, Ct.	
Lane, Geo. M., Sergt. 9th VtSpringfield, Mass.	
Lincoln, Hon. Robert T. (Honorary) Washington, D. C.	
Mulholland, St. Clair A., Bvt. Maj. GenPhiladelphia, Pa.	1869
Myer, A. J., Bvt. Brig. Gen	
McEntee, Chas. S., Lt. Col Albany, N. Y.	
Merryweather, Geo., 1st Sgt. 11th U. S. Inf'y New York City.	
McParlin, T. A., Bvt. Brig. Gen. & Surg. Surg. G. O., Washington.	

Mahan, John W., Col. 9th Mass	Roston Mass
McCandless, William. Brig. Gen	
Mount, J. D. P., Capt. 1st N. J. V	
Morgan, B. T., Lt. Col. 54th N. Y. V	
Merritt, E. A., Capt & C. S	
*Murray, Edward, 5th N. Y. H'y Art'y	
Mintzer, S. J. W., Lt. Col	
Mott, Gershom, Maj. Gen	
Minnes, Samuel, 1st Lt. 10th N. Y V	
McMillan, Chas., Lt. Col. & Surg	
Moore, William, Capt. 62d N. Y. V	.1daho Springs, Col.
McKee, J. Cooper, Surg. U. S. A	
Marten, Ben. T., Bvt. Lt. Col. 47th N. Y. V	
McFarland, George F., Lt. Col. 151st Pa. V.	
Morris, Fordham, Maj. & A. A. G	
*Meade, Geo. G., Maj. Gen	
McQuade, James, Bvt. Maj. Gen	
Morford, W. E., Lt. Col. & A. Q. M	Newton, N. J.
*Mulligau, A. Hamilton, 1st Lt. 127th N. Y. V	
Morrison, Andrew J., Col. 3d N. J. Cav	
McArthur, Chas. L., Maj. & A. Q. M	
McIvor, Jas. P. Bvt. Maj. Gen. 170th N. Y. V.	
Meyer, Henry C., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 24th N. Y.	
Millard, John A., Jr., Lt. 1st N. Y. H'y Art'y	do
Miller, D. W., Bvt. Maj. & A. D. C	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Montgomery, James E., Maj. & A. A. G	New York City.
Moore, J. F., 1st Lt. 1st Pa. Cav	do
McKibbin, G. H, Bvt. Brig. Gen	
Mitchell, R. C., Bvt. Col. 51st N. Y. V	Aurora, Ind.
Murphy, Joseph, Capt. 69th N. Y. V	
Morrell, Geo. W., Maj. Gen	
Mosely, N. R., Lt. Col	
McMillan, James H., Capt. 74th N. Y. V	
Mason, H. C., Bvt. Maj. 20th Mass. V	
Meyers, Russell, Maj. 32d N. Y. V	
Morris, J. P., 1st Lt. 69th N. Y. V	do
Mattison, Wm. R., Maj. 2d N. Y. Cav	
*Mitchell, S. B. W., Bvt. Lt. Col. & Surg. 8th P	
Cav	
Meehan, Wm. F., 1st Lt. 63d N. Y. V	
Murphy, T. Malcolm, Maj. 3d N. J. Cav	
Meade, George, Bvt. Lt. Col	
McMickin, James A., Maj	
Miller, John E., Lt. 110th Ohio	
Murphy, C. J., 1st Lt. 38th N. Y. V	New York City.

Mason, Edwin C., Col. Me. V	
N. Y. V	0
*McCalmont, —, Col. 39th Pa. V Middleton, Richard, Byt. Lt. Col. 50th N. Y. Eng Keokuk, Iowa.	
McAllister, S. A., 1st Lt. & A. D. C Wilmington, Del.	
*Murphy. J. McLeod, Col. 15th N. Y. EngNew York City.	
Mitchell, J. T. B., Capt. 2d N. Y. Cav do	
McFarland, James E., Maj. 11th Pa. CavWestchester, Pa. McCauley, Levi G., Capt. 7th V. Rdo	
McCauley, Levi G., Capt. 7th V. R do Mindill, George W., Bvt. Maj. Gen	
*Mossen, R. F., Lt. Col. 21st Pa. Cav Reading, Pa.	
Middleton, G., Bvt. Brig. Gen	
Montague, G. L., Col. 37th Mass. V New York City.	
Meservey, B. F., 18th Mass. V	
*Mali, H. W. T., Capt. 20th Mass VStockbridge. Mass. 187	1
Macy, Geo. N., Col. & Bvt. Maj. Gen. 20th Mass. V Boston, Mass.	
McReynolds, B. F., 1st Lt. 1st N. Y. CavGrand Rapids, Mich.	
McIntosh, J. B., Brig. Gen. Vol., Bvt. Maj.	
Gen	
Milton, Richard S., Capt. 9th Mass. BatteryBoston, Mass.	
Murray, P. F., 1st Lt. 15th Mass. V	
*Miln, D. Irving, Lt. Col. 65th N. Y. V New York City.	
McDowell, Irwin, Maj. Gen. U. S. A San Francisco, Cal.	
Martin, A. P., Col. 3d Mass. BatteryBoston, Mass. Morrill, D. C., Lt. 7th Me. VBangor. Me.	
*Mundee, Chas., A. A. G	
Mosscroft, T. D., Capt. 10th N. Y. V Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Morse, Daniel F Boston, Mass.	
Magnitzky, Gustave, Capt. 20th Mass. V	
Matthews, Ambrose M., Capt. 13th N. J. VOrange Valley, N. J. Myrick, John D., Capt. 1st Me. Cav., Bvt. Maj.	
U. S. V	
*Meredith, S., Bvt. Maj. Gen Cambridge City, Ind. 18	72
Montgomery, S. T., 20th Ind. V	

Morris, ClarenceToledo, Ohio.	1872
Morehead, W. J., Bvt. Maj. 17th U. S. Int'yPittsburg, Pa.	
Meyer, S., Col. 107th Ohio V	
Murray, Wm. E., Sgt. 19th Ind. V	
McKay, Wm., Maj. 27th Mass. VNorth Adams, Mass.	
Morse, Edwin A., Capt. 36th Mass. V	1873
McCready, Wm., Capt. 2d R. I. Cav do	
Mayell, Henry, Bvt. Maj New York City.	
McMahon, Martin T., Bvt. Maj Gen do	
Moore, Henry P., Pvt. 123d Pa. VPittsburg, Pa.	1874
Milhau, J. J., Surg. U. S. A. & Bvt. Brig. Gen New York City.	
Miles, Nelson A., Col. & Bvt. Maj. Gen.	
U. S. A Washington, D. C.	
Maginnis, Martin. Maj. 1st Minn. V	
Mintzer, William M., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen.	
53d Pa. V	1070
	1876
McKean, Edwin R., Capt. & C. S. Gen. Staff. Washington, D. C.	1877
Metcalf, Edwin, Col 3d R. I. Art'yProvidence, R. I.	
Maryott, Thos. S., Pvt. 21st Conn. V do	
Martin, E. C., Lt. 1st R. Cav. Troops Attleboro, Mass.	
McMahon, Audrew, Co. A. 2d R I. VNewport, R. I.	1878
Mueller, Jno., Pvt. 29th N Y. M. Bat Newark, N. J.	
McKay, Geo. F., Maj. 13th Mass. VBoston, Mass.	
Miller, Chas. P., 1st Lt. U. S. A	
Maxfield, J. P., 2d Lt. 3d Mass. CavLowell, Mass.	
Mumford Thos., 1st Lt. 2d Art., 112th RegPhiladelphia, Pa.	
McPherson R. J., 2d Lt. 5th MeSpencer, Mass.	
McDonald, Edw'd F., Sgt. 7th N. J. VJersey City, N. J.	
McConway, Wm., Lt	1879
Miller, L E., Private 77th N. Y. VAlbany, N. Y.	
Monroe, A. C., Private 12th Mass. VBrockton, Mass.	
Myers, Geo. R., Col. 18th N. Y. VAlbany, N. Y.	
McEwan, J. S., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 7th N. Y. Art do	
Marvin, Selden E., Maj. & Paymaster U. S. VTroy, N. Y.	
Meccham. Ogro, Sgt. 12th VtBrandon, Vt.	1880
Menken, J. Stanwood, Capt. 27th Ohio New York City.	1000
Mould, Henry M., 2d Lt 118th N. Y	
McNeil Daniel, Surg. 21st N. J Jersey City, N. J.	
Moffit, Stephen, 96th N. Y	
Marsh, Luther R., Honorary Member (Orator) New York.	
Miller, Joaquin, Honorary Member (Poet)New York.	
Mills, James H., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 11th Pa.	
Reg CorpsDeer Lodge City, Montana.	1881
Manning, Steph. H., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen Wilmington, N. C.	

Mosebach, F. O., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 7th N. Y	1881
Marvin, E. E., Capt. 5th Ct	
Merritt, Geo. S., Pvt. 16th Ctdo	
Miles, Wallace A., Pvt. 27th Ct. VolsMeriden, Conn.	
Mooney, James J., 12th N. Y. Vols W. Morrisania, N. Y.	
Norton, Hannibal D., Capt. 32d Mass. V. &	
Bvt. Maj	1869
Northrup, Theodore F., Capt. 2d N. Y. Cav New York City.	
Newton, John, Maj. Gen. Engineers do	
Nealis, Wm. F., Surg. 69th N. Y. S. M do	
Newhall, F. C, Lt. Col. & A. A. G	
Nevin, David J., Col. 62d N. Y. V New York City.	
Nutting, Josiah, 19th Me. V Dayton, Ohio.	
Nickerson, A. H., Col. & A. A. G	
Neill, John, Lt. ColPhiladelphia, Pa.	1870
Nute, A., Lt. 6th N. H. VFarmington, N. H.	1871
Nichols, G. S., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 9th N. Y.	
CavNew York City.	1873
Newton, John W., Capt. 1st Vt. CavSt. Albans, Vt.	1874
Norris, A. Wilson, MajPhiladelphia, Pa.	
North, Geo. H., Capt. 14th Pa. Cav do	
Neill, Edward M., Col. & A. A. Gen. StaffNewport, R. I.	1877
Nicholson, J. P., Bvt. Lt. Col. 28th Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.	1879
Newman, Jno. L., Major 43d N. Y. V Albany, N. Y.	
Naramore, T. C., Corp. 1st Vt. Cav	1880
Nichols, Geo., Surg. 13th VtNorthfield, Vt.	
Newell, James K., Capt. 10th Mass. ISpringfield, Mass.	1881
Otis, Charles G., Col. 21st N. Y. CavNew York City.	1869
Osborne, Joseph B., Surg. 4th N. J. V Newark, N. J.	
*Owen, S. W., Lt. Col. 3d Pa. Cav	
Oliphant, S. D., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 8th Pa. V. C Trenton, N. J.	
Osborne, E. S., Lt. Col. 149th Pa. V	
O'Beirne, James R., Bvt. Brig. GenWashington, D. C.	
Orr, Robert L., Col. 61st Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.	
Oakley, Thomas B., Byt. Lt. Col	
Oliver, Paul A., Brig. Gen	
O'Brien, L. M., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 27th	
Mich V	
Owen, Joshua T., Brig. Gen New York City. O'Brien, Timothy, Col. 152d N. Y. V do	
Osborne, George S., Surg. 5th Mass. CavPeabody, Mass.	1871
Otis, George H., Maj. 2d N. Y. V	1873
Oakey, Daniel, Capt. 2d Mass. Inf'y	1875
O'Brien, John T., Capt. 82d Pa. Vol Philadelphia, Pa.	1010.
O Dilon, John I., Capt. Ova La. Voi	

OFF U. C. D. Come Cod Do V. Philadelphia Do	1876
O'Farrell, G. D., Surg. 63d Pa. V	
Owen, Chas. D., Capt. R. I. Lt. Art'y Providence, R. I.	1877
O'Brien, D. J., Capt. 7th N. Y. Art'y	1879
Oliver, Robert S., Capt. U. S. Cav do	
Ogden, Joseph G., Private 1st N. J. V Elizabeth, N. J.	
O'Beirne, R. F., Bvt. Col. 24th U. S. I West Point, N. Y.	
Orr, C. A., Private 37th N. Y. VBuffalo, N. Y.	
Ormsbee, E. J., Capt. 12th VtBrandon, Vt.	1880
Owen, Chas. H., Capt. & A. D. C Hartford, Ct.	1881
Pleasonton, Alfred, Maj. Gen New York City.	1869
Porter, Horace, Bvt. Brig. Gen do	
Pruyn, Francis, Maj. 7th N. Y. Art'yAlbany, N. Y.	
Paine, Win. H., Byt. Col. & A. D. CGreenpoint, N. Y.	
Prevost, Chas. M., Byt. Maj. Gen. 118th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Parisen, Wm. B., CaptBrooklyn, N. Y.	
Purdy, E. Sparrow, Col. & A. A. G	
*Pinckney, Joseph C., Bvt. Brig. Gen do	
*Parker, John A, 1st Lt. 3d N. J Cav do	
Perkins, Geo. W., Lt. Col. 57th Pa. V., Bvt.	
Col. U. S. V do	
Page, Benjamin, Capt. 1st N. Y. V	
Pratt, C. E., Brig. Gen Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Peck, George C., 1st Lt. 7th Conn. V New York City.	
Pierson, Charles H., Lt. Col. 43d N. Y. V do	
Palmer, Edwin, Capt. 23d Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Powell, Hans, Surg. 142d N. Y. V New York City.	
Patterson, John C., Jr., Maj. 14th N. J. V.	
Pinto, Francis E., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 32d N. Y. V Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Page, Francis, Bvt. Lt. Col. 155th N. Y. V New York City.	
Parker, Geo. B., Surg do	
Popham, Richard M., Adjt. 10th N. J. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Pease, Charles E., Bvt. Maj. & A. A. G New York City.	
Parsons, Theron E., Bvt. Maj. & A. A. G Rochester, N. Y.	
Prince, Henry, Bvt. Brig. Gen	
*Parker, Isaac B., Bvt. Lt. Col. & A. D. CPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Pease, H. E., 1st Lt. & A. D. C New York City.	
*Phelps, W., Jr., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 22d	
N. Y. V Irondale, N. Y.	
Pierson, Chas. L., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 39th Mass. VBoston, Mass.	
*Peeples, Saml., 1st Lt., Bvt. Capt. 5th U. S.	
Art'yWashington, D. C.	
Parke, John G., Maj. Gen do	
*Peck, John J., Maj. GenSyracuse, N. Y.	
Potter, James D., Col. 38th N. Y. V	
Paris, Comte de, Capt. & A. D. C	
Taile, Comite ac, Capa to II. D. Committee and I allo, I allo	

120

N. Y. Cav.....Fulton, N. Y. 1870 Plume, J. W., Capt. & A. A. G......Newark, N. J. Price, Howard L., Capt. 2)th Me. V. Potter, Robert B., Maj. GenNewport, R. I. Pearley, H. C., Capt. 9th N. Y. V..... New York City. Patrick, R. W., Capt. 82d Pa. V......Philadelphia, Pa. Pease, R. W., SurgSyracuse, N. Y. Patrick, F. M., Capt. 10th N. Y. V New York City. Paul, F. W., Capt. 2d Pa. Art'y......Philadelphia, Pa. Peck, George B., Jr., 2d Lt. 2d R. I. V.......Providence, R. I. Pennington, Edward, 1st Phila. Bat'y.Philadelphia, Pa. Palfrey, F. W., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 20th

Mass. V.... Boston, Mass. Parker, Andrew, Capt. 32d N. Y. V. New York City. Perkins, W. E., Capt. 2d Mass. V......Boston, Mass. Pritner, William, Capt. 95th Penn. V Philadelphia, Pa. Palmer, W. L., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 19th Mass.

1871

1872

1873

Vol Salem, Mass. Pierce, E. C., Capt. 3d Me. V. Springfield, Mass. Porter, Byron, Capt. & A. A. G..... Plaisted, H. M., Bvt. Maj. Gen. 11th Me. V............Bangor, Me. Parker, Francis J., Col. 32d Mass. V. Boston, Mass. Pulford, John, Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 5th

Mich V Detroit, Mich. Phillips, B. T., Chaplain 83d N. Y. V., 9th

Patrick, Geo. H., 21st, 36th, & 56th Mass. V. ... Montgomery, Ala. Pierson, Edward D., Capt. 13th N. Y. V. Orange, N. J. Palmer, W. M......Camden, N. J. Puff, E. S., 124th N. Y. V. Middletown, N. Y. *Pell, D. A., Col......New York City.

Peale, Jas. T., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 4th Pa. Cav.....Washington, D. C. Peale, James A., 1st Lt. 2d U. S. Cav..... do

Potter, Wm. E., Capt. 12th N. J. V. & Bvt. Maj. VBridgeton, N. J. Peck. T. S., Capt. & A. Q. M., U. S. V......Burlington, Vt.

Pickett, Arthur T., Capt. 1st N. Y. Cav......Jersey City, N. J.

Perkins, J. G., Bvt. Brig. Gen... Lyme, Conn.

Potter, Jas. N., Capt New York City.	1873
Pratt, F. A., Capt. 1st Conn. Art'y	
Patterson, Wm. H., Capt. 1st Pa Cav Harrisburg, Pa.	1874
Parmelee, Wm. E., Jr., 2d Lt. Bat'y H, 1st O. Lt.	
Art'y	
Pearsons, Henry A., Capt. 8th Ill Cav	1876
Parker, John B., 1st Lt. 115th Pa. V	
Patterson, John P., Pvt. A Co, 49th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Pomroy, Edwin C., Maj. 3d R. I. CavProvidence, R. I.	1877
Potter, Isaac M., Lt. Col. 3d & 5th R. I. H'y Art'y. do	
Prentiss, Edward F., 1st Lt. & Bvt. Capt. 2d	
R. I. V	
Phelon, B. R., 1st Lt. 78th N. Y. V do	
Pennell, W. H., Sgt. 10th Me. V Portland, Me.	
Packer, Warren W., Col. 5th Conn. VMystic River, Conn.	1070
Platt, James H., Col	1879
Park, S. W., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 2d N. Y. V Albany, N. Y.	
Peloubet, G. A., Maj. 32d N. J. VJersey City, N. J. Patten, A. S., Sergt. 109th N. Y. V Binghamton, N. Y.	
Pierce, B. R., Byt. Maj. Gen. V	
Proctor, Redfield, Col. 15th VtSutnerland Falls, Vt.	
Penfield, Jas A., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 5th N. Y. C. Boston, Mass.	
Peck, Jas. S., Maj 17th Vt Montpelier, Vt.	
Pitkin, P. P., Col. & I. M do	
Pasco, Henry L., Maj. 16th Conn	1881
Pickett, Josiah, Bvt. Brig. Gen. 25th Mass Worcester, Mass.	
Peltier, Pierre D, Assist. Surg. 126th N. Y Hartford, Conn.	
Patterson, H. D., 1st Sgt. 1st Ct. ArtNaugatuck. Conn.	
*Quimby, W. M., Bvt. MajFt. Columbus, N. Y. H.	1869
Quincy, S. M., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 2d Mass.	
Vol Boston, Mass.	1871
Quint, A. H., Chap. 2d Mass. V	
Ruggles, George D., Bvt. Brig. Gen	1869
Rowan, L. H., 1st Lt. 97th N. Y. V Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Robinson, J. C., Maj. Gen Binghamton, N. Y.	
Reno, M. A., Bvt. Col	
*Reese, C. B., Bvt. Brig. Gen do	
*Rockafeller, H., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. U. S. ANew York City.	
Rogers, Wm. J., Sgt. 9th N. Y. V do	
*Reilly, Wm. A., Maj. 115th Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Robinson, G. P., Col 3d Md. V	
Robins, Richard, Byt. Capt. 11th U. S. Inf'y Chicago, Ill.	
Reichard, G. W., Lt. Col. 143d Pa. V	
*Regan, M. F., MajBrooklyn, N. Y. Rafferty, Thomas, Lt. Col. 71st N. Y. VNew York City.	
manerty, Thomas, Lt. Col. 71st N. 1. V	

Rosa, Levi, Lt. 120th N. Y. V	1869
Roosa, James F., 1st Lt. 124th N. Y VMiddletown, N. Y.	
Rosengarten, J. G., Capt. 121st Pa. VPhiladelphia, Pa.	1870
Roberts, John, Capt. 3d N. J. V do	
Raphun, Chas. W., Col. 1st Cal. V	
Rawle, W. Brooke, Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 3d Pa, Cav	
Russell, H. S., Col. & Byt. Brig. Gen. 5th Mass. Cav. Boston, Mass.	
Richardson, A. H. G., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 114th	
Pa. V	
Robins, Edward B., 1st Lt. & Bvt. Capt. 20th Mass.	
Vol Boston, Mass.	1871
Reed, J. C., Adjt. 2d Penn. Cav New York City.	
Rice, James H., Capt. 19th Mass. V	
Roberts, C. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen Bangor, Me.	
Reider, Howard J., Capt. 1st Inf'y U. S. A Easton, Pa.	
Robinson, O. O. G., Maj. 3d Pa. Cav	
Reynolds, John A., Bvt. Col. 1st N. Y. Art'y Rochester, N. Y.	1000
Rhodes, E. H., Col. 2d R. I. V	1872
Rogers, Horatio, Col. 2d R. I. V.& Bvt. Brig. Gen. V. do Rand, S. A., Capt. 2d Ohio V	
Rodenbough, Thos. F., Col. & Byt. Brig. Gen. 2d	
Cav. U. S. A	1874
Roush, William, 2d Lt. 34th Pa. V	1014
Reynolds, Frank, Med. Inspector, U. S. A New York City.	1876
Rawson, Henry M, 2d Lt. B Co., 91st N. Y. VChicago, Ill.	
Read, L. W., Chief. Surg. Pa. ReservesNorristown, Pa.	
Ricketts, R. Bruce, Col. 1st Pa. Lt. Art'y Wilkesbarre, Pa.	
Reynolds, Wm. H., Lt. Col. 1st R. I. Lt. Art'y Providence, R. I.	1877
Rhodes, Jos. P., Capt. R. I. Lt. Art'y do	
Rhodes, Frank A., Lieut. R. I. Lt. Art'y do	
Reynolds, J. P., Capt. 19th Mass. V Salem, Mass.	
Richards, C. J., 1st Lt. 9th N. H. VGreat Falls, N. H.	

Ritchie, D. F., Capt. & Bvt. Col. 1st N. Y.	
ArtSaratoga Springs, N. Y.	1879
Reynolds, S. E., Bvt. Maj. 1st N. Y. V Petersburg, N. Y.	
Rodgers, J. D., Capt. 71st Pa. VRound Lake, N. Y.	
Ramsdell, Henry P., Capt. 124th N. Y Newburg, N. Y.	
Riley, Frank M., Capt. 12th N. J Bridgeton, N. J.	1881
Root Henry, Surg. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 54th N. Y Whitehall, N. Y.	
Ramsey, Jno., Bvt. Maj. Gen. 8th N. JJersey City, N. J.	
Schurr, C., Capt. 7th N. Y. Art'y	1869
*Snelling, F. G., Surg New York City.	
Sackett, Delos B., Byt Maj. Gen	
Sharpe, Geo. H., Bvt. Maj. Gen. 120th N. Y. VKingston, N. Y.	
*Spear. Percy B., Col	
*Staples, S. C., Major do	
Spaulding, Ira, Bvt. Brig. Gen. 50th N. Y. Eng do	
Schermerhorn, F. A., Capt	
*Sumner, E. V., Bvt. Brig. Gen., A. G. O Washington.	
Stanton, D. L., Bvt. Brig. GenBaltimore, Md.	
Stryker, Wm. G., Bvt. Major New York City.	
Studley, J. M., Capt. & Lt. Col. 15th Mass. V Providence, R. I.	
Spaulding, Charles F., Sgt. 9th N. Y. S. M New York City.	
Skeels, C. L, Capt. & A. D. C do	
Slocum, H. W. Maj. GenBrooklyn, N. Y.	
Spinola, F. B., Brig. Gen	
Smith. Joseph S., Bvt. Brig. Gen. & C. S. 3d Me. V Bangor, Me.	
Smith, A. M. C., Jr., Bvt. Maj. 2d N. Y. V. Cav. New York City.	
Saulsbury, John A., Maj. 10th Vt. V Rutland, Vt.	
Strang, Edward J., Bvt. Lt. Col Washington, D. C.	
Sheridan, Philip H., Lt GenChicago, Ill.	
*Stiles, R. Cresson, Surg. U. S. VolsBrooklyn, N. Y.	
Spangler, Aaron, Col. 110th Ohio VOsborne, O.	
Stillwell, George W., Bvt. Col. 67th N. Y. VBrooklyn N. Y.	
Stewart, Charles B., N. Y. EngNew York City.	
Smith, Andrew J., Col. & A. A. G	
Shreve, Wm. P., Maj. 2d U. S. Sharpshooters Boston, Mass.	
Stewart, Matthew, Capt. 73d N. Y. VNew York City.	
Steele, Geo. M., Capt. 8th N. Y. V Jersey City, N. J.	
Sharpe, Jacob, Bvt. Brig. Gen New York City.	
*Spear, Samuel P., Col. & Bvt. Maj. Gen do	
Stiner, Joseph H., Maj. 59th N Y. V do	
Smith, Gabriel L., Lt. Col. 107th N. Y. VElmira, N. Y.	
Shaler, Alexander, Bvt. Maj. Gen New York City.	
Staples, Frank, Lt. 4th N. Y. Cav San José, Cal.	
Staples, James W., Capt. 78th N. Y. V San Francisco, Cal.	
Storrow, Samuel A., Bvt. Maj. & Asst. Surg Washington, D. C.	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

	1869
*Sherman, Horace P, Hos. Stew. 18th Mass V. do	
Sewell, James A., Lt. Col. 59th N. Y. V New York City.	
Sprague, Waldo, Capt. 17th N. Y. V do	
Shorkley, George, Capt. 15th N. J. Inf'y Washington, D. C.	
See, Clement R., Capt. 2d Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Suydam, Chas. C., Lt. Col. 3d N. J. Cav Elizabeth, N. J.	1870
Schuyler, Philip, Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 14th U. S.	1010
Inf'y	
*Stirling, Chas. R., Capt. 62d N. Y. V do	
Simon, F. W., Maj. 8th Md. V.	
Sterling, W. R., MajorPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Schofield, James K., Lt. Col do	
Sweeney, B. H., Capt. 20th Pa. Cav	
Smith, W. F., Sgt. 6th Pa. Cav Elizabeth, N. J.	
Schortan, Theo., Sgt. 1st U. S. Sharpshooters New York City.	
Stauffer, W. D., Capt. 1st Pa. Res Lancaster, Pa.	
Simms, Wm. T., Maj. 59th N. Y. VNew York City.	
Schwench, Sam. K., Capt. & Bvt. Lt. Col.	
U. S. A Washington, D. C.	
*Smith, Geo. F., Col. 61st Pa. V	
Sweitzer, J. Bowman, Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen Pittsburg, Pa.	
Sallada, Wm. H	
Sargent, Horace Binney, Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 1st	
Mass. CavBoston, Mass.	1871
Shurtleff, Hiram S., Capt. 56th Mass. V. do	1011
Shattuck, F. R., Capt. Signal Corps do	
Sleeper, J. Henry, Bvt. Maj. 10th Mass. Bat'y do	
Summerhayes, J. W., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 20th	
Mass. V	
Slipper, Joseph A., Bvt. Col. & A. A. GNew York City.	
Sherwin, Thos., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 20th Mass. VBoston, Mass.	
Stranahan, F. S., Capt. 1st Vt. CavSt. Albans, Vt.	
Stone, Lincoln R., Bvt. Col. & Surg. 2d Mass. V Newton, Mass.	
Stevenson, Luther J., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 32d Mass. V. Boston, Mass.	
Scammell, Wm. H., Lt. 40th N. Y. V	
Spaulding, J. W., Lt. Col. 19th Me. VRichmond, Me.	
Shaw, James, Jr., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 1st	
R. I. VProvidence, R. I.	
Sawin, R. L., 1st Lt. & A. A. G E. Cambridge, Mass.	
Small, Edward E., Sgt. Signal Corps Bangor, Me.	
*Smith, A. N., Corp'l 18th N. H. V	
Start, Romeo II., Capt. 3d Vt. Bat'y Burlington, Vt.	
Sewall, F. D., Col. & Byt. Brig. Gen	4050
Scott, Julien, Private 3d Vt. VNew York City.	1872

Stanard, A. L., Col. 2d Cal. V	1872
Shepherd, J. Henry, 1st N. Y. Cav	1873
Steele, Wm. R., Maj. & A. D. C. V	1874
Stocker, Anthony E., Surg. & Bvt. Lt. Col. Staff. Philadelphia, Pa. Selbach, Adolph, F. V. Capt. B Co., 27th Pa. V do	1876
Storey, J. H. R., 1st Sgt. F Co., 109th Pa. V do	
Sinex, Joseph H., Lt. Col. 91st Pa. V do Sloan, Timothy A., Bvt. Capt. E Co., 116th Pa.	
Vol do	
Steers, Wm. H. P., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 4th	
R. I. VProvidence, R. I.	1877
Sullivan, Flavel W., 1st Lt. 13th N. J. Vol Newark, N. J.	
Sacket, Theo. M., 1st Lt. 1st R. I. Lt. Art'yProvidence, R. I.	
Stanley, Edward, Capt. 2d R. I. Vol do	
Suesman, Albert L., Corp. B Co., 12th R. I. V do	
Smith, Geo. L., Capt. 3d R. I. Art'y	
Spencer, Gideon, 1st Lt. 1st R. I. Lt. Art'yProvidence, R. I.	
Smith, R. P., Col. 71st Pa. V Staten Island, N. Y.	
Scharer, Fred. E., 2d Lt. 11th Mass. VProvidence, R. I.	
Smith, J. Spencer, Capt. 29th Pa. V	
Schellerman, C. W., Sgt. Keystone Bat'y Pa do	
Sprague, Ezra, Capt. 2d Conn. V Birmingham, Conn.	
Squires, Geo. D., Pvt. 5th Conn. VNaugatuck, Conn.	
Selfridge, Jos. L., Brig. Gen. V	
Scanlin, Thos. Capt. 69th N. Y. V New York City.	
Sickles, Daniel E., Maj. Gen. U. S. A do	1878
Sawyer, J. W., Sgt. 19th & 16th MassBoston, Mass.	20.0
Sipp, George, Pvt. 21st N. J Jersey City, N. J.	
Sulger, Wm. S., 1st Mus. 3d Pa. ResTrenton, N. J.	
Shaw, C. C., Sergt. 18th & 61st N. Y. V	1879
Snow, H. E., Capt. 21st N. Y. V do	1019
Smart, J. S., Capt. 16th N. Y. V	
Snow, N. L., Surg. 153d N. Y. V	
Shafer, W. A., Lt. Col. 2d N. Y. CavJersey City, N. J.	
Stevens, Geo. T., Maj. 77th N. Y. V	
Swift, C. N., Lt. Col. 30th U. S. Cav New York City.	
Smart, W. S., Chaplain 14th Vt. V	
Suiter, James A., Col. 34th N. Y. V	
The state of the s	

Sherman, W. J., Capt. 14th Conn. V	1879
Smith, Wm. F., Maj. Gen	1880
Safford, D. J., Lt. Col. 11th Vt	
Sloat, Frank D., Capt. 27th Ct New Haven, Conn.	1881
Scott, C. W., Surg. 28th Mass Hartford, Conn.	
Silton, D. W. C., 1st Lt. 22d Ct do	
Stone, Emerson, Capt. 25th Mass Spencer, Mass.	
Sprague, A. B. R., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 2d Mass. Art Worcester, Mass.	
Stewart, Wm. J., Pvt. 62d N. Y	
Shattuck, C. S., Maj. 6th Vt. Staff	
Sumner, Samuel B., Col. (Honorary)Bridgeport, Ct.	
*Tyler, Robert O., Bvt. Maj. Gen. Art'y Res Washington, D. C.	1869
Talbot, S. C., Lt. Col. Me. V New York City.	1000
*Tibbetts, Wm. B., Bvt. Maj. GenTroy, N. Y.	
Tucker, L. N., Byt. Maj. 18th Mass. V Boston, Mass.	
Tremaine, H. E., Bvt. Brig. Gen. & A. D. C New York City.	
Truesdell, Samuel, Bvt. Lt. Col. 65th N. Y. V Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Toffey, J. J., Lt. 33d N. J. V	
Tompkins, Oscar, Capt. 4th N. Y. Cav New York City.	
Tailof, Ivan, Capt. 6th N. Y. V., Maj. 2d U. S.	
Vet. Vdo	
*Torbert, A. T. A., Byt. Maj. Gen Paris, France.	
Thomson, Clifford, Maj. 1st N. Y. Cav New York City. Tower, Lawrence, Capt. 7th Md. V do	
Tompkins, Chas. H., Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 1st	
R. I. Art'y do	
Thomas, H. S., Col. 1st Pa. Cav	
Tyler, Casper W., Lt. Col. 141st Pa. VMeadville, Pa.	
Todd, Louis H., 2d Lt. 10 th N. Y. V New York City.	
Tuft, R. H., Asst. Surg. 1st Pa. Cav Elkton, Md.	1870
Taylor, W. M., Maj. 8th Ill. Cav Ottawa, Ill.	
Thompson, Chas. W., 1st Lt. 39th Mass VBoston, Mass.	
*Tay, Chas. H., Col. 10th N. J. V	
Tobias, Joseph F., Major	
Tyler, Rockwell, Col. 56th N. Y. V	1071
*Turnbull, Chas. N., Col. EngBoston, Mass. Taylor, Herbert E., Sgt. 4th Vt. VBrattleboro, Vt.	1871
Thomas, Benj., 1st. Lt. & Q. M. 4th Mass. CavWaltham, Mass.	
Treichel, Chas., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 3d Pa. Cav Wannam, Mass.	
recorder, offices, plays as byte. Det. Ook ou Fas Out. Tell Tolk City.	

Tevis, Edwin L., 1st Lt. 6th Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	1871
Tobie, Edward P., Jr, Lt. 1st Me. Cav Providence, R. I.	
Tilton, W. S., Col & Byt. Brig. Gen. 22d Mass. Vol. Augusta, Me.	
Thompson, G. J., Capt. 2d Mass. VJamaica Plains, Mass.	
Tracey. A. S., Col. 2d Vt. V Middleboro, Vt.	
Tyler, E. B., Bvt. Maj. Gen Baltimore, Md.	1872
Taintor, Henry E., Lt. 1st Conn. H'vy Art'y Hartford. Conn.	1873
Thompson, W. Clinton, Brigade Surg. A. of P. Indianapolis, Ind.	1876
Thurston, Wm. T., Surg. 1st R I. Lt. Art'y Providence, R. I.	1877
Tabor, W. E., Capt. 10th R I Vol do	
Thornton, Jas. A., 1st Lt 1st R. I. Cav do	
*Titcomb, D. A., Capt. 7th N. H. VAmesbury, Mass.	
Tallman, Wm. H., 2d Lt. 1st R. I. Cav Somerset, Mass.	
Toerug, Emil, Pvt. 2d N. J	1878
Tanner, James, Corpl. 87th N. Y Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Turner, Wm. H., Lt. Col. 1st R. I Providence, R. I.	
Tyler, John, MajBuffalo, N. Y.	
Thompson, E. W., Lt. 12th MeLowell, Mass.	
Treadwell, Geo. H., Bvt. Maj. VAlbany, N. Y.	1879
Ten Eyck, J. II., Maj. 154th N. Y. V do	
Thomason, Capt. 14th N. Y. V	
Terrell, W. H., Lt. Col. 43d N. Y. VAlbany, N. Y.	
Turner, Henry E., Lt. Col. 1st N. Y. Art Lowville, N. Y.	
Toombs, Samuel, Private 13th N. J. V Orange, N. J.	
Tyler, Geo. O., Capt. 43d Mass Burlington, Vt.	1880
Taylor, Jno. C., Adjt. 1st Conn. H'y Art Hartford, Ct.	1881
Tourjee, J. H., 1st Lt. 2d R. 1East Greenwich, R. I.	200-
Taylor, A. G., Or. Sgt. 37th MassSpringfield, Mass.	
Twitchell, J. H., Chaplain 71st N. Y	
Tobin, Juo. M., Capt. 9th MassBoston, Mass.	
Underwood, A. B., Bvt. Maj. GenBoston, Mass.	1869
Upton, Emory, Bvt. Maj. Gen Washington, D. C.	
Urell, M. Emmet, 1st Lt. 82d N. Y. V., Bvt.	
Maj. V do	1879
Upson, L. A., Pvt. & Corporal 62d N. Y Thompsonville, Ct.	1881
Van Alen, J. H., Brig. GenNew York City.	1869
Vandelip, W. L., Byt. Maj. 44th N. Y. V Washington, D. C.	1000
Varney, George, Col. 2d Me. VBangor, Me.	
Van Houten, W. B., Adjt. 124th N. Y. V New York City.	
Vander Weyder, Henry, Bvt. Maj. & A. D. C. 65th	
N. Y. V	
Van Wyck, J. H., Capt. 162d N. Y. V do	
Van Blarcom, L., Capt. 15th N. J. VNewton, N. J.	
Van Vliet, S., Byt. Maj. Gen. & A. Q. M Washington, D. C.	
Van Schirach, F. C., Capt	1870
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.0

Von Slyck, D. B., Surg. 121st N. Y. V Burlington, N. J.	1870
Vallee, F, Lt. Col. 82d Pa. V Philadelphia, Pa.	
Vaughn, Benjamin, 1st Lt. 61st Mass. VBoston, Mass.	1871
Veazey, W. G., Col. 15th Vt. VRutland, Vt.	
Vignos, August. Maj. 107th Ohio V Canton, Ohio.	1872
*Von Steinwehr, A., Brig. Gen New Haven, Conn.	1873
Van Rensselaer, G. W., Sgt. 4th N. J. Bat Cleveland, O.	
Von Brakle, C. H., Bvt. Maj. Vols. 1st Lt. & Adjt.	
14th N. Y. V	1876
Viall, Nelson, Col. 2d R. I. V Providence, R. I.	
Vanderver, Albert, Surg. 66th N. Y. VAlbany, N. Y.	1879
Wilbur, R. H., Lt. Col. 102d N. Y. VOmaho, Neb.	1869
Wessells, H. W., Brig. GenNew York City.	
Wilson, Thomas, Bvt. Brig. Gen. & C. S Boston, Mass.	
Wright, Horatio G., Maj. GenNew York City.	
Webb, Frank, Capt. 40th N. Y. V do	
Wands, A. H., Bvt. Lt. Col. 36th U. S. Inf'y Albany, N. Y.	
White, A. L., Capt. 19th Me V New York City.	
Williams, H. C., Capt. 61st N. Y. V do	
Wood, Chas. B., Bvt. Maj. 124th N. Y. V Middletown, N. Y.	
Wood, James, Bvt. Maj. Gen Geneseo, N. Y.	
Woods, Anthony S., Maj. 10th N. Y. V New York City.	
Wilson, W. L., Adjt. 142d Pa. V	
Walmsley, R. G., Capt 1st N. Y. VNew York City.	
Wells, C. A., Maj. 1st N. Y. Vet. CavMiddletown, N. Y.	
Wooda'l, Daniel, Bvt. Brig. Gen. 1st Del. VWilmington, Del.	
Woodward, George, Capt. 40th N. Y. V New York City.	
Wilson Richard J., Lt. 24th N. J. VNew Hampton, N. Y.	1
Warner, George W., Maj. 170th N. Y. VNew York City.	
Webb, Alexander S., Bvt. Maj Gen do	
Wright, Edward H., Col. & A. D. CNewark, N. J.	
Wright, David F., Bvt. Maj 51st N. Y. V New York City.	
Weeks, Henry A., Col. 12th N. Y. V do	
Walker T. W., Capt. & Bvt. MajVineland, N. J.	
Weir, H. C., Bvt. Lt. Col & A. A. GSugar Loaf, N. Y.	
Whitehead, G. Irvine, 1st Lt. 6th Pa. Cav New York City.	
Wood, George. Capt. 23d Pa. V	
Ward, J. H. Hobart, Brig. Gen	
Watson, Robt. S , Capt. 38th N. Y. V do	1000
Wetherfil, J. M., Lt. Col. 82d Pa. V	1869
Wight, James A., 1st Sgt. 12th N. Y. V New York City.	
Walcott, W. H., Bvt. ColLonsdale, R. I. Whittemore, E. M., Capt. 17th U. S. Inf'yWashington, D. C.	
Walters, A. H., Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 118th Pa. V. Philadelphia, Pa.	
Wiley, D. D., Byt. Brig. Gen. & C. SWorcester, Mass.	1870
whey, D. D., Dvt. Dilg. Gen. & C. B Worcester, Mass.	1010

Waters, W. E , Asst. Surg. U. S. A Washington, D. C.	1870
Wilson, Charles Irving, Bvt. Maj. & Capt San Antonio, Texas.	
Ward, William, Lt. Col. 8th N. J. V Newark, N. J.	
Whittaker, E. W., Bvt. Brig. Gen. 1st Conn.	
Cav,	
Williams, A. S., Maj. GenDetroit, Mich.	
Wickersham, C. J., Lt. Col. 8th Pa. CavPhiladelphia, Pa.	•
Wilson, W. P., Major	
Warren, L. H., Gen	
Woodford, S. L., Byt. Brig. Gen Brooklyn, N. Y.	
Wildrick, A. C., Byt. Lt. Col.	
Wolfe, J. A., Surg. 29th Pa. VBaltimore, Md.	
Wagner, Louis, Byt. Brig. Gen. 88th PaPhiladelphia, Pa.	
Wright, Samuel J., Capt. & A. Q. M do	4084
Winsor, Henry, Jr., Capt. 6th Pa. Cav Boston, Mass.	1871
Whittier, C. A., Brig. Gen do	
Wilson, Chas. L., Lt. Col. Vol	
Whittemore, Chas. P., Capt. & Bvt. MajBoston, Mass.	
Wells, William, Brig. Gen. & Bvt. Maj. Gen. VBurlington, Vt.	
Wellington, E. W., Capt. 2d Mass. CavWorcester, Mass.	
Wilcox, C. W., Lt. 9th N. H. VMilford, Mass.	
Walker, Geo. M., Capt. 33d Mass. V Worcester, Mass.	
White, Julius, Bvt. Maj. Gen	
Wilcox, J. F., Capt. 14th V. R. C Ravenna, Ohio.	1872
Wade, James F., Maj. 9th U. S. Cav	
*Wilkins, W. B., 148th Pa. V	
Wilkins, Wm. D., Bvt. Lt. Col. & A. A. G Detroit, Mich.	
Wight, E. B., Maj. 24th Mich. Vol do	
Withington, W. H., Col. 17th Mich. VJackson, Mich.	
Waldron, Fred. H., 1st Conn. Art'y New Haven, Conn.	1873
Wright, Dexter R., Col. 15th Conn. V do	
Walker, Francis A., Bvt. Brig. Gen do	
Weller, J. C., 8th Mass. V	
Whittaker, Frederic, Bvt. Capt. 6th N. Y. Cav. Mt. Vernon, N. Y.	
*White, Nelson L., Lt. Col. 1st Conn. Art'y Danbury, Conn.	
Willcox, O. B., Maj. Gen. & Col. 12th Inf'y New York City.	
White, Daniel, Brig. Gen	1874
Wilson, Chas. H., Surg. 49th Pa. V	1011
White, Harry, Col. & Byt. Brig. Gen. 67th Pa. VolIndiana, Pa.	
Way, Alex. M., Maj. & Bvt. Col. 1st N. J. V. New Brunswick, N. J.	
Weidler, Milton, Lt. Col. 1st Pa. V	1976
Ward, G. S. Luttrell, Capt. 3d Pa. Cav New York City.	1876
Witherk, C. W., Byt. Capt. 93d Inf'y N. Y. V Troy, N. Y.	
Williams, F. G., 8th Pa. Cav	
Ward, Jos. R. C., Capt. I Co., 106th Pa. Vol do	

Walker, Mark, Capt. & Bvt. Maj. 214th Pa. V.	
U. S. A Washington, D. C.	1876
Weyman, B. Frank, Pvt. Bat'y F, Pa. Art'y Pittsburg, Pa.	
Winslow, Bradley, Col. & Bvt. Brig. Gen. 186th	
N. Y. V	
Waterman, Richard, Capt. R. I. Lt. Art'yProvidence, R. I.	1877
Wade, Wm. H., 1st Lt. 7th Mass. VPlainville, Mass.	
Webb, Wm. W., Capt. 7th R. I. Bat'yNo. Cambridge, Mass.	
Wood, Silas W., Pvt. 1st R. I. Lt. Art'y Hope Valley, R. I.	
Willis, Sam'l C., Jr., 1st Lt. 1st R. I. CavOxford, Mass.	
Wood, Albert, Surg. 1st Mass. Cav	
Wright, Samuel C., Sgt. Co. E, 29th Mass. V Boston, Mass.	1878
Whiting, Jos. S., 2d N. Y. CavJersey City, N. J.	
Wolcott, Jno. W., Capt. 1st Me. Art'yNew York City.	
Wagner, B. F., Sgt. Sig. Corps U. S. APhiladelphia, Pa.	
Welles, S. R., Surg. 61st N. Y. V	1879
Weaver, C. A., Pvt. 122d N. Y. VSyracuse, N. Y.	
Warner, J. M., Brig. Gen. Vols	
Watson, E. S., Lt. 27th N. Y. V	
Winne, Chas K., Asst. Surg. B. L. Col.	
U. S. A Fort Schuyler, N. Y. Harbor.	1880
Woodberry, H. E., Pvt. 3d Vt Burlington, Vt.	
Woodward, E. T., Surg. 14th Vt Brandon, Vt.	
Woodberry, N. A., Capt. 11th Vt. Art'y Burlington, Vt.	•
Wood, S. H., Sgt. 1st Vt. CavSt. Albans, Vt.	
Winthrop, Thos. F., Capt. 19th MassRouse's Point, N. Y.	
Wells, Edward, Pvt. 5th Vt Burlington, Vt.	
Winter, Wm., Honorary Member (Poet 1875, 1876). New York City.	
Wallace, Robert W., Maj. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 5th Mich.	
Cav Helena, Montana.	1881
William, L. H., Bat'y F, Ind. Pa. ArtPittsburg, Pa	
White, Jno. C., Capt, 10th & 11th U. S Fort Warren, Mass.	
Walcott, Alfred F., Capt. 21st Mass San Francisco, Cal.	
Welles, Thos. G., Lt. & Bvt. Lt. Col. 1st Lt. Cav Hartford, Conn.	
Whittelsey, F. W., Col. 1st Mich Middletown, Conn.	
Wooster, W. B, Col. 29th CtBirmingham, Ct.	
Yardley, Eldridge T., Bvt. Maj. & A. D. C., 1st Lt.	
Co. B, 4th Del. V	1869
Young, P. F., Capt. 107th Ohio V	
Yohn, Henry J., Sgt. 1st U. S. Cav Philadelphia, Pa.	1870
*Yorke, L. E., Pvt. 71st N. Y. V	1871
Young, Henry F., Capt. 26th Pa. VNewark, N. J.	1872
Yerkes, W. H., Corp. 51st Pa. V	1876
Young, Chas. L., Bvt. Lt. Col. 70th N. Y. Vols., Brig.	
Gen., Q. M. General Ohio	1880

The Army of the Potomac.

131

